SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Always follow safety instructions to prevent accidents and potential hazards from occurring.
- In this manual, safety messages are classified as follows:



Improper operation may result in serious personal injury or death.

Improper operation may result in slight to medium personal injury or property damage.

Throughout this manual we use the following two illustrations to make you aware of safety considerations:



Identifies potential hazards.

Read the message and follow the instructions carefully.



Identifies shock hazards.

Particular attention should be directed because dangerous voltage may be present.

- Keep operating instructions handy for quick reference.
- Read this manual carefully to maximize the performance of SV-iS5 series inverter and ensure its safe use.

WARNING

- Do not remove the cover while power is applied or the unit is in operation.
 - Otherwise, electric shock could occur.
- Do not run the inverter with the front cover removed.

Otherwise, you may get an electric shock due to high voltage terminals or charged capacitor exposure.

Do not remove the cover except for periodic inspections or wiring, even if the input power is not applied.

Otherwise, you may access the charged circuits and get an electric shock.

Wiring and periodic inspections should be performed at least 10 minutes after disconnecting the input power and after checking the DC link voltage is discharged with a meter (below DC 30V).

Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.

i

- Operate the switches with dry hands. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- Do not use the cable when its insulating tube is damaged. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- Do not subject the cables to scratches, excessive stress, heavy loads or pinching. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.

- Install the inverter on a non-flammable surface. Do not place flammable material nearby. Otherwise, fire could occur.
- Disconnect the input power if the inverter gets damaged. Otherwise, it could result in a secondary accident and fire.
- Do not touch the inverter while the input power is applied or after removed. It will remain hot for a couple of minutes.

Otherwise, you may get bodily injuries such as skin-burn or damage.

Llandle according to the weight of the product

Do not apply power to a damaged inverter or to an inverter with parts missing even if the installation is complete.

Otherwise, electric shock could occur.

Do not allow lint, paper, wood chips, dust, metallic chips or other foreign matter into the drive.

Otherwise, fire or accident could occur.

OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

(1)) Hand	lıng	and	ınst	al	la	tion
-----	--------	------	-----	------	----	----	------

ш	nancie according to the weight of the product.
	Do not stack the inverter boxes higher than the number recommended.
	Install according to instructions specified in this manual.
	Do not open the cover during delivery.
	Do not place heavy items on the inverter.
	Check the inverter mounting orientation is correct.
	Do not drop the inverter, or subject it to impact.
	Use the ground impedance of 100ohm or less for 200 V Class and 10ohm or less for 400V class.
	Take protective measures against ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) before touching the pcb for inspection or

installation.

☐ Use the inverter under the following environmental conditions:

	Ambient temperature	- 10 ~ 40 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ (non-freezing)
+-	Relative humidity	90% RH or less (non-condensing)
Environment	Storage temperature	- 20 ~ 65 °C
iivii	Location	Protected from corrosive gas, combustible gas, oil mist or dust
ш	Altitude,	Max. 1,000m above sea level, Max. 5.9m/sec ² (0.6G) or less
	Vibration	
	Atmospheric pressure	70 ~ 106 kPa

(2) Wiring

	The connection orientation of the output cables U, V, W to the motor will affect the direction of rotation of the motor.
	Incorrect terminal wiring could result in the equipment damage.
	Reversing the polarity (+/-) of the terminals could damage the inverter.
	Only authorized personnel familiar with LG inverter should perform wiring and inspections.
	Always install the inverter before wiring. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock or have bodily injury.
3) Tria	l run
	Check all parameters during operation. Changing parameter values might be required depending on the load. Always apply permissible range of voltage to the each terminal as indicated in this manual. Otherwise, it could lead to inverter damage.
4) Оре	eration precautions
	When the Auto restart function is selected, stay away from the equipment as a motor will restart suddenly after an alarm stop.
	The Stop key on the keypad is valid only when the appropriate function setting has been made. Prepare an emergency stop switch separately.
	If an alarm reset is made with the reference signal present, a sudden start will occur. Check that the reference signal is turned off in advance. Otherwise an accident could occur.
	Do not modify or alter anything inside the inverter.
	Motor might not be protected by electronic thermal function of inverter.
	Do not use a magnetic contactor on the inverter input for frequent starting/stopping of the inverter.
	Use a noise filter to reduce the effect of electromagnetic interference. Otherwise nearby electronic equipment may be affected.
	In case of input voltage unbalance, install AC reactor. Power Factor capacitors and generators may become

		overheated and damaged due to potential high frequency noise transmitted from inverter. Use an insulation-rectified motor or take measures to suppress the micro surge voltage when driving 400V
		class motor with inverter. A micro surge voltage attributable to wiring constant is generated at motor terminals, and may deteriorate insulation and damage motor.
		Before operating unit and prior to user programming, reset user parameters to default settings.
		Inverter can easily be set to high-speed operations, Verify capability of motor or machinery prior to operating unit.
		Stopping torque is not produced when using the DC-Break function. Install separate equipment when stopping torque is needed.
(5)	Fault	prevention precautions
		Provide a safety backup such as an emergency brake which will prevent the machine and equipment from hazardous conditions if the inverter fails.
(6)	Maint	renance, inspection and parts replacement
		Do not conduct a megger (insulation resistance) test on the control circuit of the inverter. Refer to Chapter 8 for periodic inspection (parts replacement).
(7)	Dispo	osal
		Handle the inverter as an industrial waste when disposing of it.
(8)	Gene	ral instructions

Many of the diagrams and drawings in this instruction manual show the inverter without a circuit breaker, a cover or partially open. Never run the inverter like this. Always place the cover with circuit breakers and follow this instruction manual when operating the inverter.

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USER SELECTION GUIDE (IS5 SPECIFICATIONS)

230V Class (1 ~ 30HP)

230V Class (1 ~ 30PP)											
Model Number (SV xxx iS5 - 2)		008	015	022	037	055	075	110	150	185	220
Motor	HP	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30
Rating ¹	kW	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22
	Capacity ² [kVA]	1.9	3.0	4.5	6.1	9.1	12.2	17.5	22.9	28.2	33.5
Output	FLA [A]	5	8	12	16	24	32	46	60	74	88
Ratings	Frequency	0 ~ 400 I	0 ~ 400 Hz (Sensorless Vector Control: 0 ~ 300Hz, Sensored Vector Control: 0 ~ 120 Hz)								
	Voltage	200 ~ 230 V ³									
Input	Voltage	3 Phase	200 ~ 230) V (± 10 °	%)						
Ratings	Frequency	50 ~ 60 I	Hz (±5 %)								
	Braking Circuit	On E	On Board On Board Optional (Braking Unit, Resistor)					sistor)			
Dynamic	Max. Braking Torque	100%		10	0%	150%					
Braking ⁴	Max. Continuous Baking Time	5 seconds		5 sec	5 seconds 15 seconds						
	Max. Duty	3 %	ED	2 %	2 % ED 5 % ED						
1	Weight [kg]		4.6	4.8	4.9	7.5	7.7	13.8	14.3	19.4	20

230V Class (40 ~ 75HP)

Model Number (SV xxx iS5 - 2)		300	370	450	550				
Motor	HP	40	50	60	75				
Rating ¹	kW	30	37	45	55				
	Capacity ² [kVA]	46	55	68	84				
Output	FLA [A]	122	146	180	220				
Ratings	Frequency	0 ~ 400 Hz (Sensorless Vector Control: 0 ~ 300Hz, Sensored Vector Control: 0 ~ 120 Hz)							
	Voltage	200 ~ 230 V ³							
Input	Voltage	3 Phase, 200 ~ 230 V (± 10 %)							
Ratings	Frequency	50 ~ 60 Hz (±5 %)							
	Braking Circuit	Optional (Braking Unit, Resistor)							
	Max. Braking	150%							
Dynamic	Torque								
Braking ⁴	Max. Continuous	15 cocondo							
	Baking Time	15 seconds							
	Max. Duty	10 % ED							
V	Veight [kg]	42	42	61	61				

¹ Indicates the maximum applicable capacity when using a 4-Pole LG motor.

 $^{^2}$ Rated capacity ($\!\sqrt{\ 3^* V^* I})$ is based on 220V for 200V class and 440V for 400V class.

³ Maximum output voltage will not be greater than the input voltage. Output voltage less than the input voltage may be programmed.

 $^{^4}$ 1~5 HP inverters have internal braking resistors as standard. 7.5~10 HP inverters utilize optional braking resistors.

460V Class (1 ~ 30HP)

Model Number (SV xxx iS5 - 4)		008	015	022	037	055	075	110	150	185	220
Motor	HP	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30
Rating ¹	kW	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22
	Capacity ² [kVA]	1.9	3.0	4.5	6.1	9.1	12.2	18.3	22.9	29.7	34.3
Output	FLA [A]	2.5	4	6	8	12	16	24	30	39	45
Ratings	Frequency	0 ~ 400 H	0 ~ 400 Hz (Sensorless Vector Control: 0 ~ 300Hz, Sensored Vector Control: 0 ~ 120 Hz)								
	Voltage	380 ~ 460 V ³									
Input	Voltage	3 Phase, 380 ~ 460 V (± 10 %)									
Ratings	Frequency	50 ~ 60 Hz (±5 %)									
	Braking Circuit	On B	Soard	On B	oard	Optional (Braking Unit, Resistor)					
	Max. Braking	100%		4000/			20/				
Dynamic	Torque			100%		150%					
Braking ⁴	Max. Continuous	-		5		45					
	Baking Time	5 sec	onas	5 sec	onas	15 seconds					
	Max. Duty	3 %	ED	2 % ED		5 % ED					
١	Weight [kg]	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.9	7.5	7.7	13.8	14.3	19.4	20

460V Class (40~100HP)

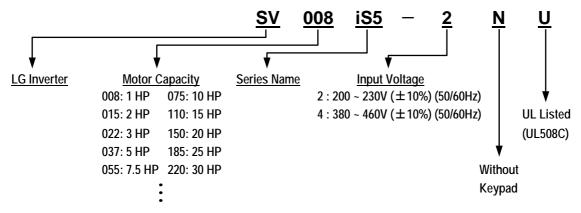
Model Number (SV xxx iS5 - 4)		300	370	450	550	750			
Motor	HP	40	50	60	75	100			
Rating ¹	kW	30	37	45	55	75			
	Capacity ² [kVA]	45	56	68	82	100			
Output	FLA [A]	61	75	91	110	152			
Ratings	Frequency	0 ~ 400 Hz (Sensorless Vector Control: 0 ~ 300Hz, Sensored Vector Control: 0 ~ 120 Hz)							
	Voltage	380 ~ 460 V ³							
Input	Voltage	3 Phase, 380 ~ 460 V (± 10 %)							
Ratings	Frequency	50 ~ 60 Hz (±5 %)							
	Braking Circuit	Optional (Braking Unit, Resistor)							
Dynamic	Max. Braking Torque	150%							
Braking ⁴	Max. Continuous Baking Time	15 seconds							
	Max. Duty	10 % ED							
,	Weight [kg]	45	45	63	63	68			

	Coi	ntrol Me	ethod	V/F Control, Sensorless Vector Control, Sensored Vector Control (Velocity, Torque) Selectable					
			Setting	Digital Reference: 0.01 Hz (Below 100 Hz), 0.1 Hz (Over 100 Hz)					
		Resolution		Analog Reference: 0.03 Hz / 60 Hz					
Ы			Accuracy	Digital: 0.01 % of Max. Output Frequency					
CONTRO		4		Analog: 0.1 % of Max. Output Frequency					
CO	V/F	Ratio		Linear, Squared Pattern, User V/F					
			Capacity	150 % of Rated Current for 1 Min., 200% of Rated Current for 0.5 sec. (Characteristic is Inversely					
			, ,	Proportional to Time)					
	Tor	que Bo	ost	Manual Torque Boost (0 ~ 15 %), Auto Torque Boost					
			tion Method	Key / Terminal / Communication Operation					
			ency Setting	Analog: 0 ~ 10V / 4 ~ 20mA / Additional port for Sub-Board (0 ~ 10V)					
		·	, ,	Digital: Keypad					
		Start S	Signal	Forward, Reverse					
	gnal	Multi-S	Step	Up to 8 Speeds can be Set (Use Multi-Function Terminal)					
	nput Signal	Multi S	Step Accel/Decel	0 ~ 6,000 sec, Up to 4 Types can be Set and Selected for Each Setting (Use Multi- Function					
	Inpu	Time		Terminal). Accel/Decel Pattern: Linear, U-Curve, S-Curve					
		Emerg	gency Stop	Interrupts the Output of Inverter					
OPERATION		Jog		Jog Operation					
.RA		Auto Operation		Operates from Internal Sequence by Setting Multi-Function Terminal (5 Way * 8 Step)					
OPE		Fault	Reset	Trip Status is Removed when Protection Function is Active					
		Opera	iting Status	Frequency Detection Level, Overload Alarm, Stalling, Over Voltage, Under Voltage, Inverter					
	nal			Overheating, Running, Stop, Constant Speed, Inverter By-Pass, Speed Searching, Auto-Operation					
	t Sig			Step, Auto-Operation Sequence					
	Output Signal	Fault	Output	Contact Output (30A, 30C, 30B) – AC250V 1A, DC30V 1A					
	○ Indicator		tor	Choose 1 from Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, DC Voltage, Output Torque					
				(Output Voltage: 0 ~ 10V)					
	Op	Operation Function		DC Braking, Frequency Limit, Frequency Jump, Second Function, Slip Compensation, Reverse					
				Rotation Prevention, Auto Restart, Inverter By-Pass, Auto-Tuning, PID Control					
ion	Inv	erter Tr	rip	Over Voltage, Under Voltage, Over Current, Fuse Open, Ground Fault, Inverter Overheating, Motor					
nncti				Overheating, Output Phase Open,					
tive Function				Overload Protection, External Fault 1, 2, Communication Error, Loss of Speed Command, Hardware					
ectiv	_			Fault, Option Fault etc.					
Protect	To Inverter Alarm			Stall Prevention, Overload Alarm, Temperature Sensor Fault					
Ë	Мо	mentar	y Power Loss	Auto Restart function activated when FU2-21 [Restart after fault reset] set to 1 (Yes)					
lay			Operation	Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, Frequency Value Setting, Operating Speed, DC					
Display	Key	ypad	Information	Voltage, Output Torque					
			Trip Information	Indicates a Fault when the Protection Function activates, Retains Up to 5 Faults					
nt			emperature	-10 °C ~ 40 °C (14 °F ~ 104 °F), CE Certification: 41 °F ~ 104 °F (5 °C ~ 40 °C)					
me			emperature	-20 °C ~ 65 °C (-4 °F ~ 149 °F)					
Environment			lumidity	Less Than 90 % RH Max. (Non-Condensing), CE Certification: 5 ~85% (Non-Condensing)					
Ē			/ibration	Below 1,000m or 3,300ft · Below 5.9m/sec ² (=0.6g)					
		plication		No Corrosive Gas, Combustible Gas, Oil Mist, or Dust					
Co	oling	Metho	d	Forced Air Cooling					

CHAPTER 1 - INSTALLATION

1.1 Inspection

- Inspect the inverter for any damage that may have occurred during shipping.
- Check the nameplate on the inverter. Verify the inverter unit is the correct one for the application. The numbering system for the inverter is as shown below.

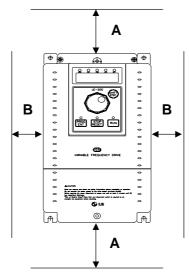


1.2 Environmental Conditions

- Verify ambient condition for the mounting location.
 - Ambient temperature should not be below 14°F (-10°C) or exceed 104°F (40°C).
 - Relative humidity should be less than 90% (non-condensing).
 - Altitude should be below 3,300ft (1,000m).
- Do not mount the inverter in direct sunlight and isolate it from excessive vibration.
- If the inverter is going to be installed in an environment with high probability of penetration of dust, it must be located inside watertight electrical boxes, in order to get the suitable IP degree.

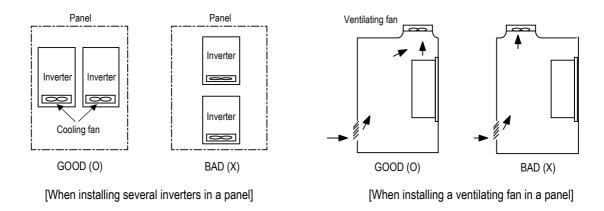
1.3 Mounting

The inverter must be mounted vertically with sufficient horizontal and vertical space between adjacent equipment (A= Over 100mm, B= Over 50mm). However, A= Over 500mm and B= 200mm should be obtained for inverters with 40Hp and above.



1.4 Other Precautions

- Do not carry the inverter by the front cover.
- Do not install the inverter in a location where excessive vibration is present. Be cautious when installing on presses or moving equipment.
- The life span of the inverter is greatly affected by the ambient temperature. Install in a location where temperature are within permissible limits (- $10 \sim 40 \, ^{\circ}$ C).
- The inverter operates at high-temperatures install on a non-combustible surface.
- Do not install the inverter in high-temperature or high-humidity locations.
- Do not install the inverter in a location where oil mist, combustible gas, or dust is present. Install the inverter in a clean location or in an enclosed panel, free of foreign substance.
- When installing the inverter inside a panel with multiple inverters or a ventilation fan, use caution.
 If installed incorrectly, the ambient temperature may exceed specified limits.



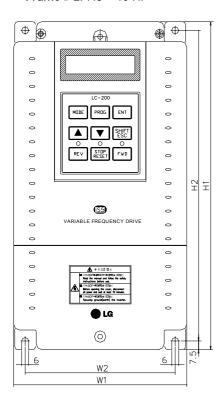
• Install the inverter using screws or bolts to insure the inverter is firmly fastened.

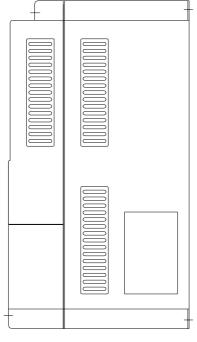
Chapter 1 - Installation

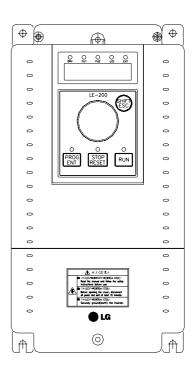
1.5 Dimensions

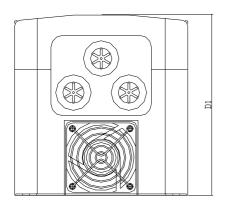
■ Frame # 1: 1 ~ 5 HP

■ Frame # 2: 7.5 ~ 10 HP







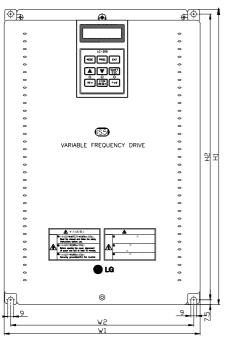


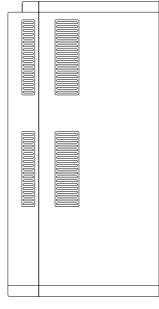
mm (inches)

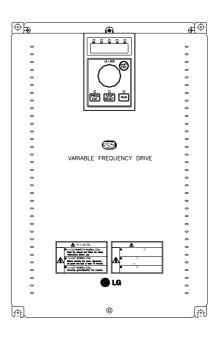
Frame	HP	Model Number	W1	W2	H1	H2	D1
	1	SV008iS5-2/4					
Frame # 1	2	SV015iS5-2/4	150	130	284	269	156.5
Frame # 1	3	SV022iS5-2/4	(5.91)	(5.12)	(11.18)	(10.69)	(6.16)
	5	SV037iS5-2/4					
Frame # 2	7.5	SV055iS5-2/4	200	180	355	340	182.5
Frame # 2	10	SV075iS5-2/4	(7.87)	(7.09)	(13.98)	(13.39)	(7.19)

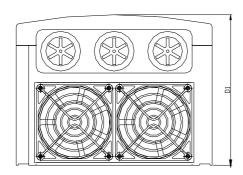
■ Frame # 3: 15 ~ 20 HP

■ Frame # 4: 25 ~ 30 HP





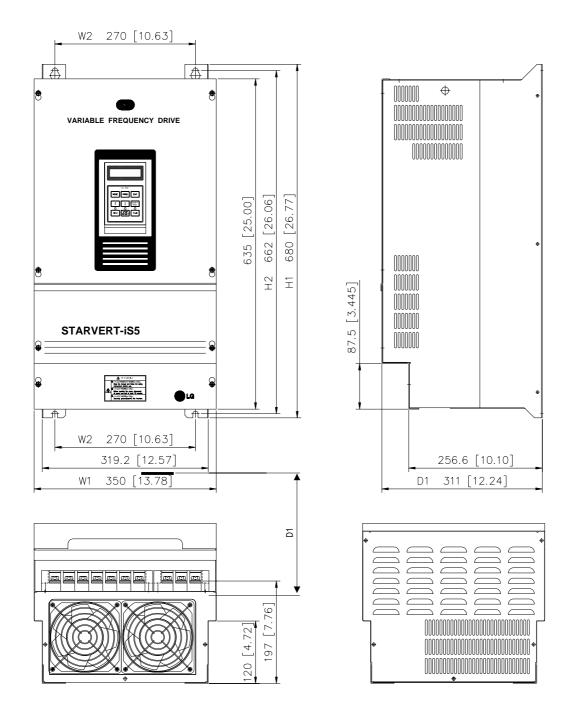




mm (inches)

Frame	HP	Model Number	W1	W2	H1	H2	D1
F	15	SV110iS5-2/4	250	230	385	370	201
Frame # 3	20	SV150iS5-2/4	(9.84)	(9.06)	(15.16)	(14.57)	(7.91)
Frame # 1	25	SV185iS5-2/4	304	284	460	445	234
Frame # 4	30	SV220iS5-2/4	(11.97)	(11.18)	(18.11)	(17.52)	(9.21)

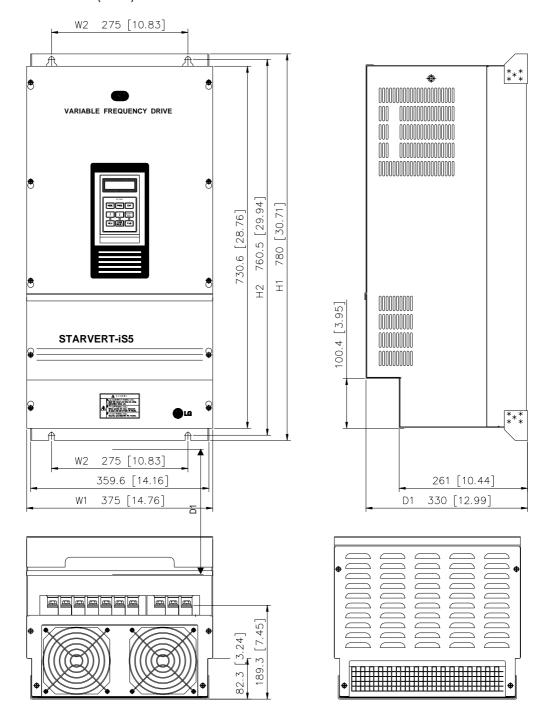
■ Frame # 5: 40~50HP



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1111111	(inches

Frame	HP	Model Number	W1	W2	H1	H2	D1
	40	SV300iS5-2/4	350	270	680	662	311
Frame # 5	50	SV370iS5-2/4	(13.78)	(10.63)	(28.77)	(26.06)	(12.25)

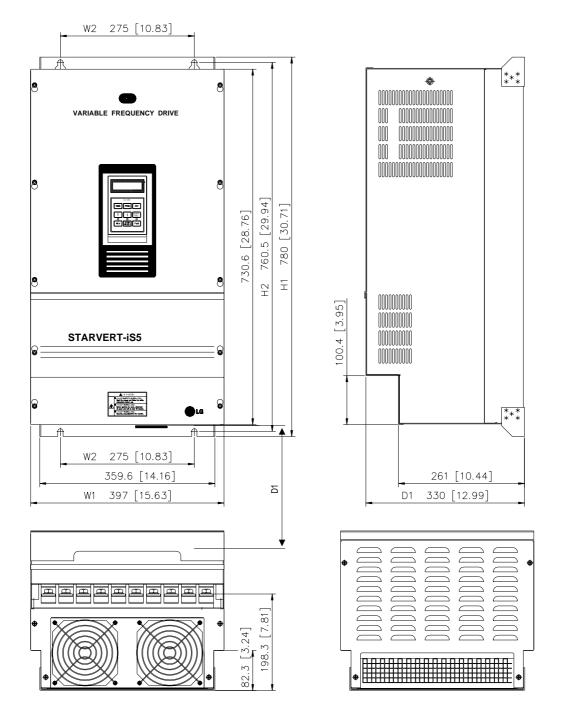
■ Frame # 6: 60~75HP(200V)



	/! L	1
mm	iincr	าคร
	, , , , , , ,	.00

Frame	HP	Model Number	W1	W2	H1	H2	D1
F # C	60	SV450iS5-2	397	275	780	760.5	330
Frame # 6	75	SV550iS5-2	(15.63)	(10.83)	(30.71)	(29.94)	(12.99)

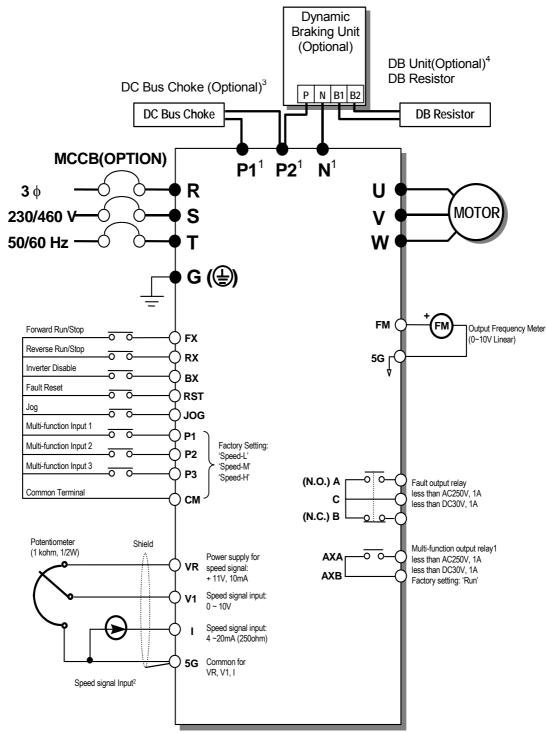
■ Frame # 7: 60~100HP (400V)



mm (inches)

Frame	HP	Model Number	W1	W2	H1	H2	D1
	60	SV450iS5-4	275	275	780	760.5	220
Frame # 7	75	SV550iS5-4	375	(10.83)	(30.71)	(29.94)	330
	100	SV750iS5-4	(14.76)	(10.03)	(30.71)	(29.94)	(12.99)

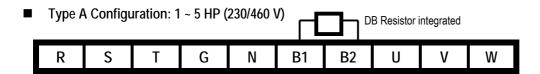
1.6 Basic Wiring



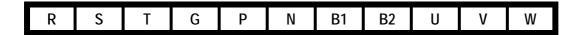
- Note)
 Main Circuit Terminals O Control Circuit Terminals.
 - The terminal configuration varies depend on the model number. Please refer to the '1.7 Power terminals'.

 - Analog speed command may be set by Voltage, Current or both. When installing the DC Reactor, the Common Busbar between P1 and P2 must be removed. $1\sim10$ HP inverters have on-board braking circuit. Braking resistors are only included for $1\sim5$ inverters. 15 ~ 30 HP inverters need optional braking unit and resistor for dynamic braking.

1.7 Power Terminals



■ Type B Configuration: 7.5 ~ 10 HP (230/460 V)



■ Type C Configuration: 15 ~ 30 HP (230/460 V)



■ 40~ 75 HP (230V), 40 ~ 100 HP (460V)

R	S	T	G	U	٧	W	P1	P2	N

^{*} Jumper should be removed to connect a DC reactor

Symbols	Functions	
R	AC Line Voltage Input	
S	(3 Phase, 200 ~ 230VAC or 380 ~ 460VAC)	
T	(31 hase, 200 250 vac of 500 400 vac)	
G	Earth Ground	
Р	Positive DC Bus Terminal DB Unit (P-P ⁵) Connection Terminals (DB Unit may be added when more braking duty (More than 30%ED) is required)	
P1	External DC Decetor (D1 D2) and DD Unit (D2 D5) Connection Terminals	
P2	External DC Reactor (P1-P2) and DB Unit (P2-P5) Connection Terminals	
N	Negative DC Bus Terminal DB Unit (N-N6) Connection Terminal	
B1	Dynamic Braking Resistor (B1-B2) Terminals for 1-10HP inverters	
B2	Dynamic Braking Resistor (B1-B2) Terminals for 1-10HF inverters	
U	3 Phase Power Output Terminals to Motor	
V	3 Phase Power Output Terminals to Motor (3 Phase, 200 ~ 230VAC or 380 ~ 460VAC)	
W	(3 Filase, 200 - 250 VAC 01 500 - 400 VAC)	

[&]quot;Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10,000 rms symmetrical amperes, 240 volts maximum for 230V class models and 480 volts maximum for 460V class models."

⁵ This P terminal is provided on optional Dynamic Braking Unit.

⁶ This N terminal is provided on optional Dynamic Braking Unit.

1.7.1 Type A Configuration

As standard on the iS5 inverter, this type of configuration has internal dynamic braking resistor of 3% ED. When an application requires more braking duty, an external dynamic braking resistor may be connected instead of the internal resistor.

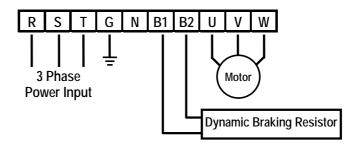


Figure 1 – Type A Dynamic Braking Resistor Installation

1.7.2 Type B Configuration

A Dynamic Braking Resistor or a Dynamic Braking Unit may be added to iS5 series inverters that have a Type B configuration power terminal strip. As standard, this type of configuration has in

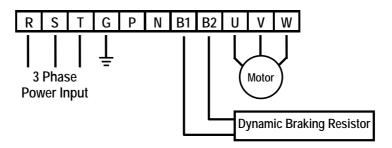


Figure 2 – Type B Dynamic Braking Resistor Installation

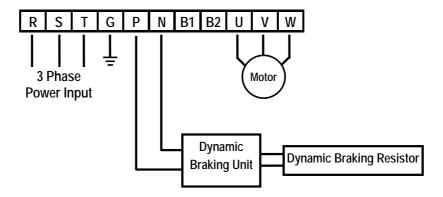


Figure 3 – Type B Additional Dynamic Braking Unit and Resistor Installation

1.7.3 Type C Configuration

A Dynamic Braking Unit or a DC Bus Choke or both of them may be added to iS5 series inverters that have a Type A Configuration power terminal strip.



Jumper Between P1 and P2 Must Be Removed In Order To Install a DC Bus Choke.

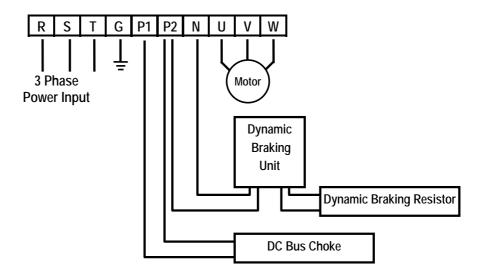
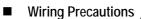


Figure 4 – Type C Dynamic Braking Unit, DC Bus Choke Installation

🕒 WARNING

Normal stray capacitance between the inverter chassis and the power devices inside the inverter and AC line can provide a high impedance shock hazard. Refrain from applying power to the inverter if the inverter frame (Power terminal G) is not grounded.

1.7.4 Wiring Power Terminals





- The internal circuits of the inverter will be damaged if the incoming power is connected and applied to output terminals (U, V, W).
- Use ring terminals with insulated caps when wiring the input power and motor wiring.
- Do not leave wire fragments inside the inverter. Wire fragments can cause faults, breakdowns, and malfunctions.
- For input and output, use wires with sufficient size to ensure voltage drop of less than 2%.
- Motor torque may drop of operating at low frequencies and a long wire run between inverter and motor.
- When more than one motor is connected to one inverter, total wire length should be less than 500m (1,640ft). Do not
 use a 3-wire cable for long distances. Due to increased leakage capacitance between wires, over-current protective
 feature may operate or equipment connected to the output side may malfunction.
- Connect only recommended braking resistor between the B1 and B2 terminals. Never short B1 and B2 terminals. Shorting terminals may cause internal damage to inverter.
- The main circuit of the inverter contains high frequency noise, and can hinder communication equipment near the inverter. To reduce noise, install line noise filters on the input side of the inverter.
- Do not use power factor capacitor, surge killers, or RFI filters on the output side of the inverter. Doing so may damage these components.
- Always check whether the LCD and the charge lamp for the power terminal are OFF before wiring terminals. The
 charge capacitor may hold high-voltage even after the power is disconnected. Use caution to prevent the possibility of
 personal injury.

■ Grounding



- The inverter is a high switching device, and leakage current may flow. Ground the inverter to avoid electrical shock. Use caution to prevent the possibility of personal injury.
- Connect only to the dedicated ground terminal of the inverter. Do not use the case or the chassis screw for grounding.
- The protective earth conductor must be the first one in being connected and the last one in being disconnected.
- As a minimum, grounding wire should meet the specifications listed below. Grounding wire should be as short as possible and should be connected to the ground point as near as possible to the inverter.

Invertor Consoity	Grounding wire Sizes, AWG (mm 2)					
Inverter Capacity	200V Class	400VClass				
Below 5 HP	12 (3.5)	14 (2)				
7.5 ~ 10 HP	10 (5.5)	12 (3.5)				
15 ~ 20 HP	6 (14)	8 (8)				
25 ~ 30 HP	4 (22)	6 (14)				
40 ~ 50 HP	4 (22)	6 (14)				
60 ~ 100 HP	2 (38)	4 (22)				

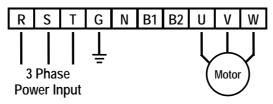
Wires and Terminal Lugs

Refer to the following table for wires, terminal lugs, and screws used to connect the inverter power input

(R, S, T) and output (U, V, W).

Inverter Capacity		To makin al	minal Screw Ring Terminals		orminala		Wi	re ⁸	
		Terminal Screw Size	Torque ⁷ (Kgf·cm)/lb-in	King i	erminais	mn	1^2	AWG	
			(rtgr siri)/is iri	R,S,T	U,V,W	R,S,T	U,V,W	R,S,T	U,V,W
	1 ~ 3 HP	M4	15 / 10	2-4	2-4	2	2	14	14
	5 HP	M4	15 / 10	2-4	2-4	3.5	3.5	12	12
	7.5 HP	M5	15 / 10	5.5-5	5.5-5	5.5	5.5	10	10
	10 HP	M5	15 / 10	14-5	8-5	14	8	6	8
200V	15 HP	M6	26 / 18	14-5	14-5	14	14	6	6
Class	20 HP	M6	26 / 18	22-6	22-6	22	22	4	4
	25 HP	M8	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	30	30	2	2
	30 HP	M8	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	38	30	2	2
	40-50HP	M8	45 / 31	60-8	60-8	60	60	1/0	1/0
	60-75HP	M10	65 / 44	100-10	100-10	100	100	4/0	4/0
	1 ~ 5 HP	M4	15 / 10	2-4	2-4	2	2	14	14
	7.5 HP	M5	15 / 10	5.5-5	5.5-5	3.5	2	12	14
	10 HP	M5	15 / 10	14-5	8-5	3.5	3.5	12	12
	15 HP	M6	26 / 18	14-5	14-5	5.5	5.5	10	10
400V	20 HP	M6	26 / 18	22-6	22-6	14	8	6	8
Class	25 HP	M8	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	14	8	6	8
	30 HP	M8	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	22	14	4	6
	40-50HP	M8	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	22	22	4	4
	60-75HP	M8	45 / 31	38-8	38-8	38	38	2	2
	100HP	M8	45 / 31	60-8	60-8	60	60	1/0	1/0

■ Power and Motor Connection





Power supply must be connected to the R, S, and T terminals.
Connecting it to the U, V, and W terminals causes internal damages to the inverter. Arranging the phase sequence is not necessary.



Motor should be connected to the U, V, and W terminals.

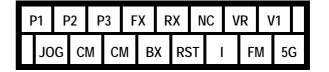
If the forward command (FX) is on, the motor should rotate counter clockwise when viewed from the load side of the motor. If the motor rotates in the reverse, switch the U and V terminals.

⁷ Apply the rated torque to terminal screws. Loose screws can cause of short circuit or malfunction. Tightening the screws too much can damage the terminals and cause a short circuit or malfunction.

⁸ Use copper wires only with 600V, 75℃ ratings.

1.8 Control Terminals





Ту	pe	Symbol	Name	Description
	ŀ	P1, P2, P3	Multi-Function Input 1, 2, 3	Used for Multi-Function Input Terminal. (Factory default is set to "Multi-Step Frequency 1, 2, 3".)
	əleci	FX	Forward Run Command	Forward Run When Closed and Stopped When Open.
	n Se	RX	Reverse Run Command	Reverse Run When Closed and Stopped When Open.
	Function	JOG	Jog Frequency Reference	Runs at Jog Frequency when the Jog Signal is ON. The Direction is set by the FX (or RX) Signal.
ŋnal	Starting Contact Function Select	ВХ	Emergency Stop	When the BX Signal is ON the Output of the Inverter is Turned Off. When Motor uses an Electrical Brake to Stop, BX is used to Turn Off the Output Signal. When BX Signal is OFF (Not Turned Off by Latching) and FX Signal (or RX Signal) is ON, Motor continues to Run.
Input signal	0,	RST	Fault Reset	Used for Fault Reset.
Inpu		CM	Sequence Common	Common Terminal for Contact Inputs.
		NC	-	Not Used.
	setting	VR	Frequency Setting Power (+12V)	Used as Power for Analog Frequency Setting. Maximum Output is +12V, 100mA.
	quency	V1	Frequency Reference (Voltage)	Used for 0-10V Input Frequency Reference. Input Resistance is 20 K Ω .
	Analog frequency setting	I	Frequency Reference (Current)	Used for 4-20mA Input Frequency Reference. Input Resistance is 250 Ω_{\odot}
	An	5G	Frequency Setting Common Terminal	Common Terminal for Analog Frequency Reference Signal and FM (For Monitoring).
	Analog	FM	Analog Output (0~12V) (For External Monitoring)	Outputs One of the Following: Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, DC Link Voltage, and Torque. Default is set to Output Frequency. Maximum Output Voltage and Output Current are 0-12V and 1mA, 500Hz.
Output signal	Contact	30A 30C 30B	Fault Contact Output	Activates when Protective Function is Operating. AC250V, 1A or less; DC30V, 1A or less. Fault: 30A-30C Closed (30B-30C Open) Normal: 30B-30C Closed (30A-30C Open)
)	AXA, AXC	Multi-Function Output Relay	Use After Defining Multi-Function Output Terminal. AC250V, 1A or less; DC30V, 1A or less.

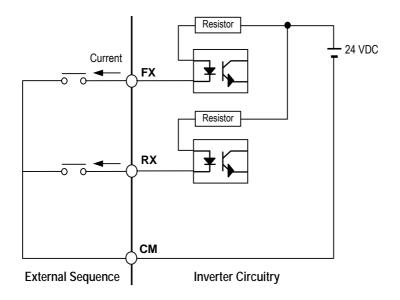
1.8.1 Wiring Control Terminals

Wiring Precautions

- CM and 5G terminals are insulated to each other. Do not connect these terminals with each other and do not connect
 these terminals to the power ground. Terminal 5G is indicated as CM from 30kW inverters and has the same potential
 as CM (Sequence Common Terminal).
- Use shielded wires or twisted wires for control circuit wiring, and separate these wires from the main power circuits and other high voltage circuits.
- It is recommended to use the cables of 1.25 mm² (22 AWG) for connection to the control circuit terminals.

Control Circuit Terminal

• The control input terminal of the control circuit is ON when the circuit is configured to the current flows out of the terminal, as shown in the following illustration. CM terminal is the common terminal for the contact input signals.

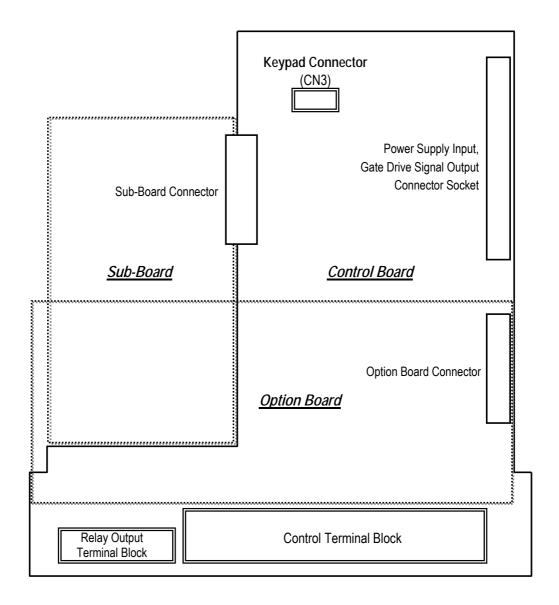




Do not apply voltage to any control input terminals (FX, RX, P1, P2, P3, JOG, BX, RST, CM).

1.8.2 Keypad Connection

Connect keypad to the keypad connector as illustrated below. The LCD output will not be displayed on the keypad if the keypad is not connected properly.



Chapter	1 –	Instal	lation
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Notes:

CHAPTER 2 - OPERATION

The iS5 series inverter has seven parameter groups separated according to their applications as indicated in the following table.

The iS5 series inverter provides two kinds of keypad. One is of 32-character alphanumeric LCD keypad and the other is of 7-Segment LED keypad.

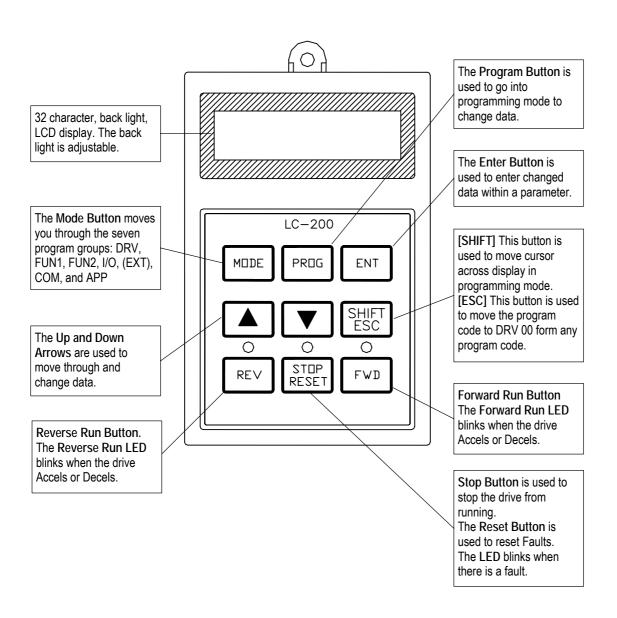
2.1 Parameter Groups

Parameter Group	LCD Keypad (Upper left Corner)	7-segment Keypad (LED is lit)	Description
Drive Group	DRV	'DRV' LED	Command Frequency, Accel/Decel Time etc. Basic Parameters
Function 1 Group	FU1	'FU1' LED	Max. Frequency, Amount of Torque Boost etc. Basic Related Parameters
Function 2 Group	FU2	'FU2' LED	Frequency Jumps, Max./Min. Frequency Limit etc. Basic Application Related Parameters
Input / Output Group	1/0	'I/O' LED	Multi-Function Terminal Setting, Auto Operation etc. Parameters needed for Sequence Operation
Sub-Board Group	EXT	'EXT' LED	Displayed when Sub-Board is Installed.
Option Group	СОМ	'I/O' + 'EXT' LED	Displayed when Option Board is Installed.
Application Group	APP	'FU2' + 'I/O' + 'EXT' LED	Traverse, MMC (Multi-Motor Control), Draw etc. Application Related Parameters

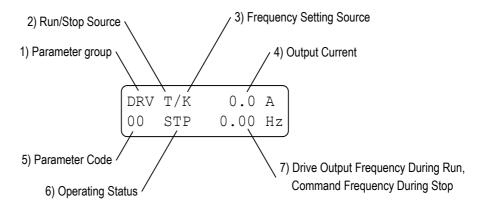
Refer to the function descriptions in chapter 6 for detailed description of each group.

2.2 LCD Keypad

LCD keypad can display up to 32 alphanumeric characters, and various settings can be checked directly from the display. The following is an illustration of the keypad.



2.2.1 LCD Keypad Display



Displays	Description
1) Parameter Group	Displays the parameter group. There are DRV, FU1, FU2, I/O, EXT, COM, APP groups.
2) Run/Stop Source	Displays the source of motor Run and Stop
	K: Run/Stop using FWD, REV buttons on keypad
	T: Run/Stop using control terminal input FX, RX
	O: Run/Stop via option board
3) Frequency Setting	Displays the source of command frequency setting
Source	K: Frequency setting using keypad
	V: Frequency setting using V1 (0 ~10V) or V1 + I terminal
	I: Frequency setting using I (4 ~ 20mA) terminal
	U: Up terminal input when Up/Down operation is selected
	D: Down terminal input when Up/Down operation is selected
	S: Stop status when Up/Down operation is selected
	O: Frequency setting via Option board
	X: Frequency setting via Sub board
	J: Jog terminal input
	1 ~ 8: Step frequency operation
	* During Auto operation, 2) and 3) display the 'sequence number/step'.
4) Output Current	Displays the Output Current during operation.
5) Parameter Code	Displays the code of a group. Use the ▲ (Up), ▼ (Down) key to move through 0~99 codes.
6) Operating Status	Displays the operation information.
	STP: Stop Status
	FWD: During Forward operation
	REV: During Reverse operation
	DCB: During DC Braking
	LOP: Loss of Reference from Option Board (DPRAM fault)
	LOR: Loss of Reference from Option Board (Communication network fault)
	LOV: Loss of Analog Frequency Reference (V1: 0~10V)
	LOI: Loss of Analog Frequency Reference (I: 4~20mA)
	LOS: Loss of Reference from Sub-Board
7) Drive Output Frequency	Displays the Output Frequency during run.
Command Frequency	Displays the Command Frequency during stop.

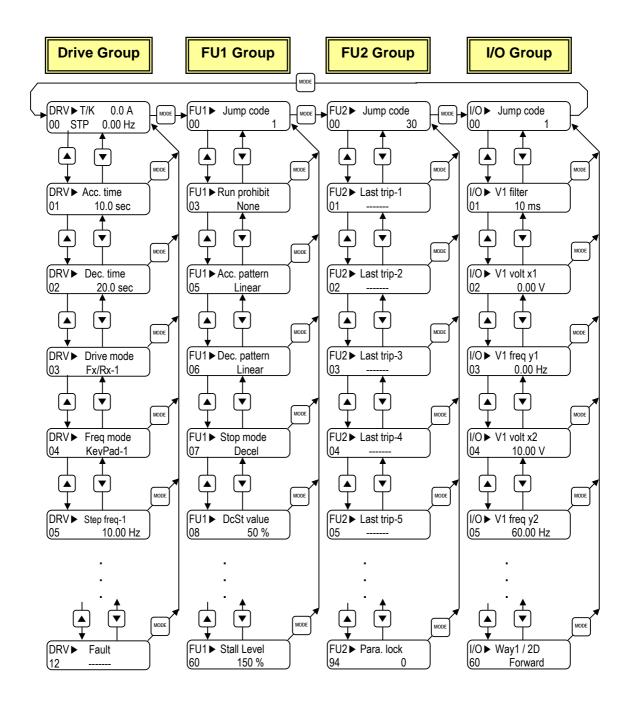
Chapter 2 - Operation

2.2.2 Procedure for Setting Data (LCD Keypad)

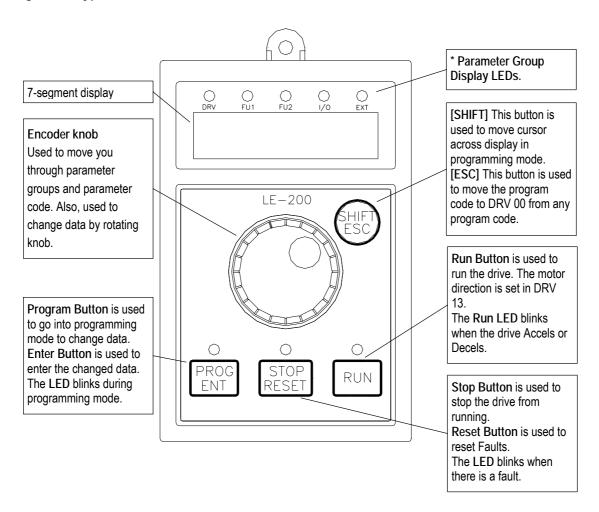
- 1. Press [MODE] key until the desired parameter group is displayed.
- 2. Press [▲] or [▼] keys to move to the desired parameter code. If you know the desired parameter code, you can set the code number of each parameter group in "Jump code", except DRV group.
- 3. Press [PROG] key to go into the programming mode, the cursor starts blinking.
- 4. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key to move the cursor to the desired digit.
- 5. Press [▲] or [▼] keys to change the data.
- 6. Press [ENT] key to enter the data. The cursor stops blinking.
- Note: Data cannot be changed when:
 - 1) The parameter is not adjustable during the inverter is running. (Refer to the function table in Chapter 5) or
 - 2) Parameter Lock function is activated in FU2-94 [Parameter Lock].

2.2.3 Parameter Navigation (LCD Keypad)

The parameter group moves directly to DRV group by pressing [SHIFT/ESC] key in any parameter code.



2.3 7-Segment Keypad

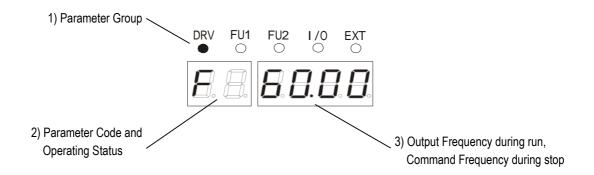


* Parameter Group Display LEDs – When parameter code is located on DRV 20, DRV 21, DRV 22 and DRV 23, respectively by

rotating the encoder knob, the parameter group display LEDs of DRV, FUN1, FUN2, I/O, EXT blink.

LED	Parameter Group	Description
DRV	Drive Group	Lit in Drive group.
FU1	FUNCTION 1 Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 20 [FUN1]. Lit when FUNCTION 1 group is selected.
FU2	FUNCTION 2 Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 21 [FUN2]. Lit when FUNCTION 2 group is selected.
I/O	Input/Output Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 22 [I/O]. Lit when Input/Output group is selected.
EXT	Sub-Board Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 23 [EXT]. Lit when Sub-Board group is selected. This group appears only when a Sub-Board is installed.
I/O + EXT	Option Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 24 [EXT]. Lit when Option group is selected. This group appears only when an Option Board is installed.
FU2 + I/O + EXT	Application Group	Blinks when the parameter code is located on DRV 25 [FUN2].

2.3.1 7-Segment Keypad Display



Display	Description
1) Parameter Group	Displays the parameter groups of DRV, FU1, FU2, I/O, EXT, COM, APP groups.
	Each LED is lit when its parameter group is selected and blinks when the parameter code is located on
	DRV 20, DRV 21, DRV 22, DRV 23, DRV 24, and DRV 25.
2) Parameter Code and	Displays the code of a group. Rotate the encoder knob to move through 0 ~ 99 codes.
Operating Status	Displays the operation information.
	[First digit]
	F: Forward operation
	r: Reverse operation
	[Second digit]
	d: DC Braking
	J: Jog Terminal Input
	1~8: Step Frequency Input (Displays the Step of the Auto operation)
	[Two digits] - mark the reference is lost.
	LP: Loss of Reference from the Option Board (DPRAM fault)
	Lr: Loss of Reference from the Option Board (Communication network fault)
	Lv: Loss of Analog Frequency Reference (V1: 0~10V)
	LI: Loss of Analog Frequency Reference (I: 4~20mA)
	LX: Loss of Reference from the Sub-Board
3) Output Frequency,	Displays the Output Frequency during run.
Command Frequency	Displays the Command Frequency during stop.

2.3.2 Procedure for Setting Data (7-Segment Keypad)

■ In DRV Group:

- 1. Rotate the encoder knob until the desired parameter code is displayed.
- 2. Press [PROG/ENT] key to go into the programming mode, then the display blinks.
- 3. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key to move the cursor to the desired digit.
- 4. Rotate the encoder knob to change the data.
- 5. Press [PROG/ENT] key to enter the changed data.

■ In FUN1 Group:

- 1. Rotate the encoder knob until parameter code '20' is displayed in drive group.
- 2. Press [PROG/ENT] key to go into the FUN1 group.
- 3. Rotate the encoder knob until the desired parameter code is displayed.
- 4. Press [PROG/ENT] key to go into the programming mode, then the display blinks.
- 5. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key to move the cursor to the desired digit.
- 6. Rotate the encoder knob to change the data.
- 7. Press [PROG/ENT] key to enter the changed data.

■ In FUN2 Group:

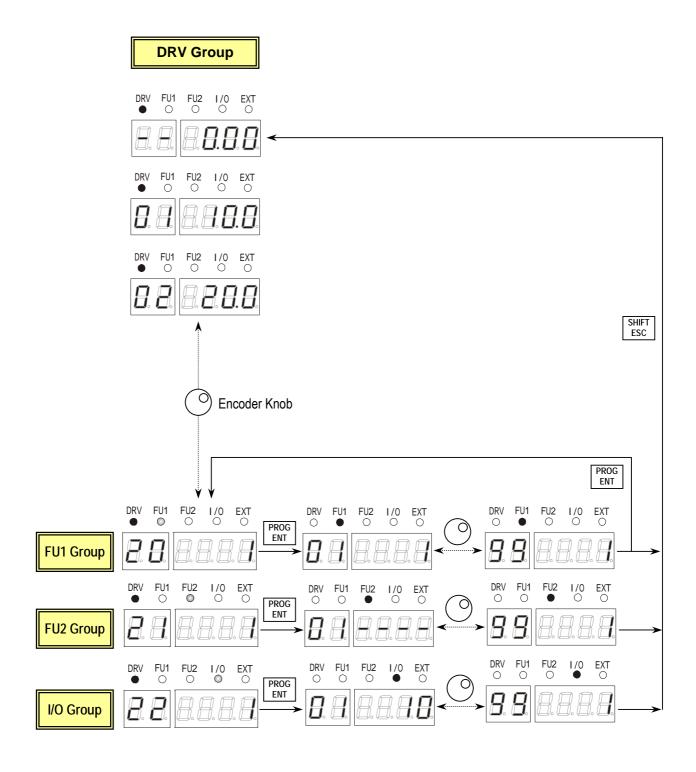
- 1. Rotate the encoder knob until parameter code '21' is displayed in drive group.
- 2. Go to step 2 of 'In FUN1 Group' above, and follow the rest procedure.

■ In I/O Group:

- 1. Rotate the encoder knob until parameter code '22' is displayed in drive group.
- 2. Go to step 2 of 'In FUN1 Group' above, and follow the rest procedure.

2.3.3 Parameter Navigation (7-Segment Keypad)

The parameter group moves directly to DRV group by pressing [SHIFT/ESC] key in any parameter code.



2.4 Operation Method

The iS5 has several operation methods as shown below.

Operation Method	Function	Function Setting
Operation using Keypad	Run/Stop command and frequency are set only through the	DRV 03: Keypad
	keypad.	DRV 04: Keypad-1 or -2
Operation using	Closing FX or RX terminal performs Run/Stop.	DRV 03: Fx/Rx-1 or -2
Control Terminals	Frequency reference is set through V1 or I or V1+I terminal.	DRV 04: V1 or I or V1+I
Operation using both	Run/Stop is performed by the keypad.	DRV 03: Keypad-1 or -2
Keypad and Control	Frequency reference is set through the V1 or I or V1+I	DRV 04: V1 or I or V1+I
Terminals	terminal.	
	Closing FX or RX terminal performs Run/Stop.	DRV 03: Fx/Rx-1 or -2
	Frequency reference is set through the keypad.	DRV 04: Keypad-1 or -2
Operation using	Operation using option board.	
Option Board	The iS5 has five option boards and three sub-boards.	
	Option Boards: RS485, Device-Net, F-Net, ProfiBus and	
	ModBus	
	Sub-Boards: Sub-A Board, Sub-B Board, Sub-C Board	
	(Please refer to 'Chapter 7 - Options' for more information.)	

2.5 Operating Example

2.5.1 Operation via Control terminal + Keypad

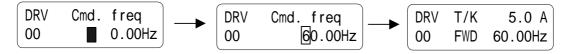
Setting: DRV-03 [Drive Mode (Run/Stop method)] = 1 (Fx/Rx-1)
DRV-04 [Frequency Mode (Freq. setting method)] = 0 (Keypad-1)

• With above setting, Freq setting via terminal & Run/Stop via Keypad disabled

1. Check the LCD display when Power ON. Otherwise, change the setting indicated above.

2. Turn the FX (or RX) terminal ON. Then FWD (or REV) LED will be lit.

3. When setting the Ref. Freq to 60 Hz using PROG/ENT/SHIFT, keys, motor will rotate at 60Hz. FWD (or REV) LED will be flickering during Acceleration/ Deceleration.



4. Turn Fx (or Rx) terminal Off. Then Stop LED will be flickering.

Note) To enable Run/Stop via keypad & Freq setting via control terminal...

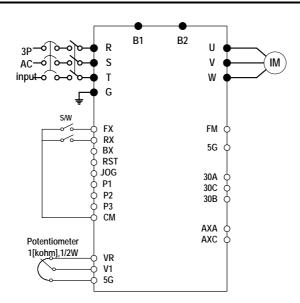
Setting: DRV-03 [Drive Mode (Run/Stop method)] = 0 (Keypad)

DRV-04 [Frequency Mode (Freq. setting method)] = 2 (V1)

ı	Operation Example (1)	Freq Setting via Keypad + Run/Stop via Terminal (FX/RX)
ı	LXaIIIPIE (1)	

[Operation condition]

- -. Control mode: V/F control
- -. Ref. Frequency: 50[Hz] setting via keypad
- -. Accel/Decel time: Accel 10 [Sec], Decel 20 [Sec]
- -. Drive mode: Run/Stop via FX/RX terminal



Step	Parameter setting	Code	Description
1	Control Mode Selection	FU2-39	Set it to 0 {V/F}.
2	Drive Mode	DRV-3	Set it to 1 Fx/Rx-1.
3	Frequency Mode	DRV-4	Set it to 0 Keypad-1.
4	50[Hz] freq command setting	DRV-0	Set freq command 50[Hz] via Keypad.
5	Accel/Decel time	DRV-2 DRV-3	Set Accel time to 10 [Sec] in DRV-2. Set Decel time to 20 [Sec] in DRV-3.
6	Terminal FX		Motor starts to rotate in Forward direction at 50Hz with Accel time 10 [sec] when FX terminal is turned ON. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25[sec] when FX terminal is turned OFF.
7	Terminal RX		When RX terminal is turned ON motor starts to rotate in Reverse direction at 50[Hz] with Accel time 10 [Hz]. When it is OFF, motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 20 [Sec].

2.5.2 Operation via Control Terminal

Setting: DRV-03 [Drive Mode (Run/Stop method)] = 1 (Fx/Rx-1)
DRV-04 [Frequency Mode (Freq. setting method)] = 2 (V1)

1. Check the LCD display when Power ON. Otherwise, change the setting indicated above.

DRV T/V 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz

2. Turn the FX (or RX) terminal ON. Then FWD (or REV) LED will be lit.

DRV T/V 0.0 A 00 FWD 0.00Hz

3. Set the frequency using V1 (Potentiometer). Output freq (60Hz)., Rotating direction (FWD or REV) and output current (5A) will be displayed on the LCD.

DRV T/V 5.0 A 00 FWD 60.00Hz

4. Output freq value is decreasing when turning the potentiometer counterclockwise. Inverter output stops at 0.00Hz and motor is stopped.

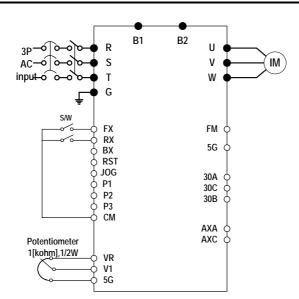
DRV T/V 0.0 A 00 FWD 0.00Hz

5. Turn FX (or RX) terminal OFF.

DRV T/V 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz

[Operation condition]

- -. Control mode: V/F control
- -. Reference Frequency: 50[Hz] analog input via V1 (Potentiometer)
- -. Accel/Decel time: Accel 10 [Sec], Decel 20 [Sec]
- -. Drive mode: Run/Stop via FX/RX terminal



Step	Parameter setting	Code	Description
1	Control Mode Selection	FU2-39	Set it to 0 {V/F}.
2	Drive Mode	DRV-3	Set it to 1 Fx/Rx-1.
3	Frequency Mode	DRV-4	Set it to 2 V1 Analog input.
4	50[Hz] freq command setting	DRV-0	Set freq command 50[Hz] via V1(potentiometer).
5	Accel/Decel time	DRV-2 DRV-3	Set Accel time to 10 [Sec] in DRV-2. Set Decel time to 20 [Sec] in DRV-3.
6	Terminal FX		Motor starts to rotate in Forward direction at 50Hz with Accel time 10 [sec] when FX terminal is turned ON. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 20[sec] when FX terminal is turned OFF.
7	Terminal RX		When RX terminal is turned ON motor starts to rotate in Reverse direction at 50[Hz] with Accel time 10 [Hz]. When it is OFF, motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 20 [Sec].

2.5.3 Operation via Keypad

Setting: DRV-03 [Drive Mode (Run/Stop method)] = 0 (Keypad)
DRV-04 [Frequency Mode (Freq. setting method)] = 0 (Keypad-1)

1. Check the LCD display when Power ON. Otherwise, change the setting indicated above.

DRV K/K 0.0 A 0.0 DRV STP 0.00Hz

2. Set the Ref. Freq to 60 Hz using PROG/ENT/SHIFT, A keys. Setting freq is displayed during stop.

DRV K/K 0.0 A 00 STP 60.00Hz

3. When pressing FWD/REV key, motor starts running and output freq and output current are displayed.

DRV K/K 5.0 A 00 FWD 60.00Hz

4. Press STOP/RESET key. Then motor decelerates to stop. Setting freq 60Hz is displayed.

DRV K/K 0.0 A 00 STP 60.00Hz

CHAPTER 3 - VARIOUS FUNCTION SETTING & DESCRIPTION

3.1 Function Setting

3.1.1 Basic function parameter setting

It is the basic function setting. All settings are factory defaults unless users make change. It is recommended to use factory setting value unless the parameter change is necessary.

1) Common parameter setting

The following table shows common parameter setting that should be checked before use but making change does not affect inverter control type.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Rated Motor Selection	FU2-30	Selects motor and voltage rating suitable to the desired inverter.
Parameters related to motor	FU2-31 ~ 36	Basic parameter value setting when selecting the motor rating. Note: If there is any discrepancy between parameter preset value and the actual motor parameter value, change the parameter value according to the actual motor.
Drive Mode	DRV-3	Operation via Keypad, Fx/Rx-1, Fx/Rx-2 setting
Frequency or Torque Mode	DRV-4	Frequency/Torque setting parameter It automatically changes to torque mode when FU2 39- [Control mode] is set to Sensorless_T, Vector_TRQ.
Accel/Decel time setting	DRV-1, DRV-2	Accel/Decel time setting

2) V/f control

FU2-39 [Control mode] is set to 0 (V/F) as factory setting. Operation via V/F control can be performed after common parameter settings are done and the followings are set.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Starting freq.	FU1-22	Set frequency to start the motor.
Torque boost	FU1-26	Manual or Auto torque boost settable in this parameter
Torque boost value	FU1-27, FU1-28	If FU1-26 [torque boost] is set to manual, user sets the desired value and the direction in code FU1-27 and 28.

3) V/F + PG control

If FU2-39 [control mode] is set to V/F with PG (encoder) feedback using SUB-B board, the control type is automatically changed to V/F + PG. The following parameters should be set accordingly to enable PG feedback using SUB-B board.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Usage of Pulse Input Signal	EXT-12	Defines the use of pulse input signal with SUB-B mounted. This parameter should be set to 1 {Feed-back}.
Pulse Input Signal Selection	EXT-15	Three types of input signal settable; (A+B), A, -(A+B)
Encoder Pulse Number	EXT-16	Defines the number of encoders of the motor.
P-Gain for 'Sub-B' I-Gain for 'Sub-B'	EXT-22, EXT-23	PI gains for PI controller during PG operation
Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' Board	EXT-24	Set as a percent of FU2-32 [Rated Motor Slip].

4) Slip compensation

Operation is done via Slip compensation if FU2-39 is set to 1 {Slip compen}. This control keeps motor speed constant regardless of load change.

5) Auto-tuning of motor constant

This parameter enables auto-tuning of the motor constants. If set to 1 {All mode}, tuning type varies according to what control mode is set in [FU2-39]. Auto-tuning can be done in two ways – one is motor non-rotation mode, the other is motor rotation mode.

- ① Auto-tuning by non-rotation mode: Rs+Lsigma
- ② Auto-tuning by rotation mode: All, Enc Test, Tr

Before performing Auto-tuning, set motor rating, motor parameter in common setting and select the desired control mode in FU2-39 [control mode selection]. However, when auto-tuning parameters related to encoder, detail functions settings of vector control should be pre-defined. If Enc Test, Tr and control mode are set to vector control, Sub-B board should be mounted.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Auto-tuning	FU2-40	No, All, Rs+Lsigma, Enc Test, Tr
Parameter value display	FU2-34, FU2-41 ~ 44	Tuned value monitoring (No-load current, stator/rotor resistance, leakage inductance, rotor filter time constant)

FU2-40	Description	
No	Motor constants calculation disabled.	
All	All constants can be measured in this code but different constants are tuned according to control mode; For V/F, Slip compen, Sensorless_S, Sensorless_T: (No-load current, stator resistance, leakage inductance, stator inductance available) Note: Only no-load current can be calculated during V/F and Slip compensation. For Vector_SPD, Vector_T: (No-load current, stator resistance, leakage inductance, stator inductance, encoder test, rotor filter time constant)	
Rs+Lsigma Calculates stator resistance, leakage inductance.		
Enc Test Calculates the encoder status.		
Tr	Calculates Rotor filter time constant.	

6) Sensorless vector control

Set FU2-39 to 2 {Sensorless_S} or 3 {Sensorless_T} to enable Sensorless vector control. It is strongly recommended to perform Auto-tuning for Sensorless before starting Sensorless control in order to maximize performance. Two types of Sensorless vector control are available; Sensorless_S or Sensorless_T.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Control mode selection	FU2-39	Select Sensorless_S or Sensorless_T.
P, I gain for sensorless control	FU2-45, FU2-46	Set gain for Sensorless_S control.
Starting freq	FU1-22	Starting freq of the motor

7) Vector control

Set FU2-39 to 4 {Vector_SPD} or 5 {Vector_TRQ} to enable Vector control. Encoder should be installed to the motor with Sub-B board in the inverter to start this control.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Usage of Pulse Input Signal	EXT-12	Defines the method of pulse input with SUB-B board mounted. Vector control setting is valid only after this parameter is set to 1 {Feed-back}.
Pulse Input Signal Selection	EXT-15	3 types of pulse input: (A+B), A, -(A+B)
Encoder Pulse Number	EXT-16	Enters the pulse number of encoder in the motor.

Before selecting Vector control mode, encoder setting should be done as indicated above. If the parameter value of actual motor is set in common setting, execute Auto-tuning before selecting vector control mode.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Control Mode Selection	FU2-39	Selects Vector_SPD or Vector_TRQ.
Forward/ Reverse Torque Limit	EXT-27, EXT-28	Sets the FWD/REV limit to the torque current.
P-Gain/ I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD	EXT-25, EXT-26	Sets P/I Gain for Vector_SPD control.
Speed Limit setting	EXT-50, EXT-51 EXT-52, EXT-53	Sets speed limit for Vector_TRQ.
Zero Speed Detection Level/ Bandwidth	EXT-54, EXT-55	Sets on/off of Multi-function output terminal relay when the motor speed reaches to 0.
Torque Detection Level/Bandwidth	EXT-56, EXT-57	Detects certain level/bandwidth of Torque.

3.1.2 Advanced function setting

SV-iS5 inverter features advanced function parameters to maximize efficiency and performance of the motor. It is recommended to use as factory setting unless parameter value change is necessary.

1) V/F control

Parameter Name	Code	Description		
V/F Pattern	FU1-29	Use it according to load characteristics. If User V/F is selected, user can select the optimum output V/F characteristic for the aplication and load characteristics in [FU1-30]~[FU1-37].		
Dwell operation	FU2-07 FU2-08	Used to output torque in an intended direction. Inverter stops acceleration for the preset [FU2-08] Dwell time while running at Dwell frequency [FU2-07] and starts acceleration at commanded frequency. Setting [FU2-08] Dwell time to 0 disable the Dwell operation.		
Frequency jump	FU2-10 FU2-11~16	When it is desired to avoid resonance attributable to the natural frequency of a mechanical system, these parameters allow resonant frequencis to be jumped. Up to three areas can be set, with the jump frequencies set to either the top or bottom point of each area. To enable the function, set [FU2-10] to 'Yes' and set the value in [FU2-11]~[FU2-16].		
S-curve Accel/Decel pattern	FU2-17/ FU2-18	This pattern has an effect on the prevention of cargo collapse on conveyor etc and reduction in an acceleration/ deceleration shock.		

2) Sensorless vector control

Related parameters for starting in Sensorless vector control when FU2-39 [Control Mode Selection] is set to 2 {Sensorless_S}

Status	Code	Description
When starting	FU1-14	Pre-excitation time setting
	I/O12~14 EXT2~4	Multi-function input terminal P1- P6 define

3) Vector control [Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ]

Related parameters for running/ stopping in **Vector control** when FU2-39 [Control Mode Selection] is set to 4 {Vector_SPD}

Status	Code	Description	
	FU1-14	Pre-excitation time setting	
When starting	I/O12~14 EXT2~4	Multi-function input terminal P1- P6 define	
Pre-excitation current	FU1-16	Pre-excitation current setting	
	FU1-15	Hold time at a stop setting	
When stopping	FU1-7	Stopping method selection	

This parameter can limit the over-speeding (motor running above limit level) of the motor when FU2-39 [Control mode] is set to 5 {Vector_TRQ}.

Parameter Name	Code	Description
Speed limit level / bias / gain	EXT-50 ~ EXT-53	Function to limit the speed and change reference torque value according to speed

4) Parameters to monitor motor and inverter status

Parameter Name	Code	Description		
Output current/ motor speed	DRV-8 ~ 9	Displays output current and motor rpm.		
DC link voltage	DRV-10	Displays DC link voltage.		
User display selection (Voltage and watt)	DRV-11 FU2-73	Either output voltage or power selected in FU2-73 is displayed in DRV11.		
Reference/ Feedback frequency display	DRV-15	Displays Reference/ Feedback frequency display.		
Fault display	DRV-14	Displays the current inverter fault.		

5) Parameter initialize

Parameter Name	Code	Description	
Software version	FU2-79	Displays the inverter software version.	
	FU2-91	[FU2-91], [FU2-92]: Copying parameters from other	
Parameter	FU2-92	inverter	
Read/Write/Initialize/Lock	FU2-93	[FU2-93]: Initializing parameters to factory setting values	
	FU2-94	[FU2-94]: Parameter write disabled	

Note: Motor parameters (FU2-31~37, FU2-41~44) are back to factory setting once Parameter Read/Writie is executed.

6) Protection & Trip level setting

Parameter Name	Code	Description	
Electronic thermal	FU1-50 FU1-51 FU1-52 FU1-53	Protection of the motor from overheating without the use external thermal relay. Refer to parameter descriptions fo more detail.	
Overload alarm and trip	FU1-54, FU1-55 FU1-56, FU1-57 FU1-58	Warning alarm outputs and displays the trip message when overcurrent above the threshold value keeps on.	
Stall prevention	FU1-59, FU1-60	Set the output current level at which the output freq will be adjusted to prevent the motor from stoping due to over-current etc. it activates during accel/ constant speed/ decel to prevent the motor stall.	

7) Starting / Accel/ Decel / Stopping pattern setting

Parameter Name	Code	Description		
Accel/Decel pattern	FU1-05 FU1-06	5 types of Accel/ Decel pattern: 'Linear', 'S-curve', 'U-curve', 'Minimum', 'Optimum' settable according to appplication and load characteristic. If 'S-curve' is selected the desired value of [FU2-17], [FU2-18] is settable.		
Stopping method	FU1-07	3 types of stopping method 'Decel', 'DC-brake', 'Free-run' selectable. If 'DC-brake' is selected, the desired value of [FU1-8]~ [FU1-11] is settable.		
Starting DC Injection Braking Voltage/ Time	FU1-12 FU1-13	The motor accelerates after the preset [FU1-12] for the preset [FU1-13] is applied. Starting DC injection braking is inactive when the value is set to 0 in control mode other than V/F and Slip compensation.		
Frequency Limit selection	FU1-23 FU1-24 FU1-25	Limits the active frequency. Inverter operates at the freq range between upper freq limit [FU1-25] and bottom freq limit [FU1-24] and higher/ lower freq value is entered, it is automatically replaced by limit value. Setting range: [FU1-20] Maximum freq to [FU1-21] Base freq.		
Dynamic braking	FU2-75 FU2-76	Select the DB resistor mode when the regenerative load. Is connected. Refer to DBU manual for more details.		

8) Operation-starting method

Parameter Name	Code	Code Description			
Starting method	FU2-20 FU2-21 FU2-26 FU2-27	Motor starting method: [FU2-20]: Power-on run, [FU2-21] Restart after Fault Reset, [FU2-26] Number of Auto Restart Attempt [FU2-27] Delay Time Before Auto Restart See parameter description for more details.			
Speed Search Selection	FU2-22 FU2-23 FU2-24 FU2-25	Speed search function is available during Accel, trip, instant power failure, restart after fault reset and auto restart. See parameter description for more details.			

3.1.3 Application function setting

1) PID operation

The inverter can be used to exercise process control, e.g. flow rate, air volume or pressure via PID feedback control.

Parameter Name	Code	Description	
PID control setting	FU2-41~ FU2-60	Parameters for PID control setting	

2) Jog and Multi-speed operation

Parameter Name	Code	Description		
Multi function input	I/O-12 ~14	If I/O-12 ~14 are set to Speed-H, Speed-M, Speed-L,		
terminal setting	EXT2 ~ 4	multi- speed operation up to speed 7 is available.		
Filter time constant for input terminal	I/O-17	Effective for eliminating noise in the freq. setting circuit		
Speed reference value	DRV-05 ~ 7 I/O-21 ~ I/O-24	Speed reference value for each step setting		
Accel/Decel time setting for each step	I/O-25 ~ 38	Accel/Decel time for each step setting		
Jog freq.	I/O-20	Jog freq for jog operation setting		

Speed-H	Speed-M	Speed-L	JOG	Speed Signal	Parameter value
0	0	0	0	Speed 0	DRV-00
X	Χ	Χ	1	Jog freq.	I/O-20
0	0	1	0	Speed -1	DRV-05
0	1	0	0	Speed –2	DRV-06
0	1	1	0	Speed –3	DRV-07
1	0	0	0	Speed –4	I/O-21
1	0	1	0	Speed –5	1/0-22
1	1	0	0	Speed –6	I/O-23
1	1	1	0	Speed –7	I/O-24

3) Auto sequence operation

If I/O-50 [Auto (Sequence) Operation selection] is set to 1 {Auto-A} or 2 {Auto-B}, up to 5 sequences can be set with max of 8 steps (speed) in each sequence. Therefore, max 40 operating steps can be made. Two different types of auto sequence (A, B) operation are available.

Parameter Name	Code	Description			
Auto operation setting	I/O-50 ~ 84	Sets 8 steps and 5 sequences (Max).			

4) 2nd motor operation

 2^{nd} function setting is required to run the two motors by one inverter by exchange. If the terminal defined for 2^{nd} function signal input is turned ON, 2^{nd} motor operation is valid.

Parameter Name	Code	Description			
Multi-function input	I/O-12 ~14	2 nd motor operation is available with Multi-function input			
terminals setting	EXT2 ~ 4	terminals P1 ~ P3 or P4 ~ 6 set to 7 {2 nd Func}.			
Parameter setting for	FU2-81 ~ FU2-90	Setting parameters necessary to operate 2 nd motor such			
2 nd motor operation	FUZ-01 ~ FUZ-90	as base freq., Accel/Decl time, Stall.			

5) Energy-saving operation

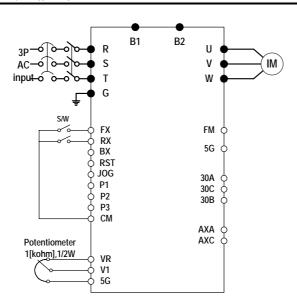
FU1-39 [Energy Save Level] tunes the inverter output voltage to minimize the inverter output voltage during during constant speed operation. Appropriate for energy-saving applications such as fan, pump and HVAC.

3.2 Operation Example

Operation Example (1) V/F Control + Analog Voltage Input (V1) + Operation via Terminal (FX/RX)

[Operation condition]

- -. Control mode: V/F control
- -. Frequency command: 50[Hz] analog input via V1 terminal
- -. Accel/Decel time: Accel 15 [Sec], Decel 25 [Sec]
- -. Drive mode: Run/Stop via FX/RX terminal



Step	Parameter setting	Code	Description
1	Control Mode Selection	FU2-39	Set it to 0 {V/F}.
2	Drive Mode	DRV-3	Set it to Fx/Rx-1.
3	Frequency Mode	DRV-4	Set V1 Analog input value in frequency mode.
4	50[Hz] freq command setting	DRV-0	Set freq command 50[Hz] via V1 (potentiometer).
5	Accel/Decel time	DRV-2 DRV-3	Set Accel time to 15 [Sec] in DRV-2. Set Decel time to 25 [Sec] in DRV-3.
6	Terminal FX		Motor starts to rotate in Forward direction at 50Hz with Accel time 15 [sec] when FX terminal is turned ON. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25[sec] when FX terminal is turned OFF.
7	Terminal RX		When RX terminal is turned ON motor starts to rotate in Reverse direction at 50[Hz] with Accel time 15 [Hz]. When it is OFF, motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25 [Sec].

Operation example (2)

(V/F + PG) Control + Operation (Run/Stop) via Keypad

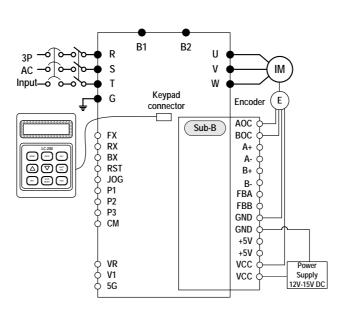
[Operation condition]

-. Control mode: V/F + PG control

-. Frequency command: 50[Hz] Digital input via Keypad

-. Accel time: 15[sec], Decel time: 25 [sec] -. Drive mode: Run/Stop via Keypad

-. Wiring block diagram when an Open Collector- type encoder is used.



Step	Parameter setting	Code	Description
1	Control Mode Selection	FU2-39	Set it to 0 {V/F}.
2	Drive mode	DRV-3	Set it to 0 {KeyPad}.
3	Frequency Mode	DRV-4	Set it to 0 {KeyPad-1}.
4	Digital Command Frequency setting	DRV-0	Press PROG key on the keypad to set 50 Hz
5	Accel/Decel time setting	DRV-2 DRV-3	Accel time: set DRV-2 to 15[sec] Decel time: set DRV-3 to 25[sec]
6	Sub-B board setting	EXT-12 EXT-15 EXT-16	Set EXT-12 [Usage of Pulse Input Signal] to 1 {Feed-back} and set EXT-15 and EXT-16 after checking encoder rating on the nameplate.
7	FWD Operation		Motor runs at 50[Hz] in forward direction with Accel time 15[sec] by PG control when pressing FWD key on the keypad. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25[sec] when pressing Stop key.
8	REV Operation		Motor runs at 50[Hz] in reverse direction with Accel time 15[sec] by PG control when pressing REV key on the keypad. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25[sec] when pressing Stop key.

Operation Example (3)	2 nd motor operation
Example (3)	•

[Operation condition]

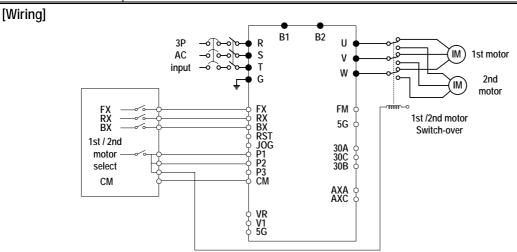
- -. Control mode: V/F control
- -. 1st motor + 2nd motor Operation by exchange using [2nd Func] (Values can be set differently)
- -. Frequency command: Using Multi-step operation

(1st motor --- 50[Hz] as main speed, 2nd motor --- 20[Hz] with P1 terminal set as multi- step operation)

-. Accel/Decel time: 1st motor --- Accel time: 15[Sec], Decel time: 25 [Sec]

2nd motor --- Accel time: 30[Sec], Decel time: 40 [Sec]

-. Drive mode: Run/Stop via FX/RX



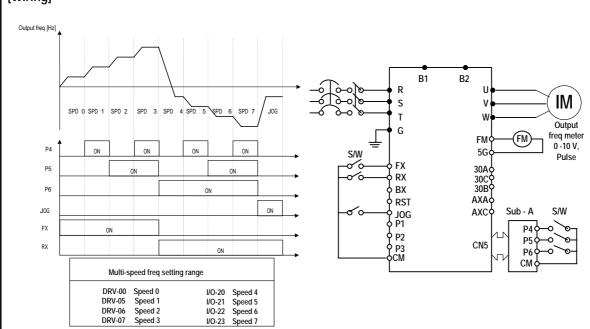
Step	Parameter setting	Code	Description
1	Control Mode Selection	FU2-39	Set it to 0 {V/F}.
2	Drive mode	DRV-3	Set it to Fx/Rx-1.
3	Frequency Mode setting	DRV-4	Set it to 0 {keypad-1}. 1st motor freq setting
4	Multi-function input terminal P2	I/O-13	Set P2 to 2nd Func.
5	Multi-function input terminal P1	I/O-12	Set P1 to Speed-L. 2 nd motor freq setting
6	Freq setting for 1st motor	DRV-0	Set it to 50[Hz].
7	Accel/Decel time setting for 1st motor	DRV-1, DRV-2	Set Accel/Decel time to 15[sec]/25[sec].
8	Freq setting for 2 nd motor	DRV-5	Set it to 10[Hz].
9	Accel/Decel time setting for 2 nd motor	FU2-81/82	Set Accel/Decel time to 30[sec]/50[sec].
10	1st motor operation		Set it as main motor by turning P1, P2, output relay OFF. Run the motor in FWD/REV direction using FX/RX terminal.
11	2 nd motor operation		Set 2 nd motor parameters by turning terminal P2 ON. Change the freq setting to 20[Hz] by turning terminal P1 ON. Change 2 nd motor terminal by turning output relay ON. Run the motor in FWD/REV direction by terminal FX/RX.

Operation Example (4)

Sensorless_S Control + Multi-speed operation + Analog output (FM)

[Operation condition]

- -. Control mode: Sensorless Speed control
- -. Frequency command: Multi-function input from SUB-A and 8 step speed operation (Multi-speed 7 + Jog freq 1)
- -. Accel time: 5 [Sec], Decel time: 5 [Sec]
- -. Drive mode: Run/Stop and speed output via terminal FX/RX

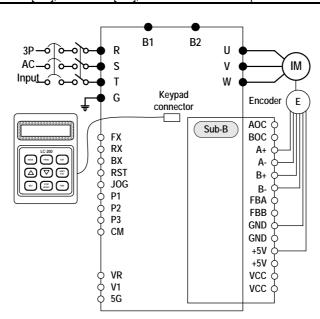


Step	Parameter setting	Code	Description
1	Control Mode Selection	FU2-39	Set it to Sensorless_S.
2	Drive mode	DRV-3	Set it to FX/RX-1.
3	Multi-function input	EXT-2 ~ 4	Set P3, P4, P5 to Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H.
4	FM (Frequency Meter) Output Selection	I/O-40	Set it to Frequency output.
5	FM Output Adjustment	I/O-41	Output V = 10V x output freq x output gain (ex100%) / (Max freq x 100)
6	Terminal FX		Motor runs in forward direction at the set freq via P3, 4, 5 if Fx terminal is ON. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 5 [sec] if FX terminal is OFF.
7	Terminal RX		Motor runs in reverse direction at the set freq via P3, 4, 5 if RX terminal is ON. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 5 [sec] if RX terminal is OFF.

Operation	Vector_SPD Control
Example (5)	Vector_5i b control

[Operation condition]

- -. Control Mode: Vector_SPD Control, -. Encoder specification: Pulse number (1024), Line Drive type
- -. Freq command: set 55[Hz] via KPD-1
- -. Accel/Decel time: Accel 15 [sec], Decel 25 [sec], -. Drive mode: Run/Stop via terminal FX/RX



Step	Parameter setting	Code	Description
1	Motor related setting	FU2-30 ~ FU2-36	Set motor capacity, pole number, rated voltage/ current/slip and efficiency.
2	Encoder related setting	EXT-12 EXT-15 EXT-16	Set EXT-12 to Feed-back, EXT-1 to A+B. Set EXT-16 to 1024.
3	Control Mode Selection	Fu2-39	Encoder related setting should be done before setting control mode to Vector_SPD.
4	Auto-tuning	FU2-40	Auto-tuning starts when set to ALL. Read the encoder manual carefully to clear the error if the messages " Enc Err", "Enc Rev" are displayed.
5	Keypad input setting	DRV-4 DRV-0	Set DRV-4 to KPD-1 and press the Prog key to set 55 [Hz] in Drv-0.
6	Accel/Decel time setting	DRV-2 DRV-3	Accel time: set 15[Sec] Decel time: set 25[Sec]
7	Drive mode	DRV-3	Set it to FX/RX-1.
8	FX/RX terminal		Motor runs with Accel time 15 [Sec] at 55 [Hz] if FX/RX terminal is turned ON. Motor decelerates to stop with Decel time 25 [Sec] if FX/RX terminal is turned OFF.

CHAPTER 4 - QUICK-START PROCEDURES

These Quick-Start Up instructions are for those applications where:

- The user wants to get the iS5 inverter started quickly.
- The factory-preset values are suitable for the user application.

The factory-preset values are shown on the 'Chapter 4 - Parameter List'. The iS5 inverter is configured to operate a motor at 60Hz (base frequency). If the application requires coordinated control with other controllers, it is recommended the user become familiar with all parameters and features of the inverter before applying AC power.

- 1. Mounting the inverter (mount the inverter as described in '1.3 Mounting')
 - Install in a clean, dry location.
 - Allow a sufficient clearance around top and sides of inverter.
 - The ambient temperature should not exceed 40°C (104°F).
 - If two or more inverters are installed in an enclosure, add additional cooling.
- 2. Wiring the inverter (connect wiring as described in '1.7 Power Terminals')
 - AC power should be turned OFF.
 - Verify the AC power matches the nameplate voltage.
 - Remove the screw on the bottom front cover of the inverter for terminal board access (For terminal board access
 on 15~ 30HP inverters you must disconnect the keypad cable from the inverter and fully remove the cover).

4.1 Operation using Keypad

1. Apply AC power.

- LCD: Press [▲] key three times.
 7-Seg: Rotate the encoder knob until '03' is displayed.
- LCD: Press [PROG] key.
 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- LCD: Press [▼] key one time.
 7-Seg: Rotate the encoder knob left.
- LCD: Press [PROG] key.
 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- 6. Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- LCD: Press [PROG] key.
 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- LCD: Press [SHIFT/ESC] key and press [▲] key to increase the command frequency.
 7-Seg: Rotate the encoder knob right to change the command frequency. The changing digit moves by pressing the [SHIFT/ESC] key.
- LCD: Press [ENT] key to save the data.
 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key to save the data.
- LCD: Press [FWD] or [REV] key to start motor.
 7-Seg: Press [RUN] key to start motor.
- 11. Press [STOP/RESET] key to stop motor.

LCD Display

DRV►T/K 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz

DRV▶ Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1

DRV► Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1

DRV► Drive mode 03 Keypad

DRV► Drive mode 03 Keypad

DRV►K/K 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz

DRV Cmd. freq 60.00Hz

DRV►K/K 0.0 A 00 STP 60.00Hz

The FWD or REV LED starts blinking.

The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.

7-Segment Display

The DRV LED is ON.

The DRV LED is turned ON.

3

The PROG/ENT LED turned ON.

The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.

8

F 000

The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.

The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.

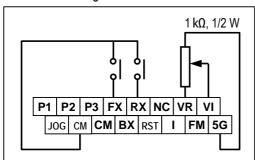


The RUN LED starts blinking. To change the motor running direction, change DRV 13 to '1'.

The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.

4.2 Operation using Control Terminals

 Install a potentiometer on terminals V1, VR, 5G and connect wiring as shown below.



- Apply AC power.
- 3. Confirm that the DRV 03 is set at 'Fx/Rx-1'.
- LCD: Press [▲] key to move DRV 04.
 7-Seg: Rotate encoder knob until '04' is displayed.
- LCD: Press [PROG] key.
 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- LCD: Press [▲] key and set at 'V1'.
 7-Seq: Rotate encoder knob and set at '2'.
- 7. LCD: Press [ENT] key. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- 8. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key.
- 9. Set the frequency by rotating the potentiometer.
- 10. Close the FX or RX contact to run the motor.
- 11. Open the FX or RX contact to stop the motor.

LCD Display

7-Segment Display

DRV►T/K 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz



The DRV LED is ON.

DRV► Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1



DRV► Freq mode 04 Keypad-1



DRV► Freq mode 04 Keypad-1



The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.

DRV Freq mode 04 V1



The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.

DRV Freq mode 04 V1



DRV▶T/V 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz



DRV►T/V 0.0 A 00 STP 60.00Hz



The FWD or REV LED starts blinking.

The RUN LED starts blinking.

The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.

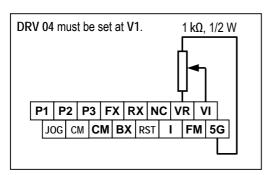
The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.

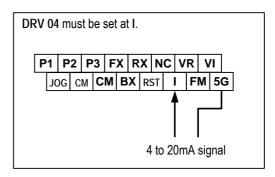
4.3 Operation using Keypad and Control Terminals

4.3.1 Frequency set by External Source and Run/Stop by Keypad

1. Install a potentiometer on terminals V1, VR, 5G and connect wiring as shown below left.

When a '4 to 20mA' current source is used as the frequency reference, use terminals I and 5G as shown below.





- Apply AC power.
- LCD: Press [▲] key to move DRV 03.
 7-Seg: Rotate encoder knob until '03' is displayed.
- LCD: Press [PROG] key.
 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- 5. LCD: Press [▲] key one time.7-Seg: Rotate encoder knob and set at '0'.
- LCD: Press [ENT] key.
 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.
- 7. Confirm that the DRV 04 is set at 'V1'.
- 8. Press [SHIFT/ESC] key.
 Set the frequency by rotating the potentiometer.
- LCD: Press [FWD] or [REV] key.
 7-Seg: Press [RUN] key.

DRV►T/K 0.0 A 00 STP 0.00Hz



DRV► Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1



DRV► Drive mode 03 Fx/Rx-1



The PROG/ENT LED is turned ON.

DRV► Drive mode 03 Keypad



DRV► Drive mode 03 Keypad



The PROG/ENT LED is turned OFF.

DRV Freq mode 04 V1



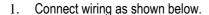
_ ____

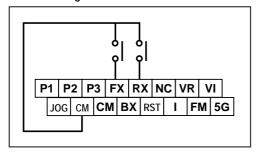




The FWD or REV LED starts blinking.

The RUN LED starts blinking. To change the motor running direction, change DRV 13 to '1'. 4.3.2 Frequency set by Keypad and Run/Stop by External Source.





LCD Display

7-Segment Display

Apply AC power.



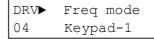


Confirm that the DRV 03 is set at 'Fx/Rx-1'.





Confirm that the DRV 04 is set at 'Keypad-1'.





Press [SHIFT/ESC] key.





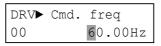
6. LCD: Press [PROG] key. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key.





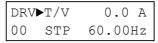
7. LCD: Set the frequency using [SHIFT/ESC] and [▲] key.

7-Seg: Set the frequency by rotating the encoder knob.





8. LCD: Press [ENT] key to save the data. 7-Seg: Press [PROG/ENT] key to save the data.





Close the FX or RX contact to run the motor.

The FWD or REV LED starts blinking. The RUN LED starts blinking.

10. Open the FX or RX contact to stop the motor.

The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking. The STOP/RESET LED starts blinking.

CHAPTER 5 - PARAMETER LIST

5.1 Drive Group [DRV]

On the	Description	Keypad Di	splay	Setting R	ange	Unit	Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	Adj. During Run Yes Yes No No	Page
DRV-00 ⁹	Command Frequency or Command Torque (Output Frequency/ Torque during motor run, Reference Frequency/ Torque during motor stop) Output Current (LCD)	Cmd. freq or Cmd. Trq	F or r (DRV-13)	0 to FU1-20 (N	Лах. freq)	0.01	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	81
DRV-01	Acceleration Time	Acc. time	01	0 to 600	00	0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	82
DRV-02	Deceleration Time	Dec. time	02	0 to 600	00	0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	83
	Drive Mode			Keypad	0				
DRV-03	(Run/Stop Method)	Drive mode	03	Fx/Rx-1	1	-	Fx/Rx-1	No	83
	(Tan/Otop Metriou)			Fx/Rx-2	2			Yes Yes No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
	Farmana Mada an			Keypad-1	0				
	Frequency Mode or Torque Mode (Frequency/Torque setting Method)	Freq mode or Torque mode	04	Keypad-2	1	- - -	Keypad-1		84
DRV-04				V1	2			No	
s				I	3				
				V1+I	4				
DRV-05	Step Frequency 1	Step freq-1	05	0 1- 5114	20		10.00 [Hz]	Yes	
DRV-06	Step Frequency 2	Step freq-2	06	0 to FU1 (0 to Max.		0.01	20.00 [Hz]		85
DRV-07	Step Frequency 3	Step freq-3	07	(U to iviax.	11 6 4)		30.00 [Hz]		
DRV-08	Output Current	Current	08	Load Current	in RMS	-	[A]	-	86
DRV-09	Motor Speed	Speed	09	Motor Speed	l in rpm	-	[rpm]	-	86
DRV-10	DC link Voltage	DC link Vtg	10	DC Link Voltage ir	nside inverter	-	[V]	-	86
DRV-11	User Display Selection	User disp	11	Selected in FU2-7	3 (User Disp)	-	-	-	86
DRV-12	Fault Display	Fault	12	-	-	-	None nOn	-	86
DRV-13	Motor Direction Set	Not displayed in LCD keypad	13	Not available	0 [Forward] 1 [reverse]	-	0	Yes	87
DRV-14	Target/Output Frequency Display	Tar/Out Freq.	14	-	-	-	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	87
DRV-15 ¹⁰	Reference/Feedback Frequency Display	Ref/Fbk Freq.	15	-	-	-	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	87
DRV-16	Speed Unit Selection	Hz/Rpm Disp	16	Hz disp Rpm disp	0 1	-	-	Yes	87
DRV-20	FU1 Group Selection	Not displayed in	20	Not available	Press	-	1	Yes	87
DRV-21	FU2 Group Selection	LCD keypad	21		[PROG/ENT]				87

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 $^{^9}$ The speed unit is changed to [%] when FU2-39 is set to 'Sensorless_T' or 'Vector_TRQ'.

 $^{^{\}rm 10}$ Code DRV-15 appears only when FU2-47 is set to 'Yes'.

Codo Decembrios		Keypad Display		Setting Ra		Factory	Adj.		
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
DRV-22	I/O Group Selection		22		key				87
DRV-23 ¹¹	EXT Group Selection		23						87
DRV-24	COM Group Selection		24			-	1	Yes	87
DRV-25	APP Group Selection		25			-	1	Yes	87

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¹¹ Code DRV-23 through DRV-24 appears only when a Sub-Board or an Option Board is installed.

5.2 Function 1 Group [FU1]

5.2 Function 1 Group [FU1]		I Keypad Display		0 111 - 5		_	ЬД		
Code	Description			Setting Range LCD 7-Segment		Units	Factory Default	During	Page
	·	LCD	7-Segment				Delduit	Run	
FU1-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	1 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	89
				None	0				
FU1-03	Run Prevention	Run Prev.	03	Forward Prev	1	-	None	No	89
				Reverse Prev	2				
				Linear	0				
				S-curve	1				
FU1-05	Acceleration Pattern	Acc. pattern	05	U-curve	2	-	Linear	No	89
				Minimum	3				
				Optimum	4				
				Linear	0				
				S-curve	1				
FU1-06	Deceleration Pattern	Dec. pattern	06	U-curve	2	-	Linear	No	89
				Minimum	3				
				Optimum	4				
				Decel	0				
FU1-07	Stop Mode	Stop mode	07	DC-brake	1	-	Decel	No	90
				Free-run	2				
FU1-08 ¹²	DC Injection Braking Frequency	DcBr freq	08	FU1-22 to 60 [Hz]		0.01	5.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-09	DC Injection Braking On-delay Time	DcBlk time	09	0 to 60 [s	ec]	0.01	0.1 [sec]	No	91
FU1-10	DC Injection Braking Voltage	DcBr value	10	0 to 200	[%]	1	50 [%]	No	91
FU1-11	DC Injection Braking Time	DcBr time	11	0 to 60 [s	sec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	No	
FU1-12	Starting DC Injection Braking Voltage	DcSt value	12	0 to 200	[%]	1	50 [%]	No	92
FU1-13	Starting DC Injection Braking Time	DcSt time	13	0 to 60 [s	sec]	0.1	0.0 [sec]	No	32
FU1-14	Pre-excitation Time	PreExTime	14	0 to 60 [s	sec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	No	92
FU1-15	Hold Time	Hold Time	15	0 to 1000	[ms]	1	1000 [ms]	No	93
FU1-16	Pre-excitation Current	Flux Force	16	100 to 500) [%]	0.1	100.0 [%]	No	93
FU1-20	Maximum Frequency	Max freq	20	40 to 400 [Hz]		0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-21	Base Frequency	Base freq	21	30 to FU1	-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	93
FU1-22	Starting Frequency	Start freq	22	0.01 to 10	[Hz]	0.01	0.50 [Hz]	No	
FU1-23	Frequency Limit selection	Freq limit	23	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	0.4
FU1-24 ¹³	Low Limit Frequency	F-limit Lo	24	0 to FU1	-25	0.01	0.50 [Hz]	Yes	94
FU1-25	High Limit Frequency	F-limit Hi	25	FU1-24 to F	U1-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	<u></u>

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 $^{^{\}rm 12}$ Code FU1-08 through FU1-11 appears only when FU1-07 is set to 'DC-Brake'.

 $^{^{\}rm 13}$ Code FU1-24 through FU1-25 appears only when FU1-23 is set to 'Yes'.

0.1	December 11	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange	11	Factory	Adj.	D
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD 7-Segment		Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU1-26	Manual/Auto Torque Boost Selection	Torque boost	26	Manual Auto	0 1	-	Manual	No	
FU1-27	Torque Boost in Forward Direction	Fwd boost	27	0 to 15 [%]		0.1	2.0 [%]	No	94
FU1-28	Torque Boost in Reverse Direction	Rev boost	28	0 to 15 [[%]	0.1	2.0 [%]	No	
FU1-29	Volts/Hz Pattern	V/F pattern	29	Linear Square User V/F	0 1 2	-	Linear	No	95
FU1-30 ¹⁴	User V/F – Frequency 1	User freq 1	30	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-31	User V/F – Voltage 1	User volt 1	31	0 to 100	[%]	1	25 [%]	No	
FU1-32	User V/F – Frequency 2	User freq 2	32	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	30.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-33	User V/F – Voltage 2	User volt 2	33	0 to 100	[%]	1	50 [%]	No	
FU1-34	User V/F – Frequency 3	User freq 3	34	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	45.00 [Hz]	No	96
FU1-35	User V/F – Voltage 3	User volt 3	35	0 to 100	[%]	1	75 [%]	No	
FU1-36	User V/F – Frequency 4	User freq 4	36	0 to FU1		0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	
FU1-37	User V/F – Voltage 4	User volt 4	37	0 to 100 [%]		1	100 [%]	No	
FU1-38	Output Voltage Adjustment	Volt control	38	40 to 110 [%]		0.1	100.0 [%]	No	97
FU1-39	Energy Save Level	Energy save	39	0 to 30 [[%]	1	0 [%]	Yes	97
FU1-50	Electronic Thermal Selection	ETH select	50	No Yes	0	-	No	Yes	
FU1-51 ¹⁵	Electronic Thermal Level for 1 Minute	ETH 1 min	51	FU1-52 to 2	00 [%]	1	180 [%]	Yes	
FU1-52	Electronic Thermal Level for Continuous	ETH cont	52	50 to FU1	1-51	1	120 [%]	Yes	97
FU1-53	Electronic Thermal Characteristic Selection (Motor Type)	Motor type	53	Self-cool Forced-cool	0	-	Self-cool	Yes	
FU1-54	Overload Warning Level	OL level	54	30 to 150	[%]	1	150 [%]	Yes	
FU1-55	Overload Warning Hold Time	OL time	55	0 to 30 [s		0.1	10.0 [sec]	Yes	98
FU1-56	Overload Trip Selection	OLT select	56	No Yes	0	-	Yes	Yes	00
FU1-57	Overload Trip Level	OLT level	57	30 to 150 [%]		1	180 [%]	Yes	99
FU1-58	Overload Trip Delay Time	OLT time	58	0 to 60 [s		1	60.0 [sec]	Yes	
FU1-59	Stall Prevention Mode Selection	Stall prev.	59	000 to 1 (Bit Se	11	bit	000	No	99
FU1-60	Stall Prevention Level	Stall level	60	30 to 250	[%]	1	180 [%]	No	
FU1-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	1	-	1	-	100

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 $^{^{14}}$ Code FU1-30 through FU1-37 appears only when FU1-29 is set to 'User V/F'.

 $^{^{\}rm 15}$ Code FU1-51 through FU1-53 appears only when FU1-50 is set to 'Yes'.

5.3 Function 2 Group [FU2]

0.1	5	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-00	Jump to desired code #	Jump code	Not displayed	1 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	101
FU2-01	Previous Fault History 1	Last trip-1	01						
FU2-02	Previous Fault History 2	Last trip-2	02	By pressing [PROG					
FU2-03	Previous Fault History 3	Last trip-3	03	the frequency, current, and		-	None	-	
FU2-04	Previous Fault History 4	Last trip-4	04	operational status at					101
FU2-05	Previous Fault History 5	Last trip-5	05	can be se	een.				
FU2-06	Erase Fault History	Erase trips	06	No Yes	0	ı	No	Yes	
FU2-07	Dwell Frequency	Dwell freq	07	FU1-22 to F	U1-20	0.01	5.00 [Hz]	No	400
FU2-08	Dwell Time	Dwell time	08	0 to 10 [s	sec]	0.1	0.0 [sec]	No	102
FU2-10	Frequency Jump Selection	Jump freq	10	No Yes	0	-	No	No	
FU2-11 ¹⁶	Jump Frequency 1 Low	Jump lo 1	11	0 to FU2	-12	0.01	10.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-12	Jump Frequency 1 High	Jump Hi 1	12	FU2-11 to F	U1-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-13	Jump Frequency 2 Low	Jump lo 2	13	0 to FU2	-14	0.01	20.00 [Hz]	Yes	102
FU2-14	Jump Frequency 2 High	Jump Hi 2	14	FU2-13 to F	U1-20	0.01	25.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-15	Jump Frequency 3 Low	Jump lo 3	15	0 to FU2		0.01	30.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-16	Jump Frequency 3 High	Jump Hi 3	16	FU2-15 to F		0.01	35.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-17	Start Curve for S-Curve Accel/Dedel Pattern	Start Curve	17	0 to 100		1	40%	No	103
FU2-18	End Curve for S-Curve Accel/Dedel Pattern	End Curve	18	0 to 100	[%]	1	40%	No	103
FU2-19	Input/Output Phase Loss Protection	Trip select	19	00 to 1 (Bit Se		-	00	Yes	103
FU2-20	Power ON Start Selection	Power-on run	20	No Yes	0 1	1	No	Yes	103
FU2-21	Restart after Fault Reset	RST restart	21	No Yes	0 1	1	No	Yes	104
FU2-22	Speed Search Selection	Speed Search	22	0000 to 1 (Bit Se		-	0000	No	
FU2-23	Current Limit Level During Speed Search	SS Sup-Curr	23	80 to 200 [%]		1	150 [%]	Yes	104
FU2-24	P Gain During Speed Search	SS P-gain	24	0 to 999	99	1	100	Yes	104
FU2-25	I Gain During speed search	SS I-gain	25	0 to 999	99	1	200	Yes	
FU2-26	Number of Auto Restart Attempt	Retry number	26	0 to 10)	1	0	Yes	105

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 $^{^{\}rm 16}$ Code FU2-11 through FU2-16 appears only when FU2-10 is set to 'Yes'.

		Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-27	Delay Time Before Auto Restart	Retry Delay	27	0 to 60 [s	sec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	Yes	105
FU2-28	Speed Search Hold Time	SS blk time	28	0 to 60 [s	ec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	No	106
FU2-30	Rated Motor Selection	Motor select	30	0.75kW 1.5kW 2.2kW 3.7kW 5.5kW 7.5kW 11.0kW 15.0kW 18.5kW 22.0kW 30.0 kW 37.0 kW 45.0 kW	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		17	No	106
FU2-31	Number of Motor Poles	Pole number	31	2 to 12	-	1	4	No	106
FU2-32	Rated Motor Slip	Rated-Slip	32	0 t o10 [0.01		No	106
FU2-33	Rated Motor Current (RMS)	Rated-Curr	33	1 to 200		1		No	106
FU2-34	No Load Motor Current (RMS)	Noload-Curr	34	0.5 to 200) [A]	1	18	No	106
FU2-35	Motor Rated Voltage	Motor Volt	35	180460	[V]			No	106
FU2-36	Motor Efficiency	Efficiency	36	70 to 100	[%]	1		No	106
FU2-37	Load Inertia	Inertia rate	37	0 to 1		1	0	No	106
FU2-38	Carrier Frequency	Carrier freq	38	1 to 15 [k	Hz]	1	5 [kHz]	Yes	107
FU2-39	Control Mode Selection	Control mode	40	V/F Slip comp Sensorless_S Sensorless_T Vector_SPD Vector_TRQ	0 1 2 3 4 5	-	V/F	No	108
FU2-40	Auto Tuning	Auto tuning	41	No All Rs + Lsigma Enc Test Tr	0 1 2 3 4	-	No	No	110

¹⁷ The rated motor is automatically set according to the inverter model name. If different, set the motor capacity connected.

¹⁸ This value is automatically entered according to the rated motor set in FU2-30. If different, set the correct value of the motor.

Chapter 5 - Parameter List

0.1	5	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD 7-Segment		Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-41 ¹⁹	Stator Resistance of Motor	Rs	42	0 to (depend on F	U2-30) [ohm]	0.001		No	
FU2-42	Leakage Inductance of Motor	Lsigma	44	0 to (depend on F	U2-30) [mH]	0.001	20	No	
FU2-43	Stator Inductance of Motor	Ls	43	0 to (depend on F	U2-30) [mH]			No	
FU2-44	Rotor Time Constant	Tr	44	0 to (depend on F	U2-30) [mH]			No	
FU2-45	P Gain for Sensorless Control	SL P-gain	45	0 to 327	67	1	1000	Yes	111
FU2-46	I Gain for Sensorless Control	SL I-gain	46	0 to 327	67	1	100	Yes	111
FU2-47	PID Operation Selection	Proc PI mode	47	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	112
FU2-48 ²¹	PID F Gain	PID F-gain	48	0 to 999.9	[%]	0.1	0 [%]	Yes	
				None	0				
				Keypad-1	1				
F110 10	PID Auxiliary Reference	. 5		Keypad-2	2				
FU2-49	Mode Selection	Aux Ref Mode	49	V1	3	-	None	No	112
				I	4				
				V2	5				
FU2-50	PID Output Direction Selection	PID Out Dir	50	Target freq.	0	-	Target freq.	No	
	DID 5 1 0'			I	0				
FU2-51	PID Feedback Signal	PID F/B	51	V1	1	-	I	No	
	Selection			V2	2				
FU2-52	P Gain for PID Control	PID P-gain	52	0 to 999.9	9 [%]	0.1	1.0 [%]	Yes	
FU2-53	I Gain for PID Control	PID I-time	53	0 to 32.0	[sec]	0.1	10.0 [sec]	Yes	112
FU2-54	D Gain for PID Control	PID D-time	54	0 to 1000 [msec]	0.1	0.0 [msec]	Yes	112
FU2-55	High Limit Frequency for PID Control	PID limit-H	55	0 to 300.00) [Hz]	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-56	Low Limit Frequency for PID Control	PID limit-L	56	0 to 300.00 [Hz]		0.01	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	
FU2-57	PID Output Inversion	PID Out Inv.	57	No 0 Yes 1		-	No	No	
FU2-58	PID Output Scale	PID Out Scale	58	0.1 to 999.9 [%]		0.1	100 [%]	No	113
FU2-59	PID P2 Gain	PID P2-gain	59	0 to 999.9	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	No	
FU2-60	P Gain Scale	P-gain Scale	60	0 to 100	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	No	
FU2-69	Accel/Decel Change Frequency	Acc/Dec ch F	69	0 to FU1	-20		0.00 [Hz]	No	117

¹⁹ Code FU2-41 through FU2-46 appears only when FU2-39 is set to 'Sensorless_X' or 'Vector_XXX'.

 $^{^{20}}$ This value is automatically entered according to the rated motor set in FU2-30. If different, set the correct value of the motor.

 $^{^{21}}$ Code FU2-48 through FU2-62 appears only when FU2-47 is set to 'Yes'.

0.1	5	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
FU2-70	Reference Frequency for Accel and Decel	Acc/Dec freq	70	Max freq Delta freq	0 1	-	Max freq	No	117
FU2-71	Accel/Decel Time Scale	Time scale	71	0.01 [sec] 0.1 [sec] 1 [sec]	0 1 2	0.01	0.1 [sec]	Yes	117
FU2-72	Power On Display	PowerOn disp	72	0 to 1	2	1	0	Yes	117
FU2-73	User Display Selection	User disp	73	Voltage Watt	0 1	-	Voltage	Yes	118
FU2-74	Gain for Motor Speed Display	RPM factor	74	1 to 1000	[%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	118
FU2-75	DB (Dynamic Braking) Resistor Mode Selection	DB mode	75	None Int. DB-R Ext. DB-R	0 1 2	-	Int. DB-R	Yes	118
FU2-76 ²²	Duty of Dynamic Braking Resistor	DB %ED	76	0 to 30	[%]	1	10 [%]	Yes	118
FU2-79	Software Version	S/W version	79	Ver x.x	ΧX	-	-	-	119
FU2-81 ²³	2 nd Acceleration Time	2nd Acc time	81	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	5.0 [sec]	Yes	
FU2-82	2 nd Deceleration Time	2nd Dec time	82	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	10.0 [sec]	Yes	
FU2-83	2 nd Base Frequency	2nd BaseFreq	83	30 to FU	1-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	No	
FU2-84	2 nd V/F Pattern	2nd V/F	84	Linear Square User V/F	0 1 2	-	Linear	No	
FU2-85	2 nd Forward Torque Boost	2nd F-boost	85	0 to 15	[%]	0.1	2.0 [%]	No	
FU2-86	2 nd Reverse Torque Boost	2nd R-boost	86	0 to 15	[%]	0.1	2.0 [%]	No	119
FU2-87	2 nd Stall Prevention Level	2nd Stall	87	30 to 150	[%]	1	150[%]	No	
FU2-88	2 nd Electronic Thermal Level for 1 minute	2nd ETH 1min	88	FU2-89 to 2	00 [%]	1	150 [%]	Yes	
FU2-89	2 nd Electronic Thermal Level for continuous	2nd ETH cont	89	50 to FU2 (Maximum		1	100 [%]	Yes	
FU2-90	2 nd Rated Motor Current	2nd R-Curr	90	1 to 200	[A]	0.1	3.6 [A]	No	
FU2-91	Read Parameters into Keypad from Inverter	Para. Read	91	No Yes	0 1	-	No	No	110
FU2-92	Write Parameters to Inverter from Keypad	Para. Write	92	No Yes	0 1	_	No	No	119
FU2-93	Initialize Parameters	Para. Init	93	No All Groups DRV FU1	0 1 2 3	-	No	No	120

_

²² Code FU2-76 appears only when FU2-75 is set to 'Ext. DB-R'.

 $^{^{23}}$ Code FU2-81 through FU2-90 appear only when one of I/O-12 \sim I/O-14 is set to '2nd function'.

Chapter 5 - Parameter List

	Description	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code		LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				FU2	4				
				I/O	5				
				EXT	6				
FU2-94	Parameter Write	Para, Lock	94	0 to 25	E	1	0	Yes	120
FUZ-94	Protection	Para. LUCK	94	0 10 25	ບ 	ļ	U	162	120
					[PROG/ENT]				
FU2-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	or	-	1	Yes	120
					[SHIFT/ESC]				

Note: FU2-41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46 not displayed when FU2-39 is set to V/f or Slip compen.

5.4 Input/Output Group [I/O]

		Keypad Dis	play	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
I/O-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	1 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	121
I/O-01	Filtering Time Constant for V1 Signal Input	V1 filter	01	0 to 9999	[ms]	1	10 [ms]	Yes	
I/O-02	V1 Input Minimum Voltage	V1 volt x1	02	0 to 10 [V]		0.01	0.00 [V]	Yes	
I/O-03	Frequency Corresponding to V1 Input Minimum Voltage	V1 freq y1/ V1 [%] y1	03	0 to FU1-20 [Hz]/ 0-150 [%]		0.01	0.0 [Hz]/ 0[%]	Yes	121
I/O-04	V1 Input Maximum Voltage	V1 volt x2	04	0 to 10 [[V]	0.01	10.00 [V]	Yes	
I/O-05	Frequency Corresponding to V1 Input Maximum Voltage	V1 freq y2/ V1 [%] y2	05	0 to FU1- 0-150 [9		0.01	60.00 [Hz]/ 100[%]	Yes	
I/O-06	Filtering Time Constant for I Signal Input	I filter	06	0 to 9999	[ms]	1	10 [ms]	Yes	
I/O-07	I Input Minimum Current	I curr x1	07	0 to 20 [r	nA]	0.01	4.00 [mA]	Yes	121
I/O-08	Frequency Corresponding to I Input Minimum Current	l freq y1/ l [%] y1	08	0 to FU1-20 0-150 [%]		0.01	0.0 [Hz]/ 0[%]	Yes	121
I/O-09	I Input Maximum Current	I curr x2	09	0 to 20 [r	nA]	0.01	20.00 [mA]	Yes	
I/O-10	Frequency Corresponding to I Input Maximum Current	I freq y2/ I [%] y2	10	0 to FU1- 0-150 [9		0.01	60.00 [Hz]/ 100[%]	Yes	121
I/O-11	Criteria for Analog Input Signal Loss	Wire broken	11	None half of x1 below x1	0 1 2	-	None	Yes	122
I/O-12	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P1' Define	P1 define	12	Speed-L Speed-M Speed-H XCEL-L XCEL-M XCEL-H Dc-brake 2nd Func Exchange	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	-	Speed-L	Yes	123
				- Reserved - Up Down 3-Wire Ext Trip-A Ext Trip-B	9 10 11 12 13 14				

		Keypad Dis	play	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				iTerm Clear	15				
				Open-loop	16				
				Main-drive	17				
				Analog hold	18				
				XCEL stop	19				
				P Gain2	20				
				SEQ-L	21				
				SEQ-M	22				
				SEQ-H	23				
				Manual	24				
				Go step	25				
				Hold step	26				
				Trv Off.Lo	27				
				Trv Off.Hi	28				
				Interlock1	29				
				Interlock2	30				
				Interlock3	31				
				Interlock4	32				
				Speed-X	33				
				Reset	34				
				BX	35				
				JOG	36				
				FX	37				
				RX	38				
				Ana Change	39				
				Pre excite	40				
				Spd/Trq	41				
				ASR P/PI	42				
I/O-13	Multi-function Input Terminal 'P2' Define	P2 define	13	Cana A	.	-	Speed-M	Yes	400
I/O-14	Multi-function Input Terminal 'P3' Define	P3 define	14	Same as A	booe	-	Speed-H	Yes	123
I/O-15	Terminal Input Status	In status	15	000000000 to 1	11111111	-	-	-	100
I/O-16	Terminal Output Status	Out status	16	0000 to 1		-	-	-	129
I/O-17	Filtering Time Constant for Multi-Function Input Terminals	Ti Filt Num	17	2 to 50)	1	15	Yes	129
I/O-20	Jog Frequency Setting	Jog freq	20				10.00 [Hz]	Yes	129
I/O-21	Step Frequency 4	Step freq-4	21				40.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-22	Step Frequency 5	Step freq-5	22	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	50.00 [Hz]	Yes	
1/0-23	Step Frequency 6	Step freq-6	23				40.00 [Hz]	Yes	129
1/0-24	Step Frequency 7	Step freq-7	24				30.00 [Hz]	Yes	

		Keypad Dis	play	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
I/O-25	Acceleration Time 1 for Step Frequency	Acc time-1	25	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-26	Deceleration Time 1 for Step Frequency	Dec time-1	26	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-27	Acceleration Time 2	Acc time-2	27	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	
1/0-28	Deceleration Time 2	Dec time-2	28	0 to 6000		0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-29	Acceleration Time 3	Acc time-3	29	0 to 6000		0.1	40.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-30	Deceleration Time 3	Dec time-3	30	0 to 6000		0.1	40.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-31	Acceleration Time 4	Acc time-4	31	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	50.0 [sec]	Yes	130
I/O-32	Deceleration Time 4	Dec time-4	32	0 to 6000		0.1	50.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-33	Acceleration Time 5	Acc time-5	33	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	40.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-34	Deceleration Time 5	Dec time-5	34	0 to 6000		0.1	40.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-35	Acceleration Time 6	Acc time-6	35	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-36	Deceleration Time 6	Dec time-6	36	0 to 6000		0.1	30.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-37	Acceleration Time 7	Acc time-7	37	0 to 6000		0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-38	Deceleration Time 7	Dec time-7	38	0 to 6000		0.1	20.0 [sec]	Yes	
				Frequency Current	0				
I/O-40	FM (Frequency Meter) Output Selection	FM mode	40	Voltage DC link Vtg	2 3	-	Frequency	Yes	131
				Torque	4				
I/O-41	FM Output Adjustment	FM adjust	41	10 to 200	[%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	
I/O-42	Frequency Detection Level	FDT freq	42	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	30.00 [Hz]	Yes	131
I/O-43	Frequency Detection Bandwidth	FDT band	43	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	10.00 [Hz]	Yes	131
I/O-44	Multi-Function Auxiliary	Aux mode	44	FDT-1	0	-	Run	Yes	132
	Contact Output Define			FDT-2	1				
	(AXA, AXC)			FDT-3	2				
				FDT-4	3				
				FDT-5	4				
				OL	5				
				IOL	6				
				Stall	7				
				OV	8				
				LV	9				
				ОН	10				
				Lost Command	11				
				Run	12				
				Stop	13				
				Steady	14				
				INV line	15				
				COMM line	16				

0. 1	Description of the second of t	Keypad Dis	play	Setting Ra	ange	11	Factory	Adj.	D.
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Ssearch	17				
				Step pulse	18				
				Seq pulse	19				
				Ready	20				
				Trv. ACC	21				
				Trv. DEC	22				
				MMC	23				
				Zspd Dect	24				
				Torq Dect	25				
I/O-45	Fault Output Relay	Relay mode	45	000 to 1	11	_	010	Yes	136
	Setting (30A, 30B, 30C)	Trelay mode	10	(Bit Se	t)	_	010	163	100
I/O-46 ²⁴	Inverter Number	Inv No.	46	1 to 3	1	1	1	Yes	136
				1200 bps	0				
				2400 bps	1				
I/O-47	Baud Rate	Baud rate	47	4800 bps	2	=.	9600 bps	Yes	136
				9600 bps	3				
				19200 bps	4				
				None	0				
I/O-48	Operating selection at	Lost command	48	FreeRun	1	_	None	Yes	
	Loss of Freq. Reference	2000 oommand					110110	100	136
				Stop	2				
I/O-49	Waiting Time after Loss	Time out	49	0.1 to 120	[sec]	0.1	1.0 [sec]	Yes	
	of Freq. Reference						[000]		
	Auto (Sequence)			None	0				
I/O-50	Operation selection	Auto mode	50	Auto-A	1	-	None	No	
				Auto-B	2				407
I/O-51	Sequence Number	Seq select	51	1 to 5		1	1	Yes	137
	Selection								
I/O-52	The Number of Steps of	Step number	52	1 to 8		1	2	Yes	
	Sequence Number #								
I/O-53 ²⁵	1st Step Frequency of Sequence 1	Seq1 / 1F	53	0.01 to FU	11-20	0.01	11.00 [Hz]	Yes	138
	Transient Time to 1st Step								
I/O-54	of Sequence 1	Seq1 / 1T	54	0.1 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	1.1 [sec]	Yes	
	Steady Speed Time at 1st								
I/O-55	Step of Sequence 1	Seq1 / 1S	55	0.1 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	1.1 [sec]	Yes	
	Motor Direction of 1st			Reverse	0				
I/O-56	Step of Sequence 1	Seq1 / 1D	56	Forward	1	-	Forward	Yes	

 $^{^{24}}$ Code I/O-46 through I/O-49 are used in Option Board like RS485, Device, Net and F-net etc.

 $^{^{25}}$ The 'Seq#' of code I/O-53 through I/O-60 varies according to the sequence number selected in I/O-51.

The parameter code may be extended to I/O-84 depending the number of steps set in I/O-52 because the steps can be set up to 8.

		Keypad Dis	play	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
I/O-57	1st Step Frequency of Sequence 2	Seq1 / 2F	57	0.01 to FU	11-20	0.01	21.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-58	Transient Time to 1st Step of Sequence 2	Seq1 / 2T	58	0.1 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	1.1 [sec]	Yes	
I/O-59	Steady Speed Time at 1st Step of Sequence 2	Seq1 / 2S	59	0.1 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	1.1 [sec]	Yes	138
I/O-60	Motor Direction of 1st Step of Sequence 2	Seq1 / 2D	60	Reverse Forward	0	-	Forward	Yes	
I/O-85	Step Frequency 8	Step freq-8	85				20.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-86	Step Frequency 9	Step freq-9	86				10.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-87	Step Frequency 10	Step freq-10	87				20.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-88	Step Frequency 11	Step freq-11	88	0 to FU1	20	0.01	30.00 [Hz]	Yes	129
I/O-89	Step Frequency 12	Step freq-12	89	0 (0 FO)	-20	0.01	40.00 [Hz]	Yes	129
I/O-90	Step Frequency 13	Step freq-13	90				50.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-91	Step Frequency 14	Step freq-14	91				40.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-92	Step Frequency 15	Step freq-15	92				30.00 [Hz]	Yes	
I/O-93	Multi-Function Input	RST define	93	Speed-L	0	-	Reset	Yes	123
	Terminal 'RST' Define			Speed-M	1				
				Speed-H	2				
				XCEL-L	3				
				XCEL-M	4				
				XCEL-H	5				
				Dc-brake	6				
				2nd Func	7				
				Exchange	8				
				- Reserved -	9				
				Up	10				
				Down	11				
				3-Wire	12				
				Ext Trip-A	13				
				Ext Trip-B	14				
				iTerm Clear	15				
				Open-loop	16				
				Main-drive	17				
				Analog hold	18				
				XCEL stop	19				
				P Gain2	20				
				SEQ-L	21				
				SEQ-M	22				
				SEQ-H	23				
				Manual	24				
				Go step	25				
				Hold step	26				

Chapter 5 - Parameter List

	5 11	Keypad Dis	play	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Trv Off.Lo	27				
				Trv Off.Hi	28				
				Interlock1	29				
				Interlock2	30				
				Interlock3	31				
				Interlock4	32				
				Speed-X	33				
				Reset	34				
				BX	35				
				JOG	36				
				FX	37				
				RX	38				
				Ana Change	39				
				Pre excite	40				
				Spd/Trq	41				
				ASR P/PI	42				
1/0-94	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'BX' Define	BX define	94				ВХ	Yes	123
I/O-95	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'JOG' Define	JOG define	95	Come as A	hava		JOG	Yes	123
I/O-96	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'FX' Define	FX define	96	Same as A	nove	-	FX	Yes	123
I/O-97	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'RX' Define	RX define	97				RX	Yes	123
I/O-99	Return Code	Not Displayed	99	Not available	[PROG/ENT] or [SHIFT/ESC]	-	1	Yes	

5.5 External Group [EXT]

EXT group appears only when the corresponding Sub-Board is installed.

		Keypad D	isplay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
EXT-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	0 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	139
				None	0				
				SUB-A	1				
				SUB-B	2				
EVT 01	O to December 17 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	Out D/D	0.4	SUB-C	3		Maria	Automa	400
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	Sub B/D	01	SUB-E	5	-	None	tically	139
				SUB-F	6			set	
				SUB-G	7				
				SUB-H	8				
EXT-02	Multi-Function Input	P4 define	02	Speed-L	0	-	XCEL-L	Yes	139
	Terminal 'P4' Define			Speed-M	1				
				Speed-H	2				
				XCEL-L	3				
				XCEL-M	4				
				XCEL-H	5				
				Dc-brake	6				
				2nd Func	7				
				Exchange	8				
				- Reserved -	9				
				Up	10				
				Down	11				
				3-Wire	12				
				Ext Trip-A	13				
				Ext Trip-B	14				
				iTerm Clear	15				
				Open-loop	16				
				Main-drive	17				
				Analog hold	18				
				XCEL stop	19				
				P Gain2	20				
				SEQ-L	21				
				SEQ-M	22				
İ				SEQ-H	23				
				Manual	24				
				Go step	25				
				Hold step	26				
				Trv Off.Lo	27				
				Trv Off.Hi	28				
				Interlock1	29				
				Interlock2	30				

0.1	D	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Interlock3	31				
				Interlock4	32				
				Speed-X	33				
				Reset	34				
				BX	35				
				JOG	36				
				FX	37				
				RX	38				
				Ana Change	39				
				Pre excite	40				
				Spd/Trq	41				
				ASR P/PI	42				
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P5' Define	P5 define	03			-	XCEL-M	Yes	100
EXT-04	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P6' Define	P6 define	04	Same as A	Above	-	XCEL-H	Yes	139
				None	0				
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	V2 mode	05	Override	1	-	None	No	140
				Reference	2				
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	V2 filter	06	0 to 9999	[ms]	1	10 [ms]	Yes	
EXT-07	V2 Input Minimum Voltage	V2 volt x1	07	0 to V2 volt	x2 [V]	0.01	0.00 [V]	Yes	
EXT-08	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Minimum Voltage	V2 freq y1	08	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	140
EXT-09	V2 Input Maximum Voltage	V2 volt x2	09	V2 volt x1 to	10 [V]	0.01	10.00 [V]	Yes	
EXT-10	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Maximum Voltage	V2 freq y2	10	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	
	Usage of Pulse Input			None	0				
EXT-12	Signal	F mode	12	Feed-back	1	-	None	No	141
	Oigilai			Reference	2				
EXT-13	Real Speed Direction	RealSpdDir	13	Reverse Forward	0 1	-	-	-	141
EXT-14	Encoder Feedback Frequency	ENC FeedBack	14	* [Hz]	•	-	-	-	141
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection	F pulse set	15	A+B A - (A+B)	0 1 2	-	A+B	No	142
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Number	F pulse num	16	10 to 40	96	1	1024	No	142

	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	Run	Page
Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal	F filter	17	0 to 9999	[ms]	1	10 [ms]	Yes	142
Pulse Input Minimum Frequency	F pulse x1	18	0 to 10 [k	Hz]	0.01	0.00 [kHz]	Yes	142
Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum Frequency	F freq y1	19	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	0.00 [Hz]	Yes	
Pulse Input Maximum Frequency	F pulse x2	20	0 to 100 [I	kHz]	0.01	10.00 [kHz]	Yes	142
Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency	F freq y2	21	0 to FU1	-20	0.01	60.00 [Hz]	Yes	
P-Gain for 'Sub-B'	PG P-gain	22	0 to 999	99	1	3000	Yes	143
I-Gain for 'Sub-B'	PG I-gain	23	0 to 999	99	1	50	Yes	140
Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' Board	PG Slip Freq	24	0 to 200	[%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	143
P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD	ASR P-Gain	25	10 to 500	[%]	0.1	100.0 [%]	Yes	
I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD	ASR I-Gain	26	10 to 9999	[ms]	1	200 [ms]	Yes	-
Forward Torque Limit	Trq + Limit	27	0 to 200	[%]	1	180 [%]	Yes	
Reverse Torque Limit	Trq - Limit	28	0 to 200	[%]	1	180 [%]	Yes	
Reverse Torque Limit Multi-Function Output Terminal 'Q1' Define	Trq - Limit Q1 define	30	FDT-1 FDT-2 FDT-3 FDT-4 FDT-5 OL IOL Stall OV LV OH Lost Command Run Stop Steady INV line COMM line Ssearch	% 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	-	FDT-1	Yes	143
	for Pulse Input Signal Pulse Input Minimum Frequency Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency P-Gain for 'Sub-B' I-Gain for 'Sub-B' Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' Board P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD Forward Torque Limit Reverse Torque Limit	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal Pulse Input Minimum Frequency Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Frequency Frequency Frequency Frequency P-Gain for 'Sub-B' I-Gain for 'Sub-B' Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' PG I-gain Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' PG Slip Freq P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD Forward Torque Limit Reverse Torque Limit Multi-Function Output F filter F filter F filter F filter F filter F pulse x1 F freq y1 F freq y2 Frequency F freq y2 F freq y1 F pulse x2 F freq y1 F pulse x1 F puls	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal Pulse Input Minimum Frequency Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Prequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Frequency Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency P-Gain for 'Sub-B' P-Gain for Sub-B' P-G	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal Pulse Input Signal Pulse Input Minimum Frequency Frequency Output Corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Frequency Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Frequency Frequency Pulse Input Maximum Frequency Frequency Prequency P-Gain for 'Sub-B' PG P-gain PG Slip Freq PG	Description	Description	Description	Description LCD 7-Segment LCD 7-Segment District Di

		Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
				Seq pulse	19				
				Ready	20				
				Trv. ACC	21				
				Trv. DEC	22				
				MMC	23				
				Zspd Dect	24				
				Torq Dect	25				
EXT-31	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q2' Define	Q2 define	31		h	-	FDT-2	Yes	440
EXT-32	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q3' Define	Q3 define	32	Same as A	bove	ı	FDT-3	Yes	143
				Frequency	0				
				Current	1				
EXT-34	LM (Load Meter) Output	LM mode	34	Voltage	2	-	Current	Yes	143
	Selection			DC link Vtg	3				
				Torque	4				
EXT-35	LM Output Adjustment	LM adjust	35	10 to 200	[%]	1	100 [%]	Yes	143
	,	,		Frequency	0				
				Current	1				
EXT-40	AM1 (Analog Meter 1)	AM1 mode	40	Voltage	2	-	Frequency	Yes	
	Output Selection			DC link Vtg	3		' '		
				Torque	4				
EXT-41	AM1 Output Adjustment	AM1 adjust	41	10 to 200		1	100 [%]	Yes	144
				Frequency	0		• 1		
	AM2 (Analog Meter 2)			Current	1				
EXT-42	Output Selection	AM2 mode	42	DC link Vtg	2	-	DC link Vtg	Yes	
				Torque	4				
EXT-43	AM2 Output Adjustment	AM2 adjust	43	10 to 200	•	1	100 [%]	Yes	
EXT-50		Speed Limit	44	0 to 100		0.1	100 [%]	No	
EXT-51	Speed Limit Bias	Speed Bias	45	0 to 200	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	No	
EXT-52	Speed Limit Gain	Speed Gain	46	1 to 10		1	1	No	145
EXT-53	Speed Limit Direction	Speed Dir	47	Reverse Forward	0	-	Forward	No	
EXT-54	Zero Speed Detection Level	ZSD Level	48	0 to 120 [[Hz]	0.01	2 [Hz]	Yes	4.47
EXT-55	Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth	ZSD Band	49	0 to 5 [Hz]		0.01	1 [Hz]	Yes	147
EXT-56	Torque Detection Level	TD Level	50	0 to 150	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	Yes	
EXT-57	Torque Detection Bandwidth	TD Band	51	0 to 10 [%]	0.1	5 [%]	Yes	147
EXT-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	[PROG/ENT] or [SHIFT/ESC]	-	1	Yes	-

5.6 Communication Group [COM]

COM group appears only when the corresponding Option Boards are installed. Please refer to the option manual for detail.

0.1	5	Keypad Di	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	Run	Page
COM-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	0 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	
				None	0				
				Device Net	1				
				Synchro	2				
0014.01	Out's a Deced Tons	0-4 0/0	04	PLC-GF	3		Maria	During Run	
COM-01	Option Board Type	Opt B/D	01	Profibus-DP	4	-	None	Yes	
				Digital-In	5			Yes No No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes	
				RS485	6				
				Modbus-RTU	7				
				None	0				
COM 02	Ontion Made	Ont Made	00	Command	1		Mana	Na	
COM-02	Option Mode	Opt Mode	02	Freq	2	-	None	No No Yes	
				Cmd + Freq	3				
COM-03	Option Version	Opt Version	03	-	-	-	-	No	
				8 Bit Bin	0				
				8 BCD 1%	1			No No Yes Yes No	
				8 BCD 1Hz	2				
COM-04	Binary Option Input	D-In Mode	04	12 Bit Bin	3	_	8 Bit Bin	No	
	Selection			12 BCD 0.1%	4				
				12 BCD 0.1Hz	5				
				12 BCD 1Hz	6				
COM-05	Binary Input Filter Value	Digital Ftr	05	2-50		1	15	Yes	
COM O	Input Torque Limit	Ont Trail ant	06	None	0		Nana	Vaa	
COM-06	(Option)	Opt TrqLmt	06	TrqLmt	1		None	res	
COM-07	Control Mode Select	Opt CatiMada	07	None	0		None	No	
COIVI-07	(Option)	Opt CntlMode	07	Opt Control	1		None	INO	
COM-10	Device Net ID	MAC ID	10	0-63		1	0	Yes	
	Device Net			125 kbps	0				
COM-11	Communication Speed	Baud Rate	11	250 kbps	1	-	125 kbps	Yes	
	Communication Opeed			500 kbps	2				
				20	0				
COM-12	Device Net Output	Out Instance	12	21	1		20	No	
COIVI-12	Instance	Out motance	12	100	2	- 20	20	INU	
				101	3				
				70	0				
COM 12	Device Net Input Instance	In Instance	13	71	1		70	No No No Yes Yes No Yes No	
COIVI-13	Device Net Input Instance	III IIISIAIICE	13	110	2	-	10		
				111	3				

Chapter 5 - Parameter List

		Keypad Dis	splay	Setting R	ange		Factory	Adj.	_
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
COM-17	PLC Option Station Number	Station ID	17	0 to 63		1	1	Yes	
COM-20	Profibus ID	Profi MAC ID	20	0 to 127		1	1	Yes	
COM-30	Output Number	Output Num	30	0 to 8	3	1	3	Yes	
COM-31	Output 1	Output 1	31	0000-57FF	(HEX)		000A(HEX)	Yes	
COM-32	Output 2	Output 2	32	0000-57FF	(HEX)		000E(HEX)	Yes	
COM-33	Output 3	Output 3	33	0000-57FF	(HEX)		000F(HEX)	Yes	
COM-34	Output 4	Output 4	34	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-35	Output 5	Output 5	35	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-36	Output 6	Output 6	36	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-37	Output 7	Output 7	37	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-38	Output 8	Output 8	38	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-40	Input Number	Input Num	40	0 to 8	}	1	2	Yes	
COM-41	Input 1	Input 1	41	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0005(HEX)	Yes	
COM-42	Input 2	Input 2	42	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0006(HEX)	Yes	
COM-43	Input 3	Input 3	43	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-44	Input 4	Input 4	44	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-45	Input 5	Input 5	45	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-46	Input 6	Input 6	46	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-47	Input 7	Input 7	47	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-48	Input 8	Input 8	48	0000-57FF	(HEX)		0000(HEX)	Yes	
COM-52	ModBus Option Selection	ModBus Mode	52	ModBus I	RTU		ModBus RTU	Yes	
COM-99	Return Code	Not displayed	99	Not available	[PROG/ENT] or [SHIFT/ESC]	-	1	Yes	

5.7 Application Group [APP]

	5	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
APP-00	Jump to Desired Code #	Jump code	Not displayed	0 to 99	Not available	1	1	Yes	148
				None	0				
APP-01	Application Mode	App Mode	01	Traverse	1		None	No	148
APF-01	Selection	App Mode	01	MMC	2	-	None	INO	140
				DRAW	3				
APP-02 ²⁶	Traverse Amplitude	Trv. Amp	02	0.0 to 20.0) [%]	0.1	0.0 [%]	Yes	149
APP-03	Traverse Scramble Amplitude	Trv. Scr	03	0.0 to 50.0) [%]	0.1	0.0 [%]	Yes	149
APP-04	Traverse Accel Time	Trv Acc Time	04	0 to 6000	[sec]	0.1	2.0 [sec]	Yes	149

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 $^{^{26}}$ Code APP-02 through APP-07 appears only when APP-01 is set to 'Traverse'.

0 1	D	Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
APP-05	Traverse Decel Time	Trv Dec Time	05	0 to 6000 [[sec]	0.1	3.0 [sec]	Yes	149
APP-06	Traverse Offset (Hi) Setting	Trv Off Hi	06	0.0 to 20.0) [%]	0.1	0.0 [%]	Yes	150
APP-07	Traverse Offset (Lo) Setting	Trv Off Lo	07	0.0 to 20.0) [%]	0.1	0.0 [%]	Yes	150
APP-08 ²⁷	Running Auxiliary Motor Number Display	Aux Mot Run	08	-		-	-	-	150
APP-09	Starting Aux. Motor Selection	Starting Aux	09	1 to 4		1	1	Yes	150
APP-10	Operation Time Display on Auto Change	Auto Op Time	10	-		-	-	-	150
APP-11	Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 1	Start freq 1	11	0 to FU1-	-20	0.01	49.99 [Hz]	Yes	
APP-12	Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 2	Start freq 2	12	0 to FU1-	-20	0.01	49.99 [Hz]	Yes	150
APP-13	Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 3	Start freq 3	13	0 to FU1-	-20	0.01	49.99 [Hz]	Yes	130
APP-14	Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 4	Start freq 4	14	0 to FU1-20		0.01	49.99 [Hz]	Yes	
APP-15	Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 1	Stop freq 1	15	0 to FU1-	-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	Yes	
APP-16	Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 2	Stop freq 2	16	0 to FU1-	-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	Yes	151
APP-17	Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 3	Stop freq 3	17	0 to FU1-	-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]]	Yes	101
APP-18	Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 4	Stop freq 4	18	0 to FU1-	-20	0.01	15.00 [Hz]	Yes	
APP-19	Delay Time before Operating Aux Motor	Aux start DT	19	0 to 9999	[sec]	0.1	60.0 [sec]	Yes	151
APP-20	Delay Time before Stopping Aux Motor	Aux stop DT	20	0 to 9999	[sec]	0.1	60.0 [sec]	Yes	151
APP-21	The Number of Aux Motor	Nbr Aux's	21	0 to 4		1	4	Yes	151
APP-22	PID Bypass Selection	Regul Bypass	22	No Yes	0 1	-	No	Yes	151
APP-23	Sleep Delay Time	Sleep Delay	23	0 to 9999 [[sec]	0.1	60.0 [sec]	Yes	152
APP-24	Sleep Frequency	Sleep Freq	24	0 to FU1-	-20	0.01	0.19 [Hz]	Yes	152
APP-25	Wake-Up Level	WakeUp Level	25	0 to 100	[%]	1	35.0 [%]	Yes	152
APP-26	Auto Change Mode Selection	AutoCh-Mode	26	0 to 2		1	1	Yes	152
APP-27	Auto Change Time	AutoEx-intv	27	00:00 to 9	9:00	00:01	72:00	Yes	153
APP-28	Auto Change Level	AutoEx-level	28	0 to 100	[%]	0.1	20 [%]	Yes	133

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 $^{^{\}rm 27}$ Code APP-08 through APP-31 appears only when APP-01 is set to 'MMC'.

Chapter 5 - Parameter List

		Keypad Dis	splay	Setting Ra	ange		Factory	Adj.	
Code	Description	LCD	7-Segment	LCD	7-Segment	Units	Default	During Run	Page
APP-29	Inter-Lock Selection	Inter-lock	29	No	0		No	Yes	154
APP-29	inter-Lock Selection	inter-lock	29	Yes	1	-	INO	res	154
APP-30	Feedback Freq/	Fbk/PER	30	[∐ ⊸] / [0/]					154
APP-30	Percentage Display	FUNPER	30	[Hz] / [%]	-				134
APP-31	Actual Value Display	Prs	31	[Bar]/[Pa]	-	-	-	-	154
APP-32	Pressure Display Scale	Scale Disp	32	0 to 500	00	-	1000	Yes	154
				None	0				
VDD 3338	Draw Mode Selection	Draw Mode	33	V1_Draw	1		None	Yes	154
APP-3320	Draw Mode Selection	Draw Mode	აა	I_Draw	2	-	None	res	154
				V2_Draw	3				
APP-34	Draw Size Setting	DrawPerc	34	0 to 150	[%]	0.1	100 [%]	Yes	154

 $^{^{28}}$ Code APP-32 through APP-33 appears only when APP-01 is set to 'Draw'.

5.8 Sub-Board Selection Guide According To Function

5.8 Sur	8 Sub-Board Selection Guide According To Function Sub-Board Type							
Code	Function Description	LCD Display	SUB-A	SUB-BO	SUB-C			
Oode	Tanoton Bescription	200 Display	Board	Board	Board			
EXT-02	Multi-function Input Terminal 'P4'	P4 define	•		•			
EXT-03	Multi-function Input Terminal 'P5'	P5 define	•		•			
	Multi-function Input Terminal 'P6'	P6 define	•		•			
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	V2 mode	•		•			
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	V2 filter	•		•			
	V2 Input Minimum Voltage	V2 volt x1	•		•			
EXT-08	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Minimum Voltage	V2 freq y1	•		•			
EXT-09	V2 Input Maximum Voltage	V2 volt x2	•		•			
EXT-10	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Maximum Voltage	V2 freq y2	•		•			
EXT-14	Usage for Pulse Input Signal	F mode		•				
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection	F pulse set		•				
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Selection	F pulse num		•				
EXT-17	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal	F filter		•				
EXT-18	Pulse Input Minimum Frequency	F pulse x1		•				
EXT-19	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum Frequency	F freq y1		•				
EXT-20	Pulse Input Maximum Frequency	F pulse x2		•				
EXT-21	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency	F freq y2		•				
EXT-22	P-Gain for PG Option	PG P-gain		•				
	I-Gain for PG Option	PG I-gain		•				
EXT-24	Slip Frequency for PG Option	PG Slip freq		•				
	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q1'	Q1 define	•		•			
	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q2'	Q2 define	•					
EXT-32	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q3'	Q3 define	•					
EXT-34	LM (Load Meter) Output Selection	LM mode	•					
	LM Output Adjustment	LM adjust	•					
EXT-40	AM1 (Analog Meter 1) Output Selection	AM1 mode			•			
	AM1 Output Adjustment	AM1 adjust			•			
	AM2 (Analog Meter 2) Output Selection	AM2 mode			•			
	AM2 Output Adjustment	AM2 adjust			•			
	Speed Limit Level	Speed Limit		•				
EXT-51	Speed Limit Bias	Speed Bias		•				
	Speed Limit Gain	Speed Gain		•				
	Speed Limit Direction	Speed Dir		•				
EXT-54	Zero Speed Detection Level	ZSD Level		•				
EXT-55	Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth	ZSD Band		•				
EXT-56	Torque Detection Level	TD Level		•				
EXT-57	Torque Detection Bandwidth	TD Band		•				

Chapter	5 -	Parameter	List
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Notes:

CHAPTER 6 - PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

6.1 Drive group [DRV]

DRV-00: Command Frequency or Command Torque/ Output Current (LCD)

DRV► Cmd. 00 0	Freq* .00 Hz	F*	0.00
Factory Default:	0.00	Hz	0.00

- * In Torque mode: LCD display Cmd. Trq 7 Segment - r (Rpm)
- In FU2-39 [Control Mode Selection], 4 (Sensorless_T)
 6 (Vector_TRQ) is torque mode.
- DRV-00 [Command Frequency or Command Torque] has two functions.

1) Digital frequency setting

- When DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode] is set to 0 (KeyPad-1) or 1 (KeyPad-2), command freq is not settable above FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency].

2) Monitoring function setting

- Command frequency displayed during stop
- Output current/frequency displayed during run.

Analog/digital frequency command setting in DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode]:

- DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode] is set to 2 (V1),3 (I) or 4 (V1+I), frequency command is set via I/O-01~10 [Analog Frequency command/Torque].
 Refer to I/O-01~10 for detail description.
- DRV-16 [Speed Unit Selection] is set to 1 (Rpm), speed is displayed in Rpm.
- If FU2-39 is set to 4 (Sensorless_T) or 6 (Vector_TRQ), speed is displayed as the percent[%] to the rated torque. Torque command is settable in DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode].
 - * Factory default setting = 100[%] (Up to 150[%] settable)

- Setting the DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode]
- Note: In torque mode, speed unit is automatically displayed in [%].

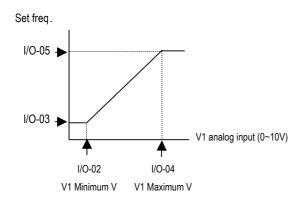
Setti ng	DRV-04	Parameter Name	Programming Description
0	KeyPad-1		1. In DRV-00, press the [PROG] key. 2. Enter the desired freq. 3. Press the [ENT] key to write the new value into memory.
1	KeyPad-2	Digital freq. command	1. In DRV-00, press the [PROG] key. 2. Press the [û (Up)] or [ઐ (Down)] key to set the desired freq., while the inverter keeps running. 3. Press the [ENT] key to write the new value into memory.
2	V1		Control terminal "V1" Voltage analog input (0 to 0V) See the description of I/O-01~05.
3	I	Analog freq. command	Control terminal "I" Current analog input (4 to 20mA) See the description of I/O-06~10.
4	V1+I		Control terminal "V1"+"I" (0-10V/4-20mA) Analog input. See the description of I/O-01~10.

 Command Freq/Torque setting via "V1" input terminal when set DRV-04 [Frequency/Torque mode] to 2 (V1) or 4 (V1+I)

Code	Default setting	Setting range
I/O-01	10 [msec]	0 ~ 10000 [msec]
I/O-02	0 [V]	0 ~ 10 [V]
I/O-03	0 [Hz]	0 ~ Max. freq
I/O-04	10 [V]	0 ~ 10 [V]
I/O-05	60 [Hz]	0 ~ Max freq

Code	Keypad Display	Parameter Name	
I/O-01	V1 filter	Filter Time Constant for V1 Signal Input	
I/O-02	V1 volt x1	V1 Input Minimum Voltage	
I/O-03	V1 freq y1	Frequency Corresponding to V1 Input Minimum Voltage	
I/O-04	V1 volt x2	V1 Input Maximum Voltage	
I/O-05	V1 freq y2	Frequency Corresponding to V1 Input Maximum Voltage	

➡ Important: Increase I/O-01-[Filter Time Constant for V1 Signal Input] if the V1 signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation. Increasing this value makes response time slower.



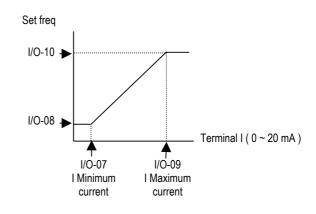
I/O-06~10 [Analog Current Input " I " Signal adjustment]

 Command Freq/Torque setting via "I" input terminal when set DRV-04 [Frequency/Torque mode] to 3 (I) or 4 (V1+I)

Code	Default setting	Setting range	
I/O-06	10 [msec]	0 ~ 10000 [msec]	
I/O-07	4 [mA]	0 ~ 20 [mA]	
I/O-08	0 [Hz]	0 ~ Max. freq	
I/O-09	20 [mA]	0 ~ 20 [mA]	
I/O-10	60 [Hz]	0 ~ Max. freq	

Code	Keypad display	Parameter Name
I/O-06	I filter	Filter time constant for I signal Input
I/O-07	I curr x1	I Input Minimum Current
I/O-08	I freq y1	Frequency Corresponding to I Input Minimum Current
I/O-09	I curr x2	I Input Maximum Current
I/O-10	I freq y2	Frequency Corresponding to I Input Maximum Current

→ Important: Increase I/O-06-[Filter time constant for I signal Input] if the I signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation. Increasing this value makes response time slower.



Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode]
DRV-16 [Speed Unit Selection]
FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency]
FU2-39 [Control Mode Selection]
I/O-1~10 [Analog Frequency
Command/Torque]

DRV-01: Acceleration Time

DRV-02: Deceleration Time

DRV▶ Dec. time 02 30.0 02 30.0 sec

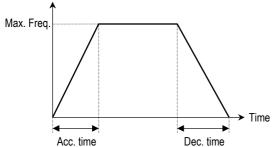
Factory Default: 30.0 30.0 sec

The inverter targets the FU2-70 when accelerating or decelerating. When the FU2-70 is set to "Maximum" Frequency", the acceleration time is the time taken by the motor to reach FU1-20 from 0 Hz. The deceleration time is the time taken by the motor to reach 0 Hz from FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency].

When the FU2-70 is set to 'Delta Frequency', the acceleration and deceleration time is the time taken to reach a targeted frequency (instead the maximum frequency) from a frequency.

The acceleration and deceleration time can be changed to a preset transient time via multi-function inputs. By setting the multi-function inputs (P1, P2, P3) to 'XCEL-L', 'XCEL-M', 'XCEL-H' respectively, the Accel and Decel time set in I/O-25 to I/O-38 are applied according to the binary inputs of the P1, P2, P3.

Output Frequency



FU1-20 [Max freq] Related Functions:

FU2-70 [Reference freq. for Accel/Decel] FU2-71 [Accel/Decel time scale] I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-function input terminal P1, P2, P31

I/O-25 to I/O-38 [Acc/Dec time for step

frequency

- FU2-70: Selects the frequency to be targeted for acceleration and deceleration. [Max Freq, Delta Freq]
- FU2-71: Selects the time scale. [0.01, 0.2, 1]
- I/O-12 to I/O-14: Sets the terminal function of P1, P2, P3 terminal inputs.
- I/O-25 to I/O-38: Presets the Accel/Decel time activated via multifunction inputs (P1, P2, P3)

Note: I/O-12 to I/O-14: Sets the terminal function of P1, P2, P3 terminal inputs.

Code	LCD	Description	XCEL-	XCEL-	XCEL-	Factory
	display		Н	М	L	setting
DRV- 01	Acc time	Acc time 0	0	0	0	10 sec
DRV- 02	Dec time	Dec time 0	0	0	0	20 sec
I/O-25	ACC-1	Acc time 1	0	0	1	20 sec
I/O-26	DEC-1	Dec time 1	0	0	1	20 sec
I/O-27	ACC-2	Acc time 2	0	1	0	30 sec
I/O-28	DEC-2	Dec time 2	0	1	0	30 sec
I/O-29	ACC-3	Acc time 3	0	1	1	40 sec
I/O-30	DEC-3	Dec time 3	0	1	1	40 sec
I/O-31	ACC-4	Acc time 4	1	0	0	50 sec
I/O-32	DEC-4	Dec time 4	1	0	0	50 sec
I/O-33	ACC-5	Acc time 5	1	0	1	40 sec
I/O-34	DEC-5	Dec time 5	1	0	1	40 sec
I/O-35	ACC-6	Acc time 6	1	1	0	30 sec
I/O-36	DEC-6	Dec time 6	1	1	0	30 sec
I/O-37	ACC-7	Acc time 7	1	1	1	20 sec
I/O-38	DEC-7	Dec time 7	1	1	1	20 sec

FU2-71 [Accel/Decel time scale]

Set the Accel / Decel time unit.

Setting	Unit Description	
	0 0.01 sec	Minimum 0 sec settable
U		Maximum 60 sec settable
		Minimum 0 sec settable
1	0.1 sec	Maximum 600 sec settable
		(Factory setting)
	1 sec	Minimum 0 sec settable
2		Maximum 6000 sec settable*

^{*} Up to 6000 sec setting is available via LE-200 keypad.

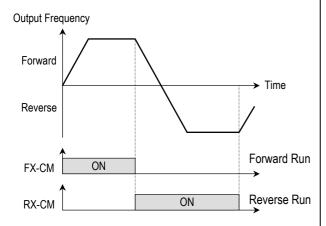
DRV-03: Drive Mode (Run/Stop Method)

DRV▶ Drive mode 03 1 03 Keypad

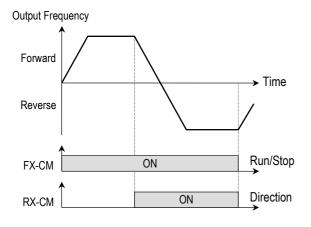
1 Factory Default: Fx/Rx-1

Select the source of run/stop command.

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
Keypad	0	Run/Stop is controlled by Keypad.	
Fx/Rx-1	1	Control Terminals FX, RX and 5G control Run/Stop. (Method 1)	
Fx/Rx-2	2	Control Terminals FX, RX and 5G control Run/Stop. (Method 2)	



[Drive Mode: 'Fx/Rx-1']



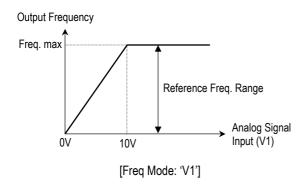
[Drive Mode: 'Fx/Rx-2']

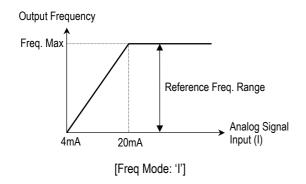
DRV-04: Frequency or Torque Mode (Frequency / Torque Setting Method)

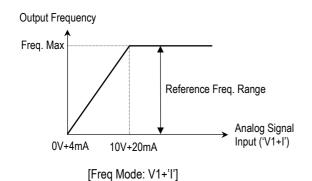
DRV► 04	Freq mode* Keypad-1			04	0	
Factory Default: Key		pad	l-1	0		

- * In Torque mode: LCD display: "Torque mode" 7 Segment: "04"
- If the DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode] is set to 2 (V1), 3 (I), 4 (V1+I), see the description of I/O-01~10 [Analog Voltage/Current input signal adjustment].
- If FU2-39 is set to 4 (Sensorless_T) or 6 (Vector_TRQ), speed is displayed as the percent [%] to the rated torque. Torque command is settable in DRV-04 [Frequency or Torque Mode].
- DRV-04 setting value is separately saved according to which control mode (Speed or Torque) is selected in FU2-39 [Control mode selection].

Setting Ra	nge	Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
Keypad-1	0	Frequency is set at DRV-00. The frequency is changed by pressing PROG key and entered by pressing ENT key. The inverter does not output the changed frequency until the ENT key is pressed.
Keypad-2	1	Frequency is set at DRV-00. Press PROG key and then by pressing the ▲, ▼ key, the inverter immediately outputs the changed frequency. Pressing the ENT key saves the changed frequency.
V1	2	Input the frequency reference (0-10V) to the "V1" control terminal. Refer to the I/O-01 to I/O-05 for scaling the signal.
I	3	Input the frequency reference (4~20mA) to the "I" control terminal. Refer to the I/O-06 to I/O-10 for scaling the signal.
V1+I	4	Input the frequency reference (0~10V, 4~20mA) to the "V1", "I" control terminals. The 'V1' signal overrides the 'I' signal.





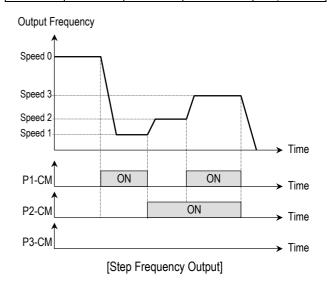


Related functions: DRV-00 [Digital Command Frequency or Command Torque]
FU2~39 [Control Mode Selection]
I/O-01~10 [Analog Voltage/Current input signal adjustment]

DRV-05 ~ DRV-07: Step Frequency 1 ~ 3			
DRV► Step freq-1 05 10.00 Hz 05	10.00		
Factory Default: 10.00 Hz	10.00		
DRV► Step freq-2 06 20.00 Hz 06	20.00		
Factory Default: 20.00 Hz	20.00		
DRV► Step freq-3 07 30.00 Hz 07	30.00		
Factory Default: 30.00 Hz	30.00		

The inverter outputs preset frequencies set in these codes according to the multi-function terminals configured as 'Speed-L', 'Speed-M' and 'Speed-H'. The output frequencies are decided by the binary combination of P1, P2, P3 configured in I/O-12 to I/O-17. Refer to the following table for the preset frequency outputs.

Binary Combination of P1, P2, P3		Output Frequency	Step Speed	
Speed-L	peed-L Speed-M Speed-H		Frequency	
0	0	0	DRV-00	Speed 0
1	0	0	DRV-05	Speed 1
0	1	0	DRV-06	Speed 2
1	1	0	DRV-07	Speed 3

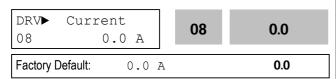


Related Functions: I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Reference Inputs]
I/O-17 [Filtering Time Constant]

I/O-21 to I/O-21 [Step Frequency 4~7]

- I/O-01 to I/O-10: Scaling the analog input signals (V1 and I) for frequency reference.
- I/O-17: Adjusts the response sensibility of the input terminal to eliminate contact noise.
- I/O-21 to I/O-24: Sets the step frequency from 4 to 7.
- Note: The frequency setting method of 'Speed 0' is decided by DRV-04.

DRV-08: Output Current



This code displays the output current of the inverter in RMS.

DRV-09: Motor Speed

DRV► Spe	eed Orpm	09	0
Factory Defaul	t: 0rmp		0

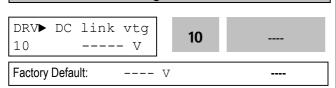
This code displays the motor speed in RPM while the motor is running.

Use the following equation to scale the mechanical speed using FU2-74 [Gain for Motor Speed display] if you want to change the motor speed display to rotation speed (r/min) or mechanical speed (m/min).

Motor speed = 120 * (F/P) * FU2-74

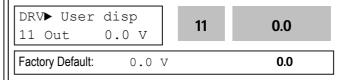
Where, F= Output Frequency and P= the Number of Motor Poles

DRV-10: DC Link Voltage



This code displays the DC link voltage inside the inverter.

DRV-11: User Display Selection



This code displays the parameter selected in FU2-73 [User Display]. There are types of parameters in FU2-73: Voltage, Watt and Torque.

DRV-12: Fault Display

DRV► 12	RV► Fault 2 None		12	n0n	
Factory D	efault:	None		n0n	

This code displays the current fault (trip) status of the inverter. Use the PROG, ▲ and ▼ key before pressing the RESET key to check the fault content(s), output frequency, output current, and whether the inverter was accelerating, decelerating, or in constant speed at the time of the fault occurred. Press the ENT key to exit. The fault content will be stored in FU2-01 to FU2-05 when the RESET key is pressed. For more detail, please refer to Chapter 7.

[Fault Contents]

Fault (Trip)	Keypad display		
Fault (TTIP)	LCD	7-Segment	
Over-Current 1	Over Current 1	OC	
Over-Voltage	Over Voltage	OV	
External Trip Input A	External-A	EXTA	
Emergency Stop (Not Latched)	BX	BX	
Low-Voltage	Low Voltage	LV	
Fuse Open	Fuse Open	FUSE	
Ground Fault	Ground Fault	GF	
Over-Heat on Heat sink	Over Heat	ОН	
Electronic Thermal Trip	E-Thermal	ETH	
Over-Load Trip	Over Load	OLT	
Inverter H/W Fault - EEP Error - ADC Offset - WDOG Error - In-Phase Open	HW-Diag	HW	
External Trip Input B	External-B	EXTB	
Over-Current 2	Arm Short	ASHT	
Option Error	Option	OPT	
Output Phase Loss	Phase Open	PO	
Inverter Over-Load	Inv. OLT	IOLT	

- Note: There are WDOG error, EEP error, and ADC Offset for the inverter Hardware Fault - the inverter will not reset when H/W fault occurs. Repair the fault before turning on the power.
- Note: Only the highest-level fault will be displayed when multiple faults occur.

Related Functions: FU2-01 to FU2-05 [Previous Fault History] FU2-06 [Erase Fault History]

- FU2-01 to FU2-05: There are up to 5 faults saved.
- FU2-06: Erases the faults saved in FU2-01 to FU2-05.

DRV-13: Motor Direction Set (7-Segment Keypad)

13 0

Factory Default:

This code sets the motor direction when using the 7-Segment keypad.

7-Segment Display	Description
0	Run to forward direction
1	Run to reverse direction

DRV-14: Command/Output Frequency Display (LCD Keypad)

DRV▶TAR 0.00Hz 14 OUT 0.00Hz

0.00Hz Factory Default:

This code shows the Command (Target) Frequency set in DRV00 and inverter Output Frequency.

DRV-15: Reference/Feedback Frequency Display (LCD Keypad)

DRV▶REF 0.00Hz 15 FBK 0.00Hz

Factory Default: 0.00Hz

This code shows the Reference Frequency and Feedback Frequency while PID operation.

This code appears only when 'PID' is selected in FU2-47.

DRV-16: Hz/Rpm Display

DRV▶ Fault 12 n0n 12 None Factory Default: n0n

Set this parameter to 0 [Hz] to display frequency, or to 1[Rpm] to display speed.

None

Related Functions: Changing the Hz/Rpm display affects the following parameter display.

- DRV-00, 05, 06, 07, 14
- FU1-20, 21,22, 24, 25, 32
- FU2-32
- I/O-03, 05, 08, 10, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 42, 43
- EXT-08, 10

DRV-20: FU1 Group Selection (7-Segment keypad)

DRV-21: FU2 Group Selection (7-Segment keypad)

DRV-22: I/O Group Selection (7-Segment keypad)

DRV-23: EXT Group Selection (7-Segment keypad)

DRV-24: COM Group Selection (7-Segment keypad)

DRV-25: APP Group Selection (7-Segment keypad)

Select the desired group and press the PROG/ENT key to move into the desired group. The parameter in the group can be read and written after moving into the desired group.

Chapter 6 - Parameter Description [DRV]			
Notes:			

6.2 Function 1 Group [FU1]

FU1-00: Jump to Desired Code

FU1▶ Jump code 00 1

Factory Default:

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

FU1-03: Run Prevention

FU1► Run prev. 03 None

03 0

Factory Default: None **0**

This function prevents reverse operation of the motor. This function may be used for loads that rotate only in one direction such as fans and pumps.

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
None	0	Forward and Reverse run is available.	
Forward Prev	1	Forward run is prevented.	
Reverse Prev	2	Reverse run is prevented.	

FU1-05: Acceleration Pattern FU1-06: Deceleration Pattern

FU1►Acc. pattern
05 Linear

05 0

Factory Default: Linear 0

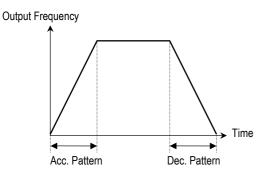
FU1▶Dec. pattern 06 0 0

Factory Default: Linear 0

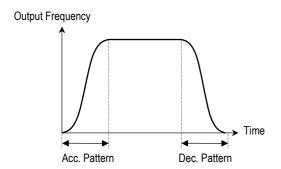
Different combinations of acceleration and deceleration patterns can be selected according to the application.

0 111 5			
Setting Ra		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	·	
Linear	0	This is a general pattern for constant torque applications.	
S-curve	1	This pattern allows the motor to accelerate and decelerate smoothly. The actual acceleration and deceleration time takes longer- about 40% than the time set in DRV-01 and DRV-02. This setting prevents shock during acceleration and deceleration, and prevents objects from swinging on conveyors or other moving equipment.	
U-curve	2	This pattern provides more efficient control of acceleration and deceleration in typical winding machine applications.	
Minimum	3	The inverter makes shorten the acceleration time by accelerating with a current rate of about 150% of its rated current and reduces the deceleration time by decelerating with a DC voltage rate of 95% of its over-voltage trip level. Appropriate application: When the maximum capability of the inverter and the motor are required. Inappropriate application: The current limit function may operate for a long period of time for loads that have high inertia such as fans.	
Optimum	4	The inverter accelerates with a current rate of about 120% of its rated current and decelerates with a DC voltage rate of 93% of its over-voltage trip level.	

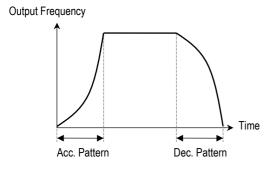
- Note: In case of selecting the 'Minimum' or 'Optimum', the DRV-01 and DRV-02 is ignored.
- Note: 'Minimum' and 'Optimum' functions operate normally when the load inertia is less than 10 times compared to the motor inertia. (FU2-37)
- Note: 'Optimum' is useful when the motor capacity is smaller than the inverter capacity.
- Note: 'Minimum' and 'Optimum' functions are not appropriate for down operation in an elevator application.



[Accel/Decel Pattern: 'Linear']



[Accel/Decel Pattern: 'S-curve']

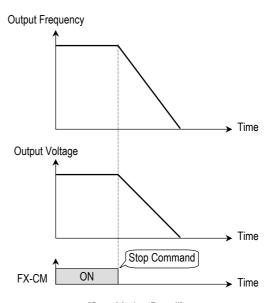


[Accel/Decel Pattern: 'U-curve']

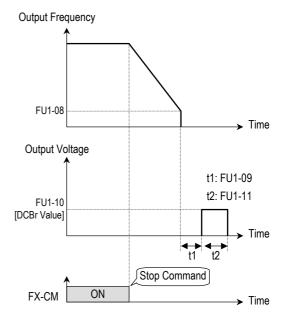
FU1-07: Stop Mode		
FU1► Stop mode 07 Decel	07	0
Factory Default: Dece	1	0

Sets the stopping method for the inverter.

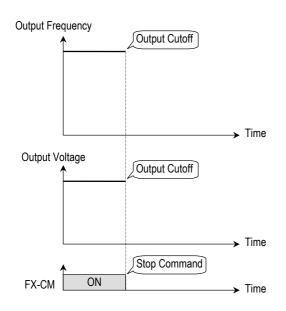
Setting Ra	ange Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description
Decel	0	Inverter stops by the deceleration pattern.
Dc-brake	1	Inverter stops with DC injection braking. Inverter outputs DC voltage when the frequency reached the DC injection braking frequency set in FU1-08 during decelerating.
Free-run (Coast to stop)	2	Inverter cuts off its output immediately when the stop signal is commanded.



[Stop Mode: 'Decel']



[Stop Mode: 'Dc-brake']



[[Stop Mode: 'Free-run']

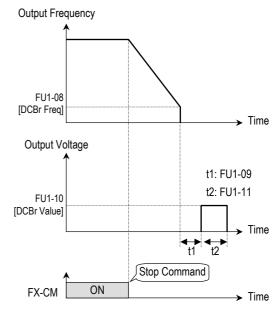
FU1-08: DC Injection Braking Frequency FU1-09: DC Injection Braking On-delay Time FU1-10: DC Injection Braking Voltage FU1-11: DC Injection Braking Time FU1▶ DcBr freq 5.00 80 5.00 Hz 08 Factory Default: 5.00 5.00 Hz FU1▶ DcBlk time 09 0.10 0.10 sec 09 0.10 Factory Default: 0.10 sec FU1▶ DcBr value 10 50 50 % 10 Factory Default: 50 50 % FU1▶ DcBr time 11 1.0 11 1.0 sec Factory Default: 1.0 sec 1.0

By introducing a DC voltage to the motor windings this function stops the motor immediately. Selecting 'DC-Brake' in FU1-07 activates FU1-08 through FU1-11.

FU1-08 [DC Injection Braking Frequency] is the frequency at which the inverter starts to output DC voltage during deceleration.

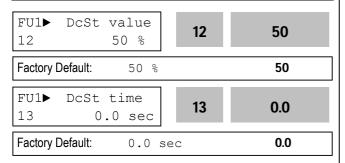
FU1-09 [DC Injection Braking On-delay Time] is the inverter output blocking time before DC injection braking. FU1-10 [DC Injection Braking Voltage] is the DC voltage applied to the motor and is based on FU2-33 [Rated Current of Motor].

FU1-11 [DC Injection Braking Time] is the time the DC current is applied to the motor.

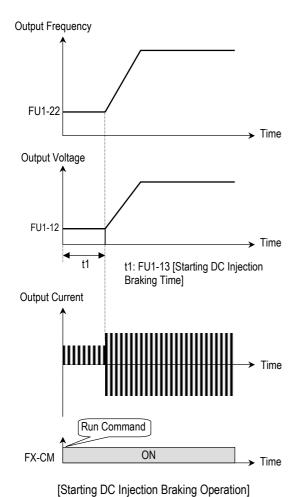


[DC Injection Braking Operation]

FU1-12: Starting DC Injection Braking Time FU1-13: Staring DC Injection Braking Time



Inverter holds the starting frequency for Starting DC Injection Braking Time. It outputs DC voltage to the motor for FU1-13 [Starting DC Injection Braking Time] with the FU1-12 [Starting DC Injection Braking Voltage] before accelerating.



Related Functions: FU2-33 [Rated Current of Motor]

- FU2-33: the DC current is limited by this parameter.
- Note: The DC injection braking function does not function when either FU1-12 or FU1-13 is set to "0".
- Note: FU1-12 [Starting DC Injection Braking Voltage] is also used as the DC Injection Braking Voltage for the multifunction input when the multifunction input is set to "DC braking".

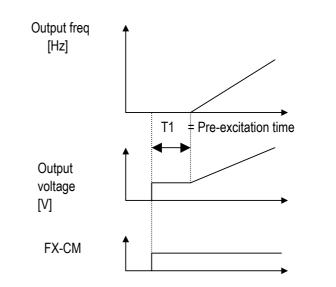
FU1-14: Pre-excitation Time



When you set ON to the operation command (FWD, REV), the inverter conducts pre-exciting automatically for the time specified by this parameter.

• After FU1-14 [Pre-excitation Time] elapses the inverter starts normal operation in the following graph.

Code	LCD display	Factory setting	Setting range
FU1-14	PreExTime	1 [sec]	0 ~ 60 [sec]



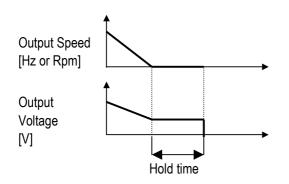
Related function: FU2-34 [No Load Motor Current (RMS)]
FU1-16 [Pre-excitation Current]

FU1-15: Hold Time

FU1► 15	Hold Tin	_		15	1000	
Factory [Default:	1000	ms	3	1000	

To set the time to maintain holding torque at zero speed and stop the operation in a shortest time during Vector SPD mode operation

 The inverter runs to maintain speed 0 for the hold time in Vector_SPD mode and decelerates to stop after the hold time elapse.



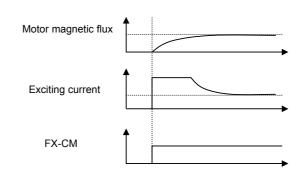
→ Operation method during Hold Time: FU1-7 [Stop mode] Decel: zero speed control FU1-7 [Stop mode] DC-brake

FU1-16: Pre-excitation Current

FU1► Flux Force 16 100.0 %	16	100.0
Factory Default: 100.	0 %	100.0

FU1-16 [Pre-excitation Current] is applied during FU1-14. When the motor magnetic flux increases to match the rated magnetic flux, pre-excitation current starts to decrease. When the motor magnetic flux reaches to the rated magnetic flux, the pre-excitation current matches the rated pre-excitation current.

	Code	LCD display	Factory setting	Setting range
Ī	FU1-16	Flux Force	100 [%]	100 ~ 500 [%]



Related Functions: FU2-34 [No Load Motor Current (RMS)] FU1-14 [Pre-excitation Time]

FU1-20: Maximum Frequency FU1-21: Base Frequency FU1-22: Starting Frequency

FU1▶ Max freq 20 60.00 Hz **20 60.00**

Factory Default: 60.00 Hz 60.00

Fu1► Base freq 21 60.00 Hz 60.00 Factory Default: 60.00 Hz 60.00

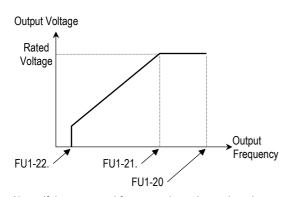
 FU1▶ Start freq
 22
 0.50

 22
 0.50 Hz
 0.50

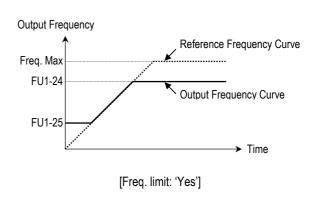
 Factory Default: 0.50 Hz
 0.50

FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency] is the maximum output frequency of the inverter. Make sure this maximum frequency does not exceed the rated speed of the motor. FU1-21 [Base Frequency] is the frequency where the inverter outputs its rated voltage. In case of using a 50Hz motor, set this to 50Hz.

FU1-22 [Starting Frequency] is the frequency where the inverter starts to output its voltage.



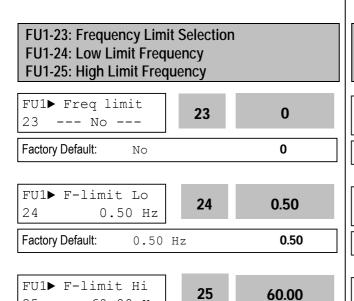
Note: If the command frequency is set lower than the starting frequency, inverter does not output voltage to motor.



Note: Frequency limit does not work during accelerating and decelerating.

FU1-26: Manual/Auto Boost Selection

FU1-27: Torque Boost in Forward Direction



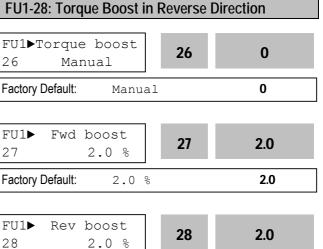
FU1-23 selects the limits for the inverter operating frequency. If FU1-23 is set to 'Yes', inverter operates within the upper and lower limit setting. The inverter operates at the upper or the lower limit when the frequency reference is outside the frequency limit range.

60.00 Hz

60.00 Hz

25

Factory Default:



Factory Default: 2.0 % 2.0 This function is used to increase the starting torque at low

speed by increasing the output voltage of the inverter. If

the boost value is set too high than required, it may cause the motor flux to saturate, causing over-current trip. Increase the boost value when there is excessive distance

between inverter and motor.

[Manual Torque Boost]: The forward and reverse torque boost is set separately in FU1-27 and FU1-28.

- Note: The torque boost value is the percentage of inverter rated voltage.
- Note: When FU1-29 [Volts/Hz Pattern] is set to 'User V/F', this function does not work.
- Note: When FU2-40 [Control Mode] is set to 'Sensorless',

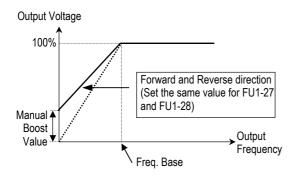
60.00

the torque boost value is the rate per thousand of inverter rated voltage.

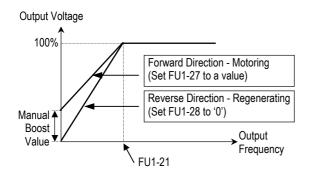
[Auto Torque Boost]: Inverter outputs high starting torque by automatic boosting according to the load.

- Note: Auto torque boost is only available for the 1st motor.

 Manual torque boost must be used for the 2nd motor.
- Note: The auto torque boost value is added to the manual torque boost value.
- Note: Auto torque boost is available only when FU2-40 [Control Mode] is set to 'V/F'.
- Note: Conduct Auto tuning in FU2-41 [Auto tuning] to use Auto torque boost effectively.

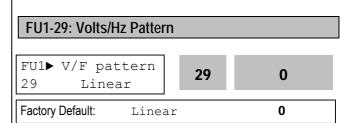


[Constant Torque Loads: Conveyor, Moving Equip. etc.]



[Ascending and Descending Loads: Parking, Hoist etc.]

Related Functions: FU1-29 [Volts/Hz Pattern]
FU2-40 [Control Mode selection]

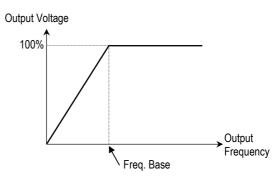


This is the pattern of voltage/frequency ratio. Select the proper V/F pattern according to the load. The motor torque is dependent on this V/F pattern.

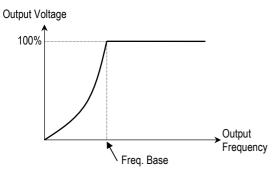
[Linear] pattern is used where constant torque is required. This pattern maintains a linear volts/frequency ratio from zero to base frequency. This pattern is appropriate for constant torque applications.

[Square] pattern is used where variable torque is required. This pattern maintains squared volts/hertz ratio. This pattern is appropriate for fans, pumps, etc.

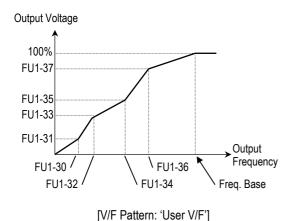
[User V/F] pattern is used for special applications. Users can adjust the volts/frequency ratio according to the application. This is accomplished by setting the voltage and frequency, respectively, at four points between starting frequency and base frequency. The four points of voltage and frequency are set in FU1-30 through FU1-37.

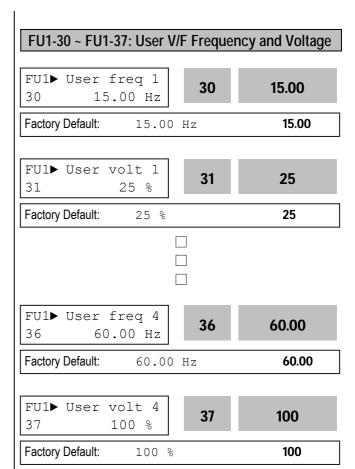


[V/F Pattern: 'Linear']

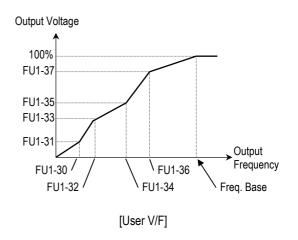


[V/F Pattern: 'Square']





These functions are available only when 'User V/F' is selected in FU1-29 [V/F pattern]. Users can make the custom V/F pattern by setting four points between FU1-22 [Starting Frequency] and FU1-21 [Base Frequency].

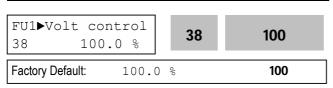


Note: When the 'User V/F' is selected, the torque boost of FU1-26 through FU1-28 is ignored.

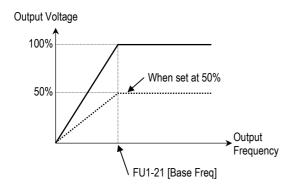
Related Functions: FU1-21 [Base Frequency]

FU1-22 [Starting Frequency] FU1-29 [Volts/Hz Pattern]

FU1-38: Output Voltage Adjustment



This function is used to adjust the output voltage of the inverter. This is useful when using a motor with a lower rated voltage than the main input voltage. When this is set at 100%, inverter outputs its rated voltage.



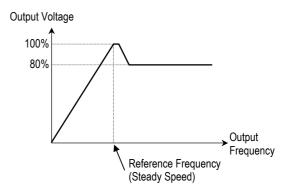
Note: The inverter output voltage does not exceed the main input voltage, even though FU1-38 is set at 110%.

FU1-39: Energy Save Level

FU1▶ Energy 39	save 0 %	39	0
Factory Default:	0 %		0

This function is used to reduce the output voltage in applications that do not require high torque and current at its steady speed. The inverter reduces its output voltage after accelerating to the reference frequency (steady speed) if the energy save level is set at 20%. This function may cause over-current trip due to the lack of output torque in a fluctuating load.

This function does not work with 0% set point value.



[When Energy Save Level is set at 20%]

- Note: This function is not recommended for a large load or for an application that need frequent acceleration and deceleration.
- Note: This function does not work when 'Sensorless' is selected in FU2-40 [Control Mode].

FU1-50: Electronic Thermal (Motor i²t) Selection FU1-51: Electronic Thermal Level for 1 Minute FU1-52: Electronic Thermal Level for Continuous FU1-53: Electronic Thermal Characteristic (Motor type) selection

These functions are to protect the motor from overheating without using additional thermal overload relay. Inverter calculates the temperature rising of the motor using several parameters and determines whether or not the motor is overheated. Inverter will turn off its output and display a trip message when the electronic thermal feature is activated.

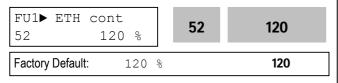


This function activates the ETH parameters by setting 'Yes'.

FU1► ETH :	1min 180 %	51	180
Factory Default:	180 %	ò	180

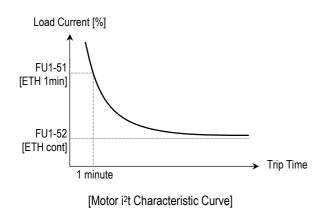
This is the reference current when the inverter determines the motor has overheated. It trips in one minute when 150% of rated motor current established in FU2-33 flows for one minute.

Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].



This is the current at which the motor can run continuously. Generally, this value is set to '100%' and which means the rated motor current set in FU2-33. This value must be set less than FU1-52 [ETH 1min].

Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].

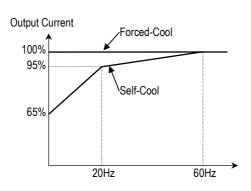




To make the ETH function (Motor i²t) work correctly, the motor cooling method must be selected correctly according to the motor.

[Self-cool] is a motor that has a cooling fan connected directly to the shaft of the motor. Cooling effects of a self-cooled motor decrease when a motor is running at low speeds. The motor current is derated as the motor speed decreases.

[Forced-cool] is a motor that uses a separate motor to power a cooling fan. As the motor speed changes, the cooling effect does not change.



[Load Current Derating Curve]

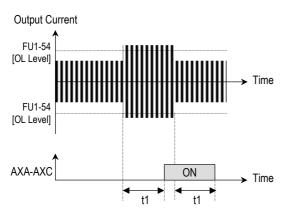
Note: Despite the motor current changing frequently due to load fluctuation or acceleration and deceleration, the inverter calculates the i²t and accumulates the value to protect the motor.

Related Functions: FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current] FU1-54: Overload Warning Level FU1-55: Overload Warning Time FU1▶ OL level 150 54 54 150 % Factory Default: 150 % 150 FU1▶ OL time 55 10.0 55 10.0 sec Factory Default: 10.0 sec 10.0

The inverter generates an alarm signal when the output current has reached the FU1-54 [Overload Warning Level] for the FU1-55 [Overload Warning Time]. The alarm signal persists for the FU1-55 even if the current has become the level below the FU1-54.

Multi-function output terminal (AXA-AXC) is used as the alarm signal output. To output the alarm signal, set I/O 44 [Multifunction Auxiliary Contact Output] to 'OL'.

- Note: Inverter is not tripped by this function.
- Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].



t1: FU1-55 [Overload Warning Time]

[Overload Warning]

Related Functions: FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current]

I/O-44 [Multi-function Auxiliary Contact

Output]

FU1-56: Overload Trip Selection FU1-57: Overload Trip Level FU1-58: Overload Trip Delay Time



Factory Default: Yes 1

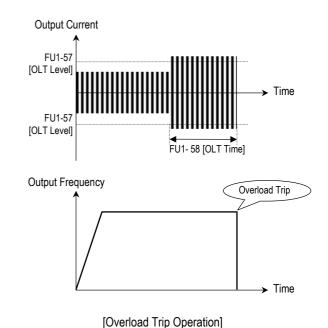
FU1▶ OLT	level	67	100
57	180 %	5/	180

Factory Default: 180 % 180



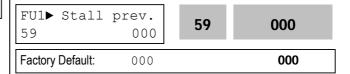
Inverter cuts off its output and displays fault message when the output current persists over the FU1-57 [Overload Trip Level] for the time of FU1-58 [Overload Trip Time]. This function protects the inverter and motor from abnormal load conditions.

Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].



Related Functions: FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current]

FU1-59: Stall Prevention Mode Selection (Bit set) FU1-60: Stall Prevention Level



This bit set parameter follows the conventions used in I/O-15 and I/O-16 to show the ON (bit set) status.



This function is used to prevent the motor from stalling by reducing the inverter output frequency until the motor current decreases below the stall prevention level. This function can be selected for each mode of acceleration, steady speed, and deceleration via bit combination.

Note: The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current].

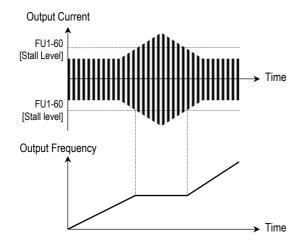
FU1-59 [Stall Prevention Mode Selection]

Setting Range		FU1-59	Description	
3 rd bit	2 nd bit	1st bit	PO 1-59 Description	
0	0	1		Stall Prevention during Acceleration
0	1	0	010 Stall Prevention during Sta Speed	
1	0	0	100	Stall Prevention during Deceleration

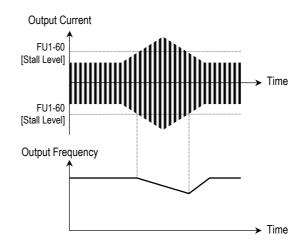
When FU1-59 is set to '111', stall prevention works during accelerating, steady speed and decelerating.

- Note: The acceleration and deceleration time may take longer than the time set in DRV-01, DRV-02 when Stall Prevention is selected.
- Note: If stall prevention status persists, inverter may stop during acceleration.

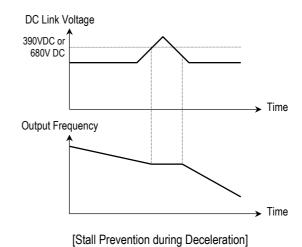
Related Functions: FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current]



[Stall Prevention during Acceleration]



[Stall Prevention during Steady Speed]



FU1-99: Return Code (7-Segment Keypad)				
	99	1		
Factory Default: 1				

This code is used to exit a group when using a 7-segment keypad. After pressing PROG/ENT key, set the value to '1' and press the PROG/ENT key again to exit.

Related Functions:	FU2-99 [Return Code]
	I/O-99 [Return Code]
	EXT-99 [Return Code]
	COM-99 [Return Code]

6.3 Function 2 Group [FU2]

FU2-00: Jump to desired code

FU2▶ Jump code 00 1

Factory Default:

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

FU2-01: Previous Fault History 1 FU2-02: Previous Fault History 2 FU2-03: Previous Fault History 3 FU2-04: Previous Fault History 4

FU2-05: Previous Fault History 5 FU2-06: Erase Fault History

FU2► Last trip-1 01 None **01 0**

Factory Default: None 0

FU2► Last trip-5 05 None **05**

Factory Default: None 0

This code displays up to five previous fault (trip) status of the inverter. Use the PROG, ▲ and ▼ key before pressing the RESET key to check the fault content(s), output frequency, output current, and whether the inverter was accelerating, decelerating, or in constant speed at the time of the fault occurred. Press the ENT key to exit. The fault content will be stored in FU2-01 through FU2-05 when the RESET key is pressed. For more detail, please refer to Chapter 7.

[Fault Contents]

Fault (Trip)	Keypad Displ	ay
rault (111p)	LCD	7-Segment
Over-Current 1	Over Current 1	OC
Over-Voltage	Over Voltage	OV
External Trip Input A	External-A	EXTA
Emergency Stop (Not Latched)	BX	ВХ
Low-Voltage	Low Voltage	LV
Fuse Open	Fuse Open	FUSE
Ground Fault	Ground Fault	GF
Over-Heat on Heat sink	Over Heat	OH
Electronic Thermal Trip	E-Thermal	ETH
Over-Load Trip	Over Load	OLT
Inverter H/W Fault - EEP Error - ADC Offset - WDOG Error - In-Phase Open	HW-Diag	HW
External Trip Input B	External-B	EXTB
Over-Current 2	Arm Short	ASHT
Option Error	Option	OPT
Output Phase Loss	Phase Open	PO
Inverter Over-Load	Inv. OLT	IOLT

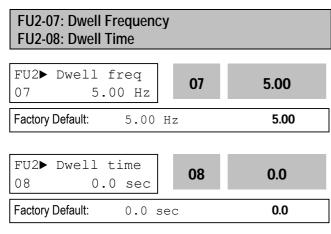
- Note: There are WDOG error, EEP error, and ADC Offset for the inverter Hardware Fault, and the inverter will not reset when H/W fault occurs. Repair the fault before turning on the power.
- Note: When multiple faults occur, only the highest-level fault will be displayed.

Related Functions: DRV-12 [Fault Display] displays current fault status.

FU2► Erase trips 06 --- No --- **06 0**

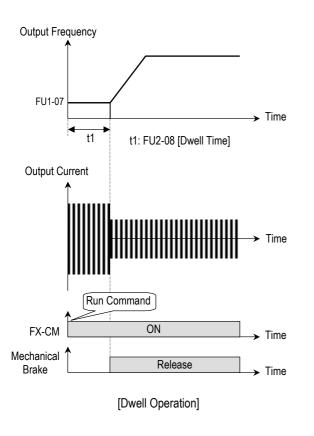
Factory Default: No **0**

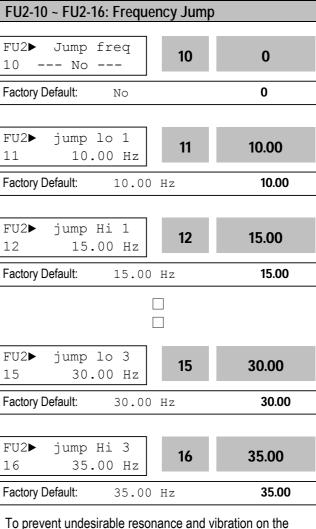
This function erases all fault histories of FU2-01 to FU-05 from the memory.



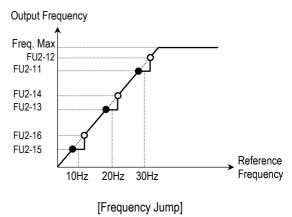
This function is used to output torque in an intended direction. It is useful in hoisting applications to get enough torque before a releasing mechanical brake. If the dwell time is set at '0', this function is not available. In dwell operation, the inverter outputs AC voltage not a DC voltage.

Note: DC Injection Braking does not output torque to an intended direction. It is just to hold the motor.





To prevent undesirable resonance and vibration on the structure of the machine, this function locks out the potential resonance frequency from occurring. Three different jump frequency ranges may be set. This avoidance of frequencies does not occur during accelerating or decelerating. It only occurs during continuous operation.



- Note: When the reference frequency is set inside the jump frequency, the output frequency goes to the frequency marked by "●" symbol.
- Note: If one frequency jump range is required, set all ranges to the same range.

FU2-17: Start Curve for S-Curve Accel/Decel Pattern

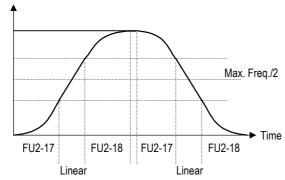
FU2-18: End Curve for S-Curve Accel/Decel Pattern

FU2▶ Start 17	Curve 40 %	17	40
Factory Default:	40%		40

FU2▶ End Curve 18 40 %	18	40
Factory Default: 40%		40

This parameter is used to adjust the Accel and Decel pattern when 'S-Curve' is selected in FU1-05 and FU1-06 respectively. To use this function, the Reference Frequency for Accel and Decel set in FU2-70 should be set to 'Delta freq'.





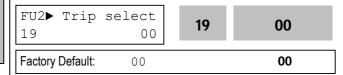
[S0Curve Adjustment]

Actual Accel Time = DRV-01 + (DRV-01 * FU2-17)/2 + (DRV-01*FU2-18)/2

Actual Decel Time = DRV-02 + (DRV-02 * FU2-17)/2 + (DRV-02*FU2-18)/2

Ex) If DRV-10: 1 sec, FU2-17: 40%, FU2-18: 20%, Actual Accel Time = 1 sec + (1sec*0.4)/2 + (1sec*0.2)/2 = 1.3 sec

FU2-19: Input/Output Phase Loss Protection (Bit Set)



This function is used to cut the inverter output off in case of phase loss in either input power or inverter output.

FU2-19 [Phase Loss Protection Select]

Setting Range		FU2-19	Description
2 nd bit	1st bit	FU2-19	Description
0	0	00	Phase loss protection does not work
0	1	01	Protect inverter from output phase loss
1	0	10	Protect inverter from input phase loss
1	1	11	Protect inverter from input and output phase loss

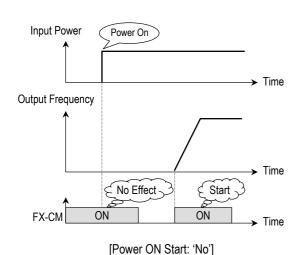
Related Functions: FU2-22 to FU2-25 [Speed Search]

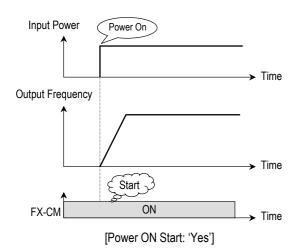
FU2-20: Power ON Start Selection



If FUN-20 is set to 'No', restart the inverter by cycling the FX or RX terminal to CM terminal after power has been restored.

If FUN-20 is set to 'Yes', the inverter will restart after power is restored. If the motor is rotating by inertia at the time power is restored, the inverter may trip. To avoid this trip, use 'Speed Search' function by setting FU2-22 to '1xxx'.

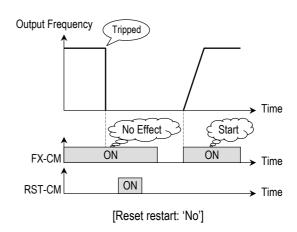


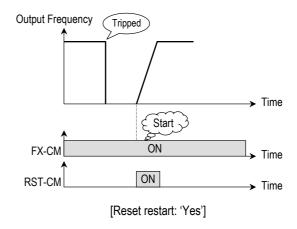


Note: In case of using 'Power ON Start' to 'Yes', make sure to utilize appropriate warning notices to minimize the potential for injury or equipment damage.

Related Functions: FU2-22 ~ FU2-25 [Speed Search]

reset. If the motor is rotating by inertia at the time power is restored, the inverter may trip. To avoid this trip, use 'Speed Search' function by setting FU2-22 to 'xx1x'.

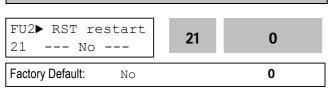




Note: In case of using 'Reset Restart' to 'Yes', make sure to utilize appropriate warning notices to minimize the potential for injury or equipment damage.

Related Functions: FU2-22 ~ FU2-25 [Speed Search]

FU2-21: Restart After Fault Reset



If FU2-21 is set to 'Yes', inverter will restart after the RST (reset) terminal has been reset a fault.

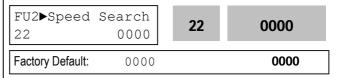
If FU2-21 is set to 'No', restart the inverter by cycling the FX or RX terminal to CM terminal after the fault has been

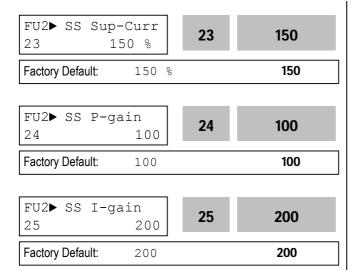
FU2-22: Speed Search Selection (Bit Set)

FU2-23: Current Limit Level During Speed Search

FU2-24: P Gain During Speed Search

FU2-25: I Gain During Speed Search





This function is used to permit automatic restarting after Power ON, Fault Reset, and Instant Power Failure without waiting for the motor to stop.

The speed search gain should be set after considering the inertia moment (GD²) and magnitude of torque of the load. FU2-37 [Load Inertia] must be set at the correct value to make this function operate correctly.

FU2-22 [Speed Search Select]

Setting Range		,	Description	
4 th bit	3 rd bit	2 nd bit	1st bit	Description
0	0	0	0	Speed search function does not work
0	0	0	1	Speed search during Accelerating
0	0	1	0	Speed search during a Fault Reset restarting (FU2-21) and Auto restarting (FU2-26)
0	1	0	0	Speed search during Instant Power Failure restarting.
1	0	0	0	Speed search during Power ON starting (FU2-20)

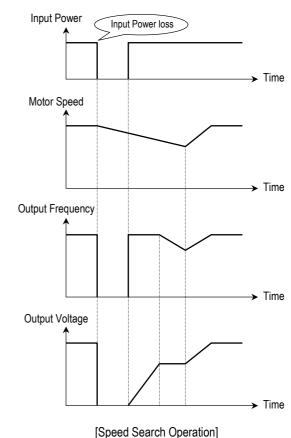
When FU2-22 is set to '1111', Speed Search works for all conditions.

FU2-22 [Speed Search Selection] selects the speed search function.

FU2-23 [Current Limit Level] is the current that the inverter limits its current rise during speed searching. (The set value is the percentage of FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current])

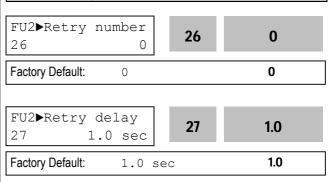
FU2-24 [P Gain] is the proportional gain used for speed search. Set this value according to load inertia set in FU2-37.

FU2-25 [I Gain] is the Integral gain used for speed search. Set this value according to load inertia set in FU2-37.



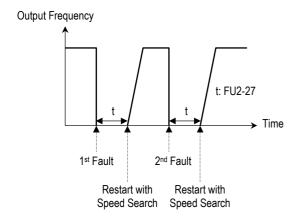
Related Functions: FU2-20 [Power ON Start]
FU2-21 [Restart after Fault Reset]
FU2-26 ~ FU2-27 [Auto Restart]
FU2-30 ~ FU2-37 [Motor Parameters]

FU2-26: Number of Auto Restart Attempt FU2-27: Delay Time Before Auto Restart



This function is used to allow the inverter to reset itself for a selected number of times after a fault has occurred. The inverter can restart itself automatically when a fault occurs. To use the speed search function during auto restarting set FU2-22 to 'xx1x'. See FU2-22 ~ FU2-25.

When an under voltage (LV) fault, inverter disable (BX) or Arm short occurs, the drive does not restart automatically.

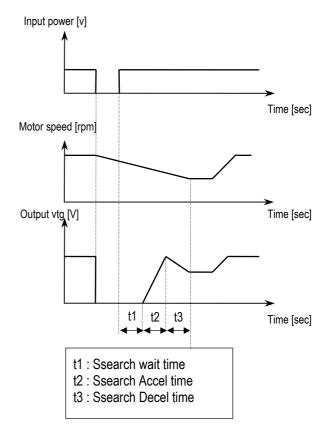


Note: Inverter decreases the retry number by one as a fault occurs. When restarted without a fault during 30 seconds, the inverter increases the retry number by one.

FU2-28: Speed search hold time FU2► SS blk time 28 1.0 sec 28 Factory Default: 1.0 sec 1.0

The inverter starts speed search function after the preset time t1 elapses. Set the desired time for inverter to restart the previous operation using Speed search function. Speed search function [FU2-22] is activated automatically during exchanging function.

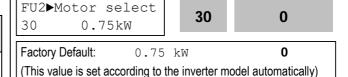
Code	Keypad display	Description	Factory setting	Setting Range
FU2-28	SS blk time	Speed search hold time during speed search	1 sec	0 ~ 60 sec



Note: This parameter is not valid when low voltage (LV) fault or instant power loss (within 15msec) occurs.

FU2-30: Rated Motor Selection
FU2-31: Number of Motor Pole
FU2-32: Rated Motor Slip
FU2-33: Rated Motor Current
FU2-34: No Load Motor Current
FU2-36: Motor Efficiency
FU2-37: Load Inertia

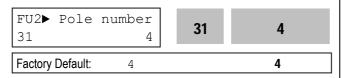
If you do not set these values, inverter will use its default values.



This parameter sets the motor capacity. Other motor related parameters are changed automatically according to motor capacity. The motor related parameters are FU2-32 [Rated Motor Slip], FU2-33 [Rated Motor Current], FU2-34

[No Load Motor Current], FU2-42 [Stator Resistance], FU2-43 [Rotor Resistance], and FU2-44 [Leakage Inductance].

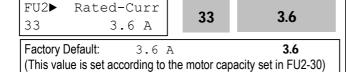
If you know the motor parameters, set the values in the relevant codes for better control performance.



This is used to display the motor speed. If you set this value to 2, inverter will display 3600 rpm instead 1800rpm at 60Hz output frequency. (See motor nameplate)

FU2► 32	Rated-	-Slip 00 Hz	32	3.00
Factory [Default:	3.00 H	Z	3.00

This is used in 'Slip Compensation' control. If you set this value incorrectly, motor may stall during slip compensation control. (See motor nameplate)



This is very importance parameter that must be set correctly. This value is referenced in many other inverter parameters. (See motor nameplate)

Factory Default: 1.8 A 1.8 (This value is set according to the motor capacity set in FU2-30)

This parameter is only displayed when 'Slip Compen' is selected in FU2-40 [Control Method].

This function is used to maintain constant motor speed. To keep the motor speed constant, the output frequency varies within the limit of slip frequency set in FU2-32 according to the load current. For example, when the motor speed decreases below the reference speed (frequency) due to a heavy load, the inverter increases the output frequency higher than the reference frequency to increase the motor speed. The inverter increases or

decreases the output by delta frequency shown below.

Delta Freq. =
$$\frac{\text{Output current - No load current}}{\text{Rated current - No load current}} \times \text{Rated Slip}$$

Output frequency = Reference freq. + Delta freq.

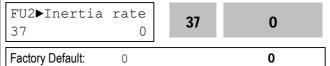


Factory Default: % - (This value is set according to the motor capacity set in FU2-30)

36	Efficiency 72 %	36	72

Factory Default: 72% **72**(This value is set according to the motor capacity set in FU2-30)

This value is used for calculating the output wattage when FU2-72 is set to 'Watt'.



This parameter is used for sensorless control, minimum Accel/Decel, optimum Accel/Decel and speed search. For better control performance, this value must be set as exact as possible.

Set '0' for loads that has load inertia less than 10 times that of motor inertia.

Set '1' for loads that have load inertia about 10 times that of motor inertia.

FU2-38: Carrier Frequency



Code	LCD Display	Description	Setting	Setting range
FU2- 38	Carrier freq	Carrier Frequency	5 [kHz]	1 ~ 15 [kHz]

This parameter affects the audible sound of the motor, noise emission from the inverter, inverter termperature, and leakage current. If the ambient temperature where the inverter is installed is high or other equipment may be affected by potential inverter noise, set this value lower. If set above 10kHz, use it by reducing 5%[1kHz] of the rated current. Setting Carrier frequency set below 2.5[kHz] when the FU2-39 [Control mode selection] is set to Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ could weaken the control performance.

FU2-39: Control mode selection

FU2▶Contro	,	39	0
39	V/F	0.2	
Factory Default:	V/F		0

Selects the control mode of the inverter

FU2-40 setting	LCD Display	Description
0	V/F	V/F Control
1	Slip compen	Slip compensation
2	Sensorless_S	Sensorless vector control speed operation
3	Sensorless_T	Sensorless vector control torque operation
4	Vector_SPD	Vector control speed operation
5	Vector_TRQ	Vector control torque operation

Note: Setting Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ is only valid when the inverter is equipped with SUB-B board and EXT-12 [F mode] is set to Feed-back. Vector control comprises of Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ with secsorless vector Sensorless_S and Sensorless_T.

V/F control:

This parameter controls the voltage/frequency ratio constant. It is recommended to use the torque boost function when a greater starting torque is required. Related function: FU1-26~28 [Torque boost]

Slip compensation:

This function is used to maintain constant motor speed. To keep the motor speed constant, the output frequency

varies within the limit of slip frequency set in FU2-32 according to the load current. For example, when the motor speed decreases below the reference speed (frequency) due to a heavy load, the inverter increases the output frequency higher than the reference frequency to increase the motor speed. The inverter increases or decreases the output by delta frequency shown below.

Delta freq = Rated slip * (Output current - Motor No load current) / rated current - Motor No load current)
Output freq = Reference freq + Delta freq

Note: Motor parameters must be set correctly for optimal performance of control.

FU2-32~36 [Motor related parameters] is automatically determined by FU2-30 [Rated Motor selection]. Most suitable motor capacity corresponding inverter capacity is set as factory setting, but the following setting value can be adjusted if necessary.

Related parameter: FU2-30~37 [Motor related parameters]

Code	LCD Display	Description
FU2-30	Motor select	Select motor capacity
FU2-32	Rated-Slip	Motor rated slip (Hz)
FU2-33	Rated-Curr	Motor rated current (rms)
FU2-34	Noload-Curr	Motor no load current (rms)
FU2-36	Efficiency	Motor efficiency (%)
FU2-37	Inertia rate	Motor inertia rate

Sensorless_S (Sensorless vector speed control) operation:

Use it when 1) high starting torque needed at low speed 2) load fluctuation is high 3) rapid response needed.

If not using LG 220V/440V Class motor: Set Yes in FU2-40 [Auto tuning] first.

Vector_SPD (Vector control speed) operation: only valid when Sub-B board is mounted (Speed-detecting Encoder installed to the motor).

Related Functions: FU2-30~37 [Motor related parameters]
FU2-41~44 [Motor constant]
FU2-45~46 [P/I gain for Sensorless]
EXT-25~26 [P/I gain for Vector_SPD],
EXT-27~28 [Torque limit for Vector_SPD]

Cor	nditions for Sensorless Vector Control		Over current fault can occur if the FU2-41 [Stator
Con	ditions for sensorless control are as follows. If one of		Resistance (Rs)] is set to a value more than twice the
the	following conditions is not satisfied, the inverter may		auto tuned value
mal	function with insufficient torque, irregular rotation, or		Max setting range is 300 Hz.
	essive motor noise. It is recommended to use V/F		5 5
con	trol.		
	Use a motor capacity that is equal to or one horsepower level lower than the inverter capacity. Two different motor parameters can be set for one inverter, but use only one motor parameter for sensorless control.	Det □	ail Tuning Method for Sensorless Vector Control Adjust the FU2–34 [No Load Motor Current (RMS)] value larger or smaller by 5% units if the current is larger or smaller than that of V/F control with small load.
	If the motor in use is not LG 220V/440V Class motor or using 220V/380V dual use motor, utilize the auto tuning feature in FU2-40 [Auto tuning] before starting.		Adjust the FU2–32 [Rated Motor Slip] value larger or smaller by 5% units if the speed is faster or slower than that of V/F control with small load.
	Set appropriate values for the electronic thermal function, the overload limit function and the stall prevention. The set values should not exceed 150%	•	Sensorless_T(Sensorless Vector Torque) Operation: Vector_TRQ (Vector control torque) Operation: All settings are the same as Vector_SPD except
	of the rated motor current. When DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] is set to "V1", "I", or "V1+I", eliminate any potential noise influence with		using torque reference for torque control.
	the frequency reference. Pole number of the motor should be 2 pole, 4 pole, or 6 pole.		
	The distance between the inverter and the motor should not exceed 100m (328 ft).		
Pre	cautions When Using Sensorless Control		
	Forced-cooling should be used for the motor when the average operating speed is under 20Hz and more than 100% load is used constantly.		
	The motor may rotate 0.5% faster than the maximum speed if the motor temperature does not reach normal operating temperature.		
	The performance can be improved during regeneration for systems with frequent acceleration and deceleration operations by installing the DB (Dynamic Brake) braking unit option.		
	Utilize the auto-tuning feature when the motor reaches normal temperature (average temperature where the motor normally operates).		
	Output torque may be reduced when an output filter option is used between the inverter and the motor.		
	Speed change is more frequent than the V/F control.		
	If the speed changes excessively when the FU2–38		
	[Carrier Frequency Selection] is set to a value more		
	than 10kHz, change the setting to 5~10kHz.		

FU2-40 ~ 44 [Auto tuning] FU2▶ Auto tuning 40 0 40 --- NO ---0 Factory Default: NO FU2▶ 41 0.171 41 0.171 ohm Factory Default: 0.171 ohm 0.171 FU2▶ Lsigma * 42 3.34 42 3.34 mH Factory Default: 3.34 mH 3.34 FU2▶ Ls * 43 29.03 43 29.03 mH 29.03 mH 29.03 Factory Default: FU2▶ Tr * 44 260 44 260 ms Factory Default: 260 ms 260

- Note: * These values are automatically entered according to the FU2-30 [Rated motor selection]. The above values are displayed when FU2-30 is set to 5 (7.5 kW).
- The auto tuning function automatically measures the motor parameters needed for control selected in FU2-39[Control mode selection] such as stator resistance, rotor resistance, leakage inductance, no-load current and Encoder feedback frequency. The motor does not rotate during auto tuning so there is no need to separate the motor from the system.
- Encoder operating status can be checked.
- The rated current, voltage, efficiency and slip described in the motor nameplate should be entered before performing auto tuning. If efficiency is not indicated on the nameplate, use the preset value.
- All or selected parameters can be tuned in Autotuning mode.

[Motor rotation mode when set to All, Enc Test, Tr]

- With PG Option installed: if FU2-40 is set to All, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma), Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr), Speed Encoder status and Rotor constants (Tr) are calculated.
- Without PG Option installed: if FU2-40 is set to All, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma), Stator inductance (Ls) and No-load current (Noload-Curr) are calculated.
- 3. If FU2-40 is set to Rs + Lsigma, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma) are calculated.
- 4. Either PG Status or Rotor constant (Tr) can be checked with PG option card installed.

[Motor non-rotation mode when set to Rs + Lsigma]

- 1. Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma) can be calculated by setting FU2-40 to Rs + Lsigma.
- 2. User should set Stator resistance (Rs), No-load current (Noload-Curr) and Rotor constants (Tr).
- 3. To automatically calculate the Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr) and Rotor constants (Tr), set the motor rotation mode and FU2-40 to All.

[With PG option card installed]

- 1. Set EXT-12 to Feed-back.
- 2. Set EXT-15 to (A + B).
- If FU2-40 is set to All, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma), Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr), and Rotor constants (Tr) are calculated.
- 4. Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma) can be calculated by setting FU2-40 to Rs + Lsigma.
- 5. User should set the Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr) and Rotor constants (Tr) if FU2-40 is set to Rs + Lsigma.

[Without PG option card installed]

- If FU2-40 is set to All, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma), Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr) are calculated.
- 2. If FU2-40 is set to Rs + Lsigma, Stator resistance (Rs), Leakage inductance (Lsigma) is calculated.
- 3. User should set the Stator inductance (Ls), No-load current (Noload-Curr).

FU2-40	LCD display	Description
0	No	Auto-tuning disabled
1	All	Auto-tuning all
ı	All	parameters
		Stator resistance (Rs) and
2	Rs + Lsigma	Leakage inductance
		(Lsigma) Auto-tuning
3	Enc Test	PG status check
4	Tr	Rotor constant(Tr)
4	11	calculation

- Note 1: Ls and Noload-Curr are only valid during Motor Rotation mode.
- Note 2: The motor constants values change with temperature change, so auto tuning is to be conducted after the temperature of the motor is stabilized.
- Note 3: The auto-tuning result could be different unless LG motor is used.
- Note 4: The actual motor parameters (Rs, Rr, Lsigma, Tr) can be used or set by user.

Code	LCD display	Name	Description
FU2- 34	Noload-Curr	No Load Motor Current (RMS)	Setting and display the No Load Motor Current (RMS)
FU2- 40	Auto tuning	Auto Tuning	Auto-tuning enable
FU2-	Rs	Stator	Setting and display the
41	NS	resistance	Stator resistance Rs
FU2-	Leiama	Leakage	Setting and display the
42	Lsigma	inductance	Lsigma
FU2-	Ls	Stator	Setting and display the
43	LS	inductance	Stator inductance Ls
FU2-	Tr	Rotor	Setting and display the
44	11	constant	Rotor constant Tr.

[Keypad display during Auto-tuning of motor parameters]

Code	Displa	ay	Description	
Code	LED	7-Seg.	Description	
	Rs Tuning	T1	Displayed during Stator resistance (Rs) Auto-tuning	
	Lsigma Tuning	T2	Displayed during Leakage inductance (Lsigma) auto-tuning.	
FU2- 40	Ls Tuning	Т3	Displayed during Stator inductance (Ls) and No-load current auto-tuning.	
	ENC Test	T4	Displayed during Encoder autotuning.	
	Tr Tuning	T5	Displayed during Rotor filter time constant (Tr) auto-tuning	

[Keypad error display after Encoder test]

Code	Dis	play	Description
Code	LED	7-Segment	Description
FU2-	Enc Err	T6	Displayed when incorrect Encoder wiring error occurs
40	Enc Rev	T7	Displayed when Encoder wiring is connected reversly.

[Motor parameter display corresponding to inverter

capacityl

Closs	inverter	Motor parameter					
Class	capacity	Rs	Lsigma	Ls	Tr		
	0.8[kW] ~	X.XXX	X.XX	X.XX	XXX		
200V	5.5[kW]	ohm	mΗ	mΗ	ms		
2000	7.5[kW] ~ 55[kW]	X.X	X.XXX	X.XX	XXX		
	7.5[KVV] ~ 55[KVV]	mohm	mΗ	mΗ	ms		
	0.8[kW] ~	X.XX	X.X mH	X. mH	XXX		
	1.5[kW]	ohm	Λ.Λ ΙΙΙΠ	Λ. ΙΙΙΠ	ms		
400V	2.2[kW] ~ 15[kW]	X.XXX	X.XX	X.X mH	XXX		
4000	2.2[KVV] ~ 15[KVV]	ohm	mH \^.^ \\		ms		
	18.5[kW] ~	X.X	X.XXX	X.XX	XXX		
	75[kW]	mohm	mH	۸.۸۸	ms		

Note: For 7-segment Keypad, parameter unit is not displayed.

Related Functions: FU2-30~37 [Motor related parameters] FU2-39 [Control mode selection] EXT-01 [Sub Board Type Display] EXT-14 [Encoder Feedback Frequency] EXT-15 [Pulse Input Signal Selection]

FU2-45: P Gain for Sensorless Control FU2-46: I Gain for Sensorless Control

FU2▶ SL P-gain 45 1000 1000 45 Factory Default: 1000 1000

SL P-gain is the proportional gain of speed controller. If this value is set high, you can get fast speed response characteristic. However, if this value is set too high, the steady state characteristics may become unstable.

Chapter 6 - Parameter Description [FU2]

FU2► SL I-gain
46 100

Factory Default: 100 100

SL I-gain is the integral gain of speed controller. If this value is set low, you can get better transient response characteristic and steady state characteristic. However, if this value is set too low, there may be an overshoot in speed control.

Note: The response time of a system is affected by the load inertia. For better control performance, set the FU2-37 [Load Inertia] correctly.

Related Functions: FU2-30 ~ FU2-37 [Motor Parameters]

FU2-40 [Control Method]

FU2-47: PID Operation Selection

FU2▶Proc PI mode
47 --- No --
Factory Default: No 0

This code selects the PID control.

For HVAC or Pump applications, the PID control can be used to adjust the actual output by comparing a feedback with a 'Set-point' given to the inverter. This 'Set-point' can be in the form of Speed, Temperature, Pressure, Flow level, etc. The 'Set-point' and the feedback signals are provided externally to the inverter analog input terminals V1, V2 or I. The inverter compares the signals in calculating 'total-error' which is reflected in the inverter output.

Please see FU2-50 to FU2-54 for more detail.

Note: PID control can be bypassed to manual operation temporarily by defining one of the multifunction input terminals (P1~P3) to "Open-loop". The inverter will change to manual operation from PID control when this terminal is ON, and change back to PID control when this terminal is OFF.

Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
| I/O-01 to I/O-10 [Analog Signal Setting]
| I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input]
| EXT-15 to EXT-21 [Pulse Input Setting]
| FU2-50 to FU2-54 [PID Feedback]

FU2-48: PID F Gain

FU2-49: PID Reference Mode Selection FU2-50: PID Output Direction Selection

FU2► PID F-Gain
48 0.0 %

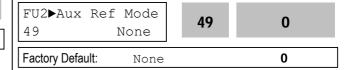
Factory Default: 0.0%

0.00

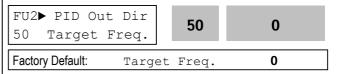
This code sets F Gain value for use of Feed Forward control.

When it is set to 100%, the responsiveness (%) of output F gain value from controller reference value is 100%. Used when fast response is needed.

Caution) Control System output may become unstable if this value is set too high.



This code selects reference input for PID control.



This code selects the direction of output value of PID controller. The output value is added to Target frequency.

FU2-51: PID Feedback Signal Selection

Select the feedback signal for PID control. This can be set one of 'I' (4-20mA), 'V1', 'V2' according to the signal (current or voltage) and the terminal (V1 (0-10V) or V2 (Sub-B board)). Refer to I/O 6-10 for I, I/O1-5 for V1 and EXT-5-10 [V2 Analog Ref. Freq setting] for V2.



Set the proportional gain for PID control. When P-Gain is set at 100% and I-Time at 0.0 second, it means the PID controller output is 100% for 100% error value. P-Gain is set to 50% and I-Time to 0.0 sec, PID controller output becomes 50% for 100% error value.



Set the integral gain for PID control. This is the time the PID controller takes to output 100% for 100% error value.



Set the differential gain for PID control.

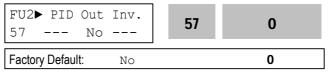
FU2► PI 55	D limit-H 60.00 Hz 55	60.00
Factory Defa	ault: 60.00 Hz	60.00

This is the frequency upper limit at which the output frequency is limited during PID control.

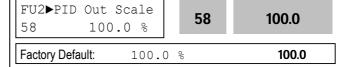
FU2▶	PID limi	Lt-L	F (0.00
56	0.00	Ηz		56	0.00
Factory	Default:	0.00	Н	Z	0.00

This is the frequency lower limit at which the output frequency is limited during PID control.

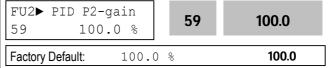
FU2-57: PID Output Inversion FU2-58: PID Output Scale FU2-59: PID P2 Gain FU2-60: P Gain Scale



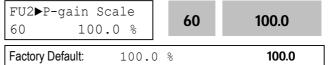
This code is used to invert PID controller output.



This code sets the scale of PID controller output.



This code sets the second P-Gain for PID control.



This code sets the scale of P-Gain and P2-Gain. (FU2-52, FU2-59)

- PID output value can be set to '0' by setting a multifunction input terminal (P1 ~ P6) to 'Open loop' in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 or EXT-02 ~ EXT-04.
- The accumulated value by I-Gain can be set to '0' by setting a multi-function input terminal (P1 ~ P6) to 'iTerm Clear' in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 or EXT-02 ~ EXT-04.
- The second P-Gain can be selected for PID controller by setting a multi-function input (I/O-12 ~ I/O14 or EXT-02 ~ EXT-04) to 'Open-loop'.

[P Control] This is to compensate the error of a system proportionally. This is used to make the controller response fast for an error. When P control is used alone, the system is easily affected by an external disturbance during steady state.

[I Control] This is to compensate the error of a system integrally. This is used to compensate the steady state error by accumulating them. Using this control alone makes the system unstable.

[PI control] This control is stable in many systems. If "D control" is added, it becomes the 3rd order system. In some systems this may lead to system instability.

[D Control] Since the D control uses the variation ratio of error, it has the merit of controlling the error before the error is too large. The D control requires a large control quantity at start, but has the tendency of increasing the stability of the system. This control does not affect the steady state error directly, but increases the system gain because it has an attenuation effect on the system. As a result, the differential control component has an effect on decreasing the steady state error. Since the D control operates on the error signal, it cannot be used alone. Always use it with the P control or PI control.

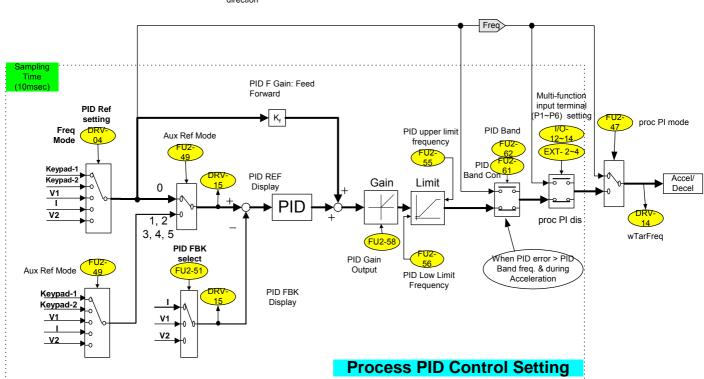
Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]

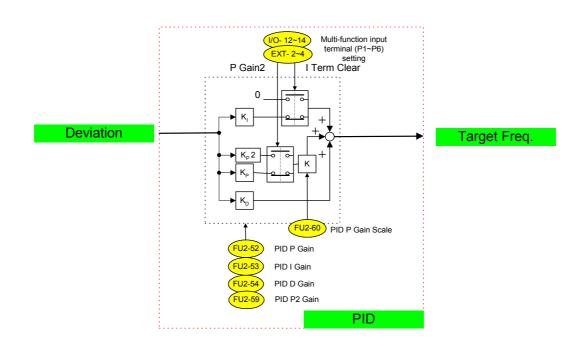
FU2-40 [Control Method]

I/O-01 ~ I/O-10 [Analog Signal Scaling] EXT-15 ~ EXT-21 [Pulse Input Signals]

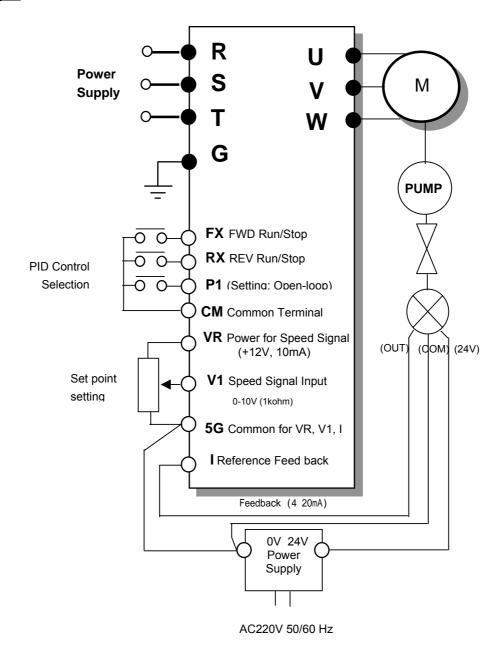
PID Control Block Diagram







PID Wiring Example

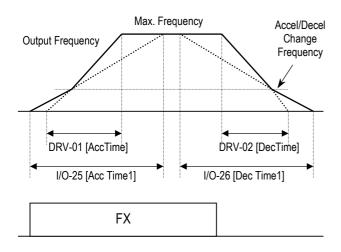


FU2-69: Accel/Decel Change Frequency

FU2►Acc/De	c ch F	70	0
Factory Default:	0.00	Hz	0

This function is used to change Accel/Decel ramp at a certain frequency. This is useful in textile machine application.

Note: If the multi-function input terminal (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14) is set to 'XCEL-L', XCEL-M', or XCEL-H', The Multi-Accel/Decel Time (I/O-25 ~ I/O-38) has the priority.



[Accel/Decel Change Operation]

FU2-70: Reference Frequency for Accel/Decel

FU2▶Acc/Dec freq 70 Max freq	70	0
Factory Default: Max	freq	0

This is the reference frequency for acceleration and deceleration. If a decided Accel/Decel time from a frequency to a target frequency is required, set this value to 'Delta freq'.

Setting Range		Description
LCD 7-Seg		Description
Max freq	0	The Accel/Decel time is the time that takes to reach the maximum frequency from 0 Hz.
Delta freq	1	The Accel/Decel time is the time that takes to reach a target frequency from a frequency (currently operating frequency).

Related Functions: DRV-01, DRV-02 [Accel/Decel Time] FU2-71 [Accel/Decel Time Scale] $I/O-25 \sim I/O-38$ [1st $\sim 7^{th}$ Accel/Decel Time]

FU2-71: Accel/Decel Time Scale

FU2► 71	Time sca 0.1 se	_	71	1
Factory Default: 0.1			C	0.1

This is used to change the time scale.

Related Functions:	DRV-01, DRV-02 [Accel/Decel Time]
	FU2-70 [Reference Freq. for Accel/Decel]
	I/O-25 ~ I/O-38 [1st ~ 7th Accel/Decel Time]

Setting Range		Description	
LCD 7-Seg		Description	
0.01 sec	0	The Accel/Decel time is changed by 0.01 second. The maximum setting range is 600 seconds.	
0.1 sec	1	The Accel/Decel time is changed by 0.1 second. The maximum setting range is 6000 seconds.	
1 sec	2	The Accel/Decel time is changed by 1 second. The maximum setting range is 60000 seconds.	

FU2-72: Power On Display

FU2▶PowerOn 72	disp 0	72	0
Factory Default:	0		0

This code selects the parameter to be displayed first on keypad (DRV-00) when the power is turned on.

Setting Range	Description
0	DRV-00 [Command Frequency]
1	DRV-01 [Acceleration Time]
2	DRV-02 [Deceleration Time]
3	DRV-03 [Drive Mode]
4	DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
5	DRV-05 [Step Frequency 1]
6	DRV-06 [Step Frequency 2]
7	DRV-07 [Step Frequency 3]
8	DRV-08 [Output Current]
9	DRV-09 [Motor Speed]
10	DRV-10 [DC link Voltage
11	DRV-11 [User Display selected in FU2-73]
12	DRV-12 [Fault Display]

FU2-73: User	display	selection
--------------	---------	-----------

Related Function: DRV-11 [User display selection]

Select the display as shown below in FU2-73 [User display selection].

Setting	FU2-73	Name	Description
0	Voltage	Output voltage	Display output voltage of the inverter (Factory setting)
1	Watt	Output power	Display output power of the inverter

Note: The displayed value of "Watt" is approximate value.

FU2-74: Gain for Motor Speed Display

FU2► RPM 1	factor 100 %	74	100
Factory Default:	100 %		100

This code is used to change the motor speed display to rotating speed (r/min) or mechanical speed (m/min). The display is calculated by following equation.

Rotating speed = $120 \times F / P$, where F=Output frequency, P= motor pole number

Mechanical speed = Rotating speed x Motor RPM Display Gain

Related Functions: DRV-00 [Output Frequency]
DRV-09 [Motor Speed]
FU2-31 [Number of Motor Pole]

FU2-75: DB (Dynamic Braking) Resistor Mode Selection

FU2▶	DB m	iode	75 1		1	
75	Int.	DB-R		13		
Factory	Default:	Int.	D.	B-R	1	

This code is used to protect the DB resistor from over heating.

Setting Ra	nge	Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
None	0	This is selected when there is no resistor connected. At this time, inverter does not generate DB turn on signal.
Int. DB-R	1	This is selected when using the internal DB resistor. This must be selected for 1~5 HP inverters because they have internal DB resistor as a default. Enable Duty (%): 2 ~ 3 % Continuous Turn On Time: 5 seconds
Ext. DB-R	2	This is selected when using an external DB resistor. This must be selected for 7.5~10 HP inverters. This must be selected for 1~5 HP inverters in case of using an external DB resistor. Enable Duty (%): 0 ~ 30 % Continuous Turn On Time: 15 seconds

- The inverter turns the DB turn on signal OFF when the Continuous Turn On Time expires during dynamic braking, and an over voltage fault can occur. When this happens, increase the deceleration time or install an external highduty DB resistor.
- Install an exterior high-duty DB resistor when the load accelerates and decelerates frequently. Set the FU2-75 [DB Resistor Mode selection] to 'Ext. DB-R', and set the FU2-76 [Duty of DB Resistor].
- This does not apply to 15~30 HP inverters. They need the Optional DB unit to use DB resistor.

FU2-76: Duty of DB (Dynamic Braking) Resistor

FU2► 76	DB %1	ED 10 %	76	10
Factory	Default:	10 %		10

This must be set when using an external DB resistor. The duty is calculated by '%ED=Decel time * 100 / (Accel time + Steady speed time + Decel time + Stop status time)'.

FU2-79: Software Version

FU2▶ S/W Version 79 X.X 79 Ver X.X Factory Default: X.X Ver. X.X

Displays the software version. This will vary depending on software version integrated.

FU2-81 ~ FU2-90: 2nd Motor Related Functions

These functions are displayed only when one of the multifunction inputs is set at '2nd func' in I/O-12 to I/O-14. When using two motors with an inverter by exchanging them, different values can be set for the 2nd motor by using the multifunction input terminal.

Following table is the 2nd functions corresponding to the 1st functions.

2 nd Functions	1st Functions	Description
FU2-81	DRV-01	Acceleration time
[2nd Acc time]	[Acc. time]	Acceleration time
FU2-82	DRV-02	Deceleration time
[2nd Dec time]	[Dec. time]	Deceleration time
FU2-83	FU1-21	Base Frequency
[2nd BaseFreq]	[Base freq]	Dase Frequency
FU2-84	FU1-29	Volts/Hz mode
[2nd V/F]	[V/F Pattern]	VOILS/112 IIIOUE
FU2-85	FU1-27	Forward torque boost
[2nd F-boost]	[Fwd Boost]	i orward torque boost
FU2-86	FU1-28	Reverse torque boost
[2nd R-boost]	[Rev Boost]	Neverse torque boost
FU2-87	FU1-60	Stall prevention level
[2nd Stall]	[Stall Level]	Stall prevention level
FU2-88	FU1-51	ETH level for 1 minute
[2nd ETH 1min]	[ETH 1min]	LTTTIEVELIOI TTIIIIIULE
FU2-88	FU1-52	ETH level for continuous
[2nd ETH cont]	[ETH cont]	LTTT level for continuous
FU2-90	FU2-33	Motor rated current
[2nd R-Curr]	[Rated-Curr]	וייטנטי זמנכט טעוזכוונ

The 1st functions are applied if the multifunction terminal is not defined to '2nd Func' or if it is not ON. The 2nd function parameters are applied when the multifunction input terminal set to '2nd Func' is ON. Parameters not listed on the table above are applied to the 2nd motor as to the 1st motor.

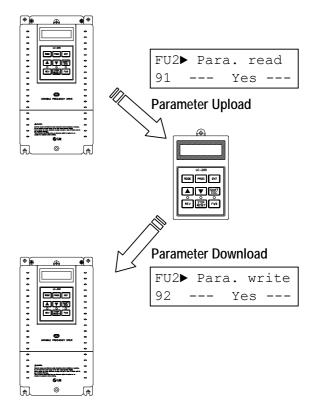
- Exchange the motor connection from the 1st motor to the 2nd motor or the opposite when the motor is stopped. Over voltage or over current fault can occur when the motor connection is exchanged during operation.
- The 'User V/F' function of FU1-29 [V/F Pattern] is used for both the 1st motor and the 2nd motor.

FU2-91: Parameter Read FU2-92: Parameter Write



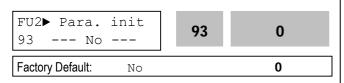
This is useful for programming multiple inverters to have same parameter settings. The LCD keypad can read (upload) the parameter settings from the inverter memory

and can write (download) them to other inverters. This function is only available with LCD keypad.



Chapter 6 - Parameter Description [FU2]

FU2-93: Parameter Initialize

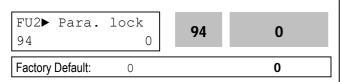


This is used to initialize parameters back to the factory default values. Each parameter group can be initialized separately.

Setting Rar	nge	Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
No	0	Displayed after initializing parameters.
All Groups	1	All parameter groups are initialized to factory default value.
DRV	2	Only Drive group is initialized.
FU1	3	Only Function 1 group is initialized.
FU2	4	Only Function 2 group is initialized.
I/O	5	Only Input/Output group is initialized.
EXT	6	Only External group is initialized.
COM	7	Only Communication group is initialized.
APP	8	Only Application group is initialized.

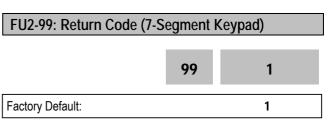
Note: FU1-30 ~ FU1-37 [Motor Parameters] must be set first after initializing parameters.

FU2-94: Parameter Lock



This function is used to lock the parameters from being changed. When the parameters are locked, the display arrow changes from solid to dashed line.

The lock and unlock code is '12'.



This code is used to exit a group when using a 7-segment keypad. After pressing PROG/ENT key, set the value to '1' and press the PROG/ENT key again to exit.

Related Functions:	FU1-99 [Return Code]
	I/O-99 [Return Code]
	EXT-99 [Return Code]
	COM-99 [Return Code]

6.4 Input/Output Group [I/O]

I/O-00: Jump to Desired Code

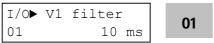
I/O▶ Jump code 00 1

Factory Default:

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

I/O-01 ~ I/O-05: Analog Voltage Input (V1) Signal Adjustment

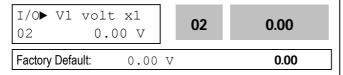
This is used to adjust the analog voltage input signal when the frequency is referenced by the control terminal 'V1'. This function is applied when DRV-04 is set to 'V1' or 'V1+I'. Reference frequency versus Analog voltage input curve can be made by four parameters of I/O-02 ~ I/O-04.



10

Factory Default: 10 10 ms

This is the filtering time constant for V1 signal input. Increase this value if the V1 signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation of the inverter. Increasing this value makes response time slower.



This is the minimum voltage of the V1 input at which inverter outputs minimum frequency.

I/O▶ V1 freq y1 03 0.00 Hz	03	0.00
Factory Default: 0 00	Н 7	0.00

This is the inverter output minimum frequency when there is the minimum voltage (I/O-02) on the V1 terminal. In torque mode, the display is changed to [%].

I/O▶	V1	volt x2	
04		0.00 V	

10.00 04

Factory Default: 10.00 V 10.00

This is the maximum voltage of the V1 input at which inverter outputs maximum frequency.

I/O▶	V1	freq y	2
05		freq y 60.00	Ηz

05

60.00

Factory Default:

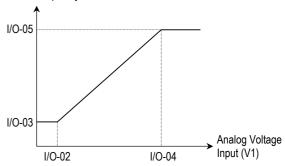
60.00 Hz

60.00

This is the inverter output maximum frequency when there is the maximum voltage (I/O-03) on the V1 terminal. In torque mode, the display is changed to [%]. Setting FU2-39 [Control mode select] to Vector_Torque or Sensorless_T, the setting value is changed to Torque value as below.

Code	Factory Default	Setting Range
I/O-02	0 [V]	0 ~ 10 [V]
I/O-03	0 [%]	0 ~ 150[%]
I/O-04	10 [V]	0 ~ 10 [V]
I/O-05	100 [%]	0 ~ 150[%]

Reference Frequency



[Reference Frequency vs. Analog Voltage Input, V1 (0 to 10V)]

Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency]

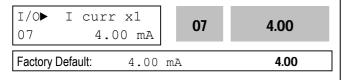
I/O-06 ~ I/O-10: Analog Current Input (I) Signal Adjustment

This is used to adjust the analog current input signal when the terminal 'I' references the frequency. This function is applied when DRV-04 is set to 'V1' or V1+I'. Reference

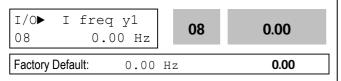
frequency versus Analog current input curve can be made by four parameters of I/O-07 \sim I/O-10.



This is the filtering time constant for 'l' signal input. If the 'l' signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation of the inverter, increase this value. Increasing this value makes response time slower.



This is the minimum current of the 'l' input at which inverter outputs minimum frequency.



This is the inverter output minimum frequency when there is minimum current (I/O-07) on the 'I' terminal. In torque mode, the display is changed to [%].

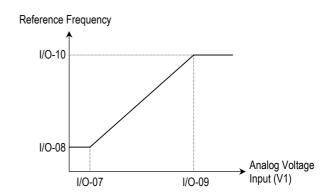
I/O► 09	I curr 20.00		09	20.00
Factory	Default:	20.00	0 mA	20.00

This is the maximum current of the 'I' input at which inverter outputs maximum frequency.

I/O▶ I 10	freq y2 60.00 Hz	10	60.00
Factory Defa	nult: 60.00	O Hz	60.00

This is the inverter output maximum frequency when there is the maximum current (I/O-09) on the 'I' terminal. In torque mode, the display is changed to [%]. Setting FU2-39 [Control mode select] to Vector_Torque or Sensorless_T, the setting value is changed to Torque value as below;

Code	Default	Setting	Code	Default	Setting
I/O-07	4 [mA]	0 ~ 20[mA]	I/O-09	20[mA]	0 ~ 20[mA]
I/O-08	0 [%]	0 ~ 150[%]	I/O-10	100[%]	0 ~ 150[%]



[Reference Frequency vs. Analog Current Input, I (4 to 20mA)]

Related Functions:	DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
	FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency]

I/O-11: Criteria for Analog Input Signal Loss

I/O▶ Wire broke 11 None	n 11 0
Factory Default: No	one 0

This is to set the criteria for analog input signal loss when DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] is set to 'V1', 'I' or 'V1+I'. Following table shows the setting value.

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
None	0	Does not check the analog input signal.	
half of x1	1	The inverter determines that the frequency reference is lost when the analog input signal is less than half of the minimum value (I/O-02 or I/O-07).	
below x1	2	The inverter determines that the frequency reference is lost when the analog input signal is less than the minimum value (I/O-02 or I/O-07).	

When the analog input signal is lost, inverter displays the following table.

Setting		Description		
LCD	7-Seg	Description		
LOP	PL	Loss of frequency reference from Option Board (DPRAM time out)		
LOR	RL	Loss of frequency reference from Option Board (Communication fault)		
LOV	VL	Loss of analog input signal, V1		
LOI	IL	Loss of analog input signal, I		
LOX	XL	Loss of frequency reference from Sub-Board, V2 or ENC		

Related Functions: I/O-48 [Lost command] selects the operation after determining the loss of frequency reference.

The following table shows the selection in I/O-48.

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
None	0	Continuous operating after loss of frequency reference.	
FreeRun	1	Inverter cuts off its output after determining loss of frequency reference.	
Stop	2	Inverter stops by its Decel pattern and Decel time after determining loss of frequency reference.	

I/O-49 [Time out] sets the waiting time before determining the loss of reference signal. Inverter waits to determine the loss of a reference signal until times out.

Command frequency can be issued as Rpm when setting rpm in DRV-16 [Hz/Rpm Display] and as Torque reference when FU2-39 [Control Mode Select]. Torque reference sets as the percentage of Rated Torque Current.

Note: I/O-48 and I/O-49 also apply when DRV-04 is set to 'Keypad-1' or 'Keypad-2' for determining the loss of command frequency.

Related Functions:	DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
	I/O-02 [V1 Input Minimum Voltage]
	I/O-07 [I Input Minimum Current]
	I/O-48 [Lost command]
	I/O-49 [Time out]

I/O-12~14, 93~97: Multi-function Input Terminal 'P1, P2, P3', 'RST', 'BX', 'JOG', 'FX', 'RX' Define I/O▶ P1 dedine 12 0 12 Speed-L Factory Default: 0 Speed-L I/O▶ P2 dedine 13 1 13 Speed-M 1 Factory Default: Speed-M I/O▶ P3 dedine 2 14 14 Speed-H Factory Default: Speed-H

Multi-function input terminals can be defined for many different applications. The following table shows the various definitions for them.

Note: From 40HP and above inverter, only BX is settable In I/O-94.

settable In I/O-			
Setting Rang	ge	Description	
LCD 7-Seg		Description	
Speed-L	0	Multi-step speed - Low	
Speed-M	1	Multi-step speed - Mid	
Speed-H	2	Multi-step speed - High	
XCEL-L	3	Multi-accel/decel - Low	
XCEL-M	4	Multi-accel/decel - Mid	
XCEL-H	5	Multi-accel/decel - High	
Dc-brake	6	DC injection braking during stop	
2nd Func	7	Exchange to 2 nd functions	
Exchange	8	Exchange to commercial power line	
-Reserved-	9	Reserved for future use	
Up	10	Up drive	
Down	11	Down drive	
3-Wire	12	3 wire operation	
Ext Trip-A	13	External trip A	
Ext Trip-B	14	External trip B	
iTerm Clear	15	Used for PID control	
Onen leen	16	Exchange between PID mode and	
Open-loop	16	V/F mode	
Main-drive	17	Exchange between Option and	
Main-drive	17	Inverter	
Analog hold	18	Hold the analog input signal	
XCEL stop	19	Disable accel and decel	
P Gain2	20	Used for PID control	
SEQ-L	21	Sequence operation - Low	
SEQ-M	22	Sequence operation - Mid	
SEQ-H	23	Sequence operation - High	
	0.4	Exchange between Sequence	
Manual	24	operation and Manual operation	
01	0.5	Triggering Sequence operation	
Go step	25	(Auto-B)	
Hold step	26	Hold last step (Auto-A)	
Trv Off.Lo	27		
Trv Off.Hi	28	Used for Traverse Operation	
Interlock1	29		
Interlock2	30	Lland for MMC or cration	
Interlock3	31	Used for MMC operation	
Interlock4	32		
Speed-X	33	Additional Step frequency selection	
Reset	34	Reset	
BX	35	Emergency Stop	
JOG	36	Jog	
FX	37	Forward Run/Stop	
RX	38	Reverse Run/Stop	
Ana Change	39	Analog input Switch-over	
Pre excite	40	Pre excitation.	
Spd/Torque	41	Speed/Torque Switch-over	
ASR P/PI	42	ASR P/PI control select	
7.01(17)1	12	/ 101 t 1 /1 1 0011t101 00100t	

Note: Refer to DRV-05~7, I/O-20~24, I/O-85~92 for I/O ~2, 33 Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H and Speed-X.

[Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H]

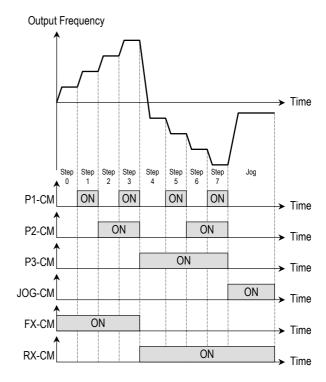
By setting P1, P2, P3 terminals to 'Speed-L', 'Speed-M' and 'Speed-H' respectively, inverter can operate at the preset frequency set in DRV-05 \sim DRV-07 and I/O-20 \sim I/O-24.

The step frequencies are determined by the combination of P1, P2 and P3 terminals as shown in the following table.

Step	Parameter	Speed-H	Speed-M	Speed-L
Frequency	Code	(P3)	(P2)	(P1)
Step Freq-0	DRV-00	0	0	0
Step Freq-1	DRV-05	0	0	1
Step Freq-2	DRV-06	0	1	0
Step Freq-3	DRV-07	0	1	1
Step Freq-4	I/O-21	1	0	0
Step Freq-5	I/O-22	1	0	1
Step Freq-6	I/O-23	1	1	0
Step Freq-7	I/O-24	1	1	1

0: OFF, 1: ON

- I/O-20 [Jog Frequency] can be used as one of the step frequencies.
- If the 'Jog' terminal is ON, inverter operates to Jog frequency regardless of other terminal inputs.



[Multi-Step Frequency Operation]

Related Functions: DRV-05 ~ DRV-07 [Step Frequency] I/O-20 [Jog Frequency]

I/O-20 ~ I/O-24 [Step Frequency]

Note: The frequency for 'Speed 0' is determined by DRV-04.

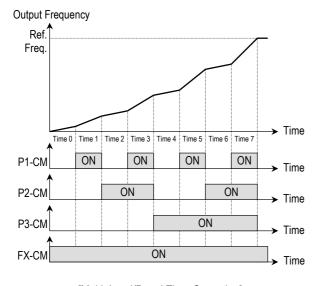
[XCEL-L, XCEL-M, XCEL-H]

By setting P1, P2 and P3 terminals to 'XCEL-L', 'XCEL-M' and 'XCEL-H' respectively, up to 8 different Accel and Decel times can be used. The Accel/Decel time is set in DRV-01 ~ DRV-02 and I/O-25 ~ I/O-38.

The Accel/Decel time is determined by the combination of P1, P2 and P3 terminals as shown in the following table.

Accel/Decel Time	Parameter Code	XCEL-H (P3)	XCEL-M (P2)	XCEL-L (P1)
Accel Time-0	DRV-01	0	0	0
Decel Time-0	DRV-02	0	0	0
Accel Time-1	I/O-25	0	0	4
Decel Time-1	I/O-26	0	0	1
Accel Time-2	I/O-27	0	4	0
Decel Time-2	I/O-28	0	1	0
Accel Time-3	I/O-29		4	4
Decel Time-3	I/O-30	0	1	1
Accel Time-4	I/O-31	4	0	0
Decel Time-4	I/O-32	1	0	0
Accel Time-5	I/O-34	4	0	4
Decel Time-5	I/O-35	1	0	1
Accel Time-6	I/O-36	4	1	0
Decel Time-6	I/O-37	1	ı	0
Accel Time-7	I/O-38	1	1	1
Decel Time-7	I/O-39	ı	ı	1

0: OFF, 1: ON



[Multi-Accel/Decel Time Operation]

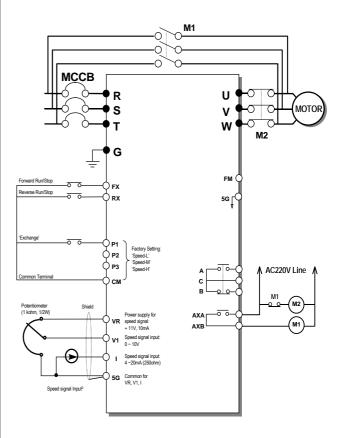
Related Functions: I/O-25 ~ I/O-38 [1st ~7th Accel/Decel Time]

[Dc-brake]

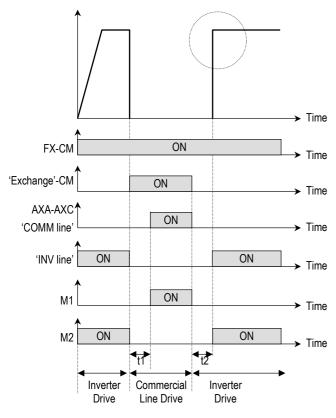
DC Injection Braking can be activated during inverter stopped by configuring one of the multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3) to 'Dc-bake'. To activate the DC Injection Braking, close the contact on the assigned terminal while the inverter is stopped.

[Exchange]

Exchange is used to bypass the motor from the inverter line to commercial power or the opposite. To bypass the motor to commercial line, set the 'Exchange' function in multi-function output terminal and 'INV line', 'COMM line' function in multi-function output terminal. Speed search function (FU2-22) is activated automatically during exchanging operation.



[Wiring to By-Pass Motor to Commercial line]

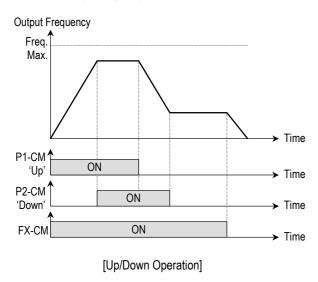


t1, t2: 50msec (interlock time)

[Exchanging Sequence]

[Up, Down]

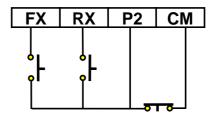
By using the Up and Down function, the drive can accelerate to a steady speed and decelerate down to a desired speed by using only two input terminals.



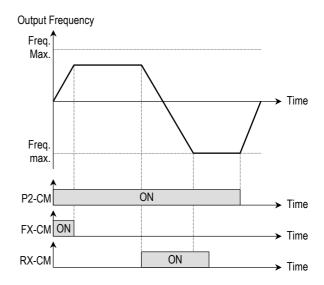
[3-Wire]

This function is for 3-wire start/stop control.

This function is mainly used with a momentary push button to hold the current frequency output during acceleration or deceleration.



[Wiring for 3-Wire Operation, P2 set to '3-Wire']



[3-Wire Operation]

[Ext Trip-A]

This is a normally open contact input. When a terminal set to 'Ext Trip-A' is ON, inverter displays the fault and cuts off its output. This can be used as an external latch trip.

[Ext Trip-B]

This is a normally closed contact input. When a terminal set to 'Ext Trip-B' is OFF, inverter displays the fault and cuts off its output. This can be used as an external latch trip.

[iTerm Clear]

This function is used for PID control. When this terminal is ON, the accumulated value by I-Gain is set to '0'. Refer to PID Control Block Diagram.

[Open-loop]

This is used to exchange the control mode of inverter from PID mode (Close Loop) to V/F mode (Open Loop). DRV-03 [Drive Mode] and DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] are applied when the mode has been changed.

Note: This function can be used only when the inverter is stopped.

[Main-drive]

When an option board (like RS485, DeviceNet, F-Net) is installed and used for the frequency setting and the run/stop command, the inverter operation can be changed to manual operation using this function without changing parameters.

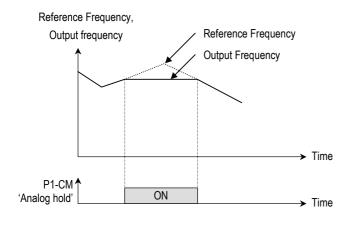
FU1-02 [Frequency Mode] and FU1-01 [Drive Mode] are applied when the mode has been changed.

Note: this function can be used only when the inverter is stopped.

[Analog hold]

When there is an analog input signal for frequency reference and 'Analog hold' terminal is ON, inverter fixes its output frequency regardless of the frequency reference change. The changed frequency reference is applied when the terminal is OFF.

This function is useful when a system requires constant speed after acceleration.



[Analog hold Operation]

[XCEL stop]

Inverter stops accelerating and decelerating when this terminal is ON.

[P Gain2]

This function is used to change P-Gain during PID operation. When this terminal is ON, PID controller changes P-Gain with PID P2-Gian set in FU2-59. Refer to PID Control Block Diagram.

[SEQ-L, SEQ-M, SEQ-H]

These functions are used for Auto drive (I/O-50). Five different sequences can be selected according to the combination of these terminals. Eight step frequencies, Accel/Decel time and steady speed time can be set for each sequence. The following table shows the sequence of selection.

Sequence #	Parameter Code	Speed-H (P3)	Speed-M (P2)	Speed-L (P1)
Sequence 1		0	0	1
Sequence 2	I/O-50 ~	0	1	0
Sequence 3		1	0	0
Sequence 4	I/O-84	0	1	1
Sequence 5		1	0	1

0: OFF, 1: ON

Note: The inverter stops after finishing all steps of that sequence once the Auto (Sequence) operation is started. To stop the inverter during sequence operation, use 'BX' terminal on the control terminal strip.

Related Functions: I/O-51 ~ I/O-84 [Sequence Operation]

[Manual]

This is used to exchange the operation mode of inverter from Auto (Sequence) to manual operation. DRV-03 [Drive Mode] and DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] are applied when the mode has been changed.

Note: This function can be used only when the inverter is stopped.

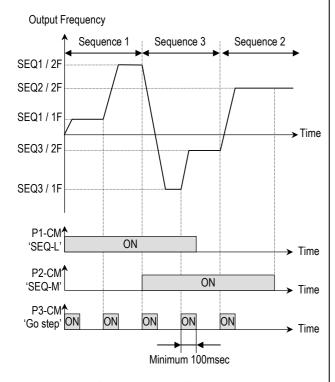
[Go step]

This is used to trigger the next step in a sequence of Auto-B operation.

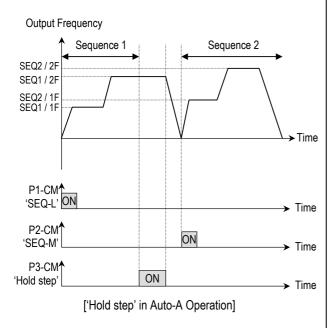
[Hold step]

This is used to hold the last step frequency in Auto-A operation.

Related Functions: I/O-51 ~ I/O-84 [Sequence Operation]



['Go step' in Auto-B Operation]



[Trv Off.Lo]

This function is used to make negative offset during traverse operation.

Related Functions: APP-06 ~ APP-07 [Traverse Offset]

[Trv Off.Hi]

This function is used to make positive offset during traverse operation.

Related Functions: APP-06 ~ APP-07 [Traverse Offset]

[Interlock1, 2, 3, 4]

This function is used for MMC operation. Refer to MMC operation.

Related Functions: APP-29 [Inter-Lock Selection]

[Reset]

This function is set to use it as fault reset terminal when ON.

[BX]

This function is set to use it as Emergency Stop terminal when ON.

[JOG]

This function is set to use Jog operation terminal when ON.

[FX]

This function is set to issue Forward Run.

[RX]

This function is set to issue Reverse Run.

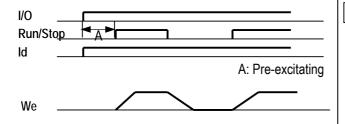
[Ana Change]

Inverter changes its frequency reference source from V1 to I when ON.

[Pre excite]

This setting switches the inverter in pre-exciting state when assignning Pre excite to the desired terminal. This function applies only the exciting current to a motor in Sensorless_S control. In Vector_SPD control, the inverter conducts pre-exciting to start a motor after the magnetic-flux is established and holding torque, even 200% of motor nominal torque is guaranteed. When the operation

command is set to ON, the state changes from pre-exciting to normal.



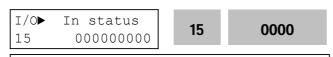
[Spd/Trq]

Speed or Torque mode select in Vector control. Disabled in Sensorless vector

[ASR P/PI]

P or PI control select in Vector_SPD control. Disabled in Sensorless vector

I/O-15: Terminal Input Status I/O-16: Terminal Output Status



Factory Default: 000000000

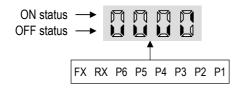
This code displays the input status of control terminals. Terminals P4, P5, P6 and Q1, Q2, Q3 are provided on optional Sub-Board.

[LCD Keypad Display]

<u> </u>									
Input	JOG	FX	RX	P6	P5	P4	P3	P2	P1
Terminals	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
OFF status	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ON status	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[7-Segment Keypad Display]

The 'JOG' terminal is not displayed on 7-Segment keypad.



This code displays the output status of control terminals.



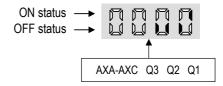
Factory Default: 0000

[LCD Keypad Display]

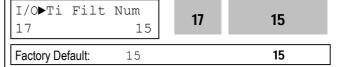
Output	AXA-AXC	Q3	Q2	Q1			
Terminals	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
OFF status	0	0	0	0			
ON status	1	1	1	1			

[7-Segment Keypad Display]

The 'JOG' terminal is not displayed on 7-Segment keypad.

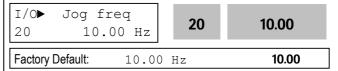


I/O-17: Filtering Time Constant for Multi-function Input Terminals

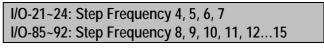


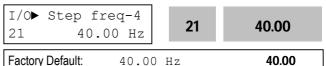
This is the response time constant for terminal inputs (JOG, FX, RX, P3, P2, P1, RST, BX). This is useful where there is a potential for noise. The response time is determined by 'Filtering time constant * 0.5msec'.

I/O-20: Jog Frequency



This code sets the jog frequency. See [Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H] in I/O-12 \sim I/O-14.





I/O▶ Step 24	freq-7 30.00 Hz	24	30.00	
Factory Defaul	t: 30.0	0 Hz	30.00	

These codes set the step frequencies. These frequencies are applied when the multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3, RST, BX, JOG, FX and RX) select the step. See [Speed-L, Speed-M, Speed-H, Speed-X] in I/O-12 \sim 14, I/O-33.

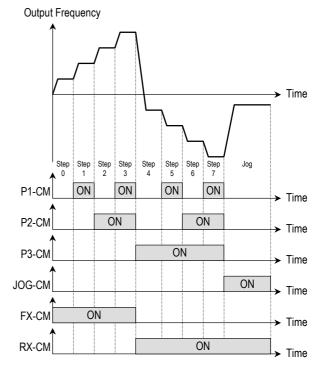
Related Functions:	DRV-04 [Frequency mode]
	DRV-05 ~ DRV-07 [Step Frequency 1 ~ 3]
	I/O-12 ~ 14, 93~97 [Multi-function inputs]
	I/O-17 [Filtering Time Constant]

Step Freq.	Code	Spd-X	Spd-H (P3)	Spd- M(P2)	Spd-L (P1)	Jog Ter.
Step Freq-0	DRV-00	0	0	0	0	0
Jog	I/O-20	Х	Х	Х	Х	1
Step Freq-1	DRV-05	0	0	0	1	0
Step Freq-2	DRV-06	0	0	1	0	0
Step Freq-3	DRV-07	0	0	1	1	0
Step Freq-4	I/O-21	0	1	0	0	0
Step Freq-5	I/O-22	0	1	0	1	0
Step Freq-6	I/O-23	0	1	1	0	0
Step Freq-7	I/O-24	0	1	1	1	0
Step Freq-8	I/O-85	1	0	0	0	0
Step Freq-9	I/O-86	1	0	0	1	0
Step Freq-10	I/O-87	1	0	1	0	0
Step Freq-11	I/O-88	1	0	1	1	0

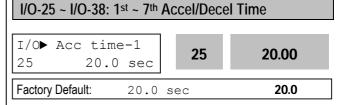
Step	I/O-89	1	1	0	0	0
Freq-12						
Step Freq-13	I/O-90	1	1	0	1	0
Step Freq-14	I/O-91	1	1	1	0	0
Step Freq-15	I/O-92	1	1	1	1	0

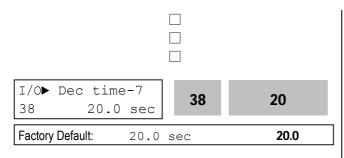
7- 0: OFF, 1: ON, X: Jog

- ** Speed-X: The highest speed input bit (used when one of RST, BX, JOG, FX, RX set to Speed-X)
- I/O-20 [Jog Frequency] can be used as one of the step frequencies.
- If the 'Jog' terminal is ON, inverter operates to Jog frequency regardless of other terminal inputs.



['JOG' and 'Multi-Step' Operation]

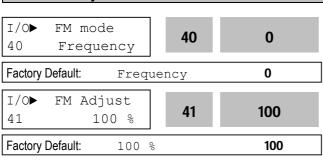




These codes are applied when the multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3) select the Accel/Decel time. See [XCEL-L, XCEL-M, XCEL-H] in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14.

Related Functions: DRV-01 ~ DRV-02 [Accel/Decel Time]
FU2-70 [Reference Freq. for Accel/Decel]
FU2-71 [Accel/Decel Time Scale]
I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 [Multi-function inputs]

I/O-40: FM (Frequency Meter) Output I/O-41: FM Adjustment



Frequency meter displays the inverter output Frequency, Current, Voltage and DC link voltage with pulse signals on the FM terminal. The average ranges from 0V to 10V. I/O-41 is used to adjust the FM value.

[Frequency]

FM terminal outputs inverter output frequency. The output value is determined by,

FM Output Voltage = (Output freq. / Max. freq.) \times 10V \times 10-41 / 100

[Current]

FM terminal outputs inverter output current. The output value is determined by,

FM Output Voltage = (Output current / Rated current) × 10V × IO-41 / 150

[Voltage]

FM terminal outputs inverter output voltage. The output

value is determined by,

FM Output Voltage = (Output voltage / Max. output voltage) × 10V × IO-41 / 100

[DC link vtg]

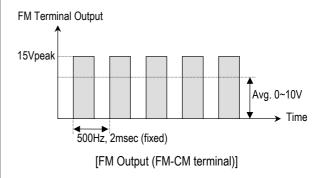
FM terminal outputs the DC link voltage of inverter. The output value is determined by,

FM Output Voltage = (DC link voltage / Max. DC link voltage) × 10V × IO-41 / 100

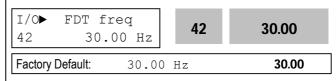
[Torque]

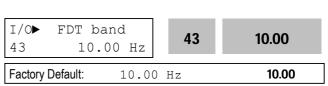
FM terminal outputs the Torque of inverter. The output value is determined by,

FM Output Voltage = (Torque current / Rated Torque current) × 10V × IO-41 / 150



I/O-42: FDT (Frequency Detection) Level I/O-43: FDT Bandwidth

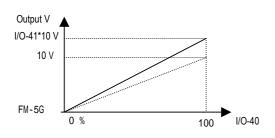




These functions are used in I/O-44 [Multi-function Auxiliary Contact Output]. See [FDT-#] in I/O-44.

Use Sub-Boards if you need to use multi-function output terminal Q1, Q2, and Q3.

Related Functions: I/O-44 [Multi-function Auxiliary Output]



I/O-44: Multi-function Auxiliary Contact Output define (AXA-AXC)

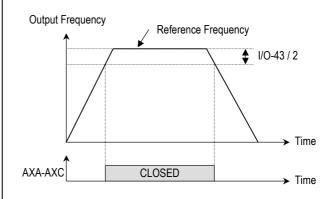
I/O▶ 44	Aux mo		44	12
Factory	Default:	Run		12

The auxiliary contact works (Close) when the defined condition has occurred.

Setting Range		Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
FDT-1	0	Output frequency arrival detection	
FDT-2	1	Specific frequency level detection	
FDT-3	2	Frequency detection with pulse	
FDT-4	3	Frequency detection with contact closure	
FDT-5	4	Frequency detection with contact closure (inverted FDT-4)	
OL	5	Overload detection	
IOL	6	Inverter overload detection	
Stall	7	Stall prevention mode detection	
OV	8	Over voltage detection	
LV	9	Low voltage detection	
OH	10	Overheat detection	
Lost Command	11	Lost command detection	
Run	12	Inverter running detection	
Stop	13	Inverter stop detection	
Steady	14	Steady speed detection	
INV line	15	Evolungo signal outputs	
COMM line	16	Exchange signal outputs	
Ssearch	17	Speed search mode detection	
Step pulse	18	Step detection in Auto mode	
Seq pulse	19	Sequence detection in Auto mode	
Ready	20	Inverter ready detection	
Trv. ACC	21	Traverse acceleration frequency	
Trv. DEC	22	Traverse deceleration frequency	
MMC	23	Used for MMC operation	
Zspd Dect	24	0 rpm Detection in Vector control	
Torq Dect	25	Torque Detection	

[FDT-1]

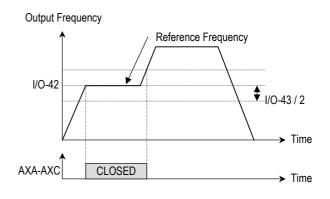
When the output frequency reaches the reference frequency (target frequency), AXA-AXC terminal is CLOSED.



[AXA-AXC configured as 'FDT-1']

[FDT-2]

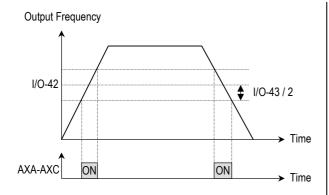
AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the reference frequency is in I/O-43 [FDT Bandwidth] centered on I/O-42 [FDT Frequency], and the output frequency reaches I/O-43 centered on I/O-42.



[AXA-AXC configured as 'FDT-2']

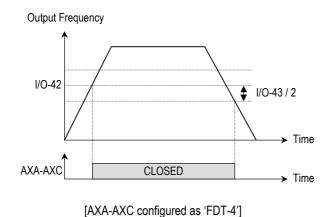
[FDT-3]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the output frequency reaches the band centered on the FDT frequency. The output is OPENED when the output frequency goes outside the FDT bandwidth centered on the FDT frequency.

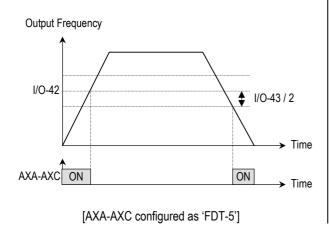


[AXA-AXC configured as 'FDT-3']

[FDT-4] AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the output frequency reaches the FDT frequency. The output is OPENED when the output frequency goes below the FDT bandwidth centered on the FDT frequency.

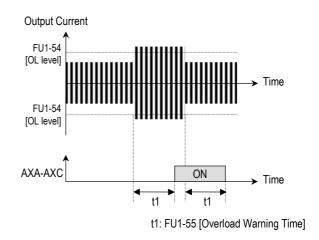


[FDT-5] This is the inverted output of [FDT-4].



[OL]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the output current has reached the FU1-54 [Overload Warning Level] for the FU1-55 [Overload Warning Time].

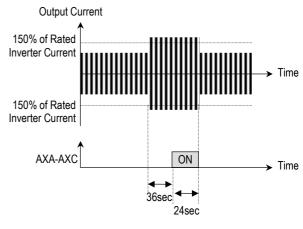


[AXA-AXC configured as 'OL']

Related Functions: FU1-54 [Overload Warning Level] FU1-55 [Overload Warning Time]

[IOL]

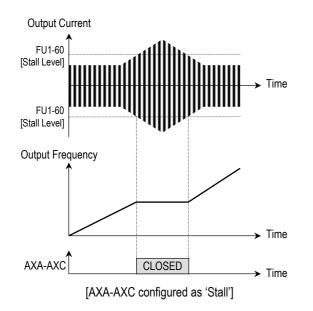
AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the output current is above the 150% of rated inverter current for 36 seconds. If this situation is continued for one minute, the inverter will cut off its output and displays 'IOL' (Inverter overload) Trip. See the nameplate for the rated inverter current.



[AXA-AXC configured as 'IOL']

[Stall]

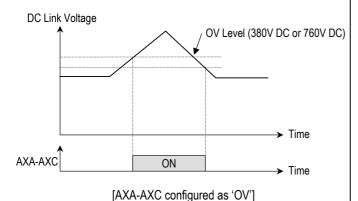
AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the inverter is on the stall prevention mode.



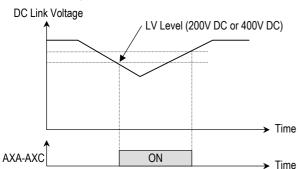
Related Functions: FU1-59 [Stall Prevention Mode] FU1-60 [Stall Prevention Level]

[OV]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the DC link voltage is above the Over-voltage level.



[LV] AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the DC link voltage is below the Low-voltage level.



[AXA-AXC configured as 'LV']

[OH]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when the heat sink of the inverter is above the reference level.

[Lost Command]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED when frequency reference is lost.

Related Functions:	I/O-11 [Criteria for Analog Signal Loss]
	I/O-48 [Operating Method at Signal Loss]
	I/O-49 [Waiting Time for Time Out]

[Run]

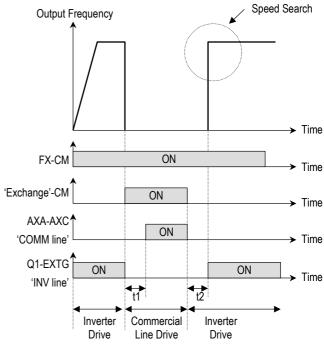
AXA-AXC is CLOED when the inverter is running.

[Stop]

AXA-AXC is CLOED when the inverter is stopped.

[INV line, COMM line]

This function is used in conjunction with 'Exchange' function of multi-function input for commercial line exchange. To use both signal of 'INV line' and 'COMM line', the optional Sub-A or Sub-C board must be installed.



t1, t2: 50msec (interlock time)

[AXA-AXC configured as 'COMM line' and 'Q1' as INV line']

Related Functions: I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 [Multi-function input] - [Exchange]

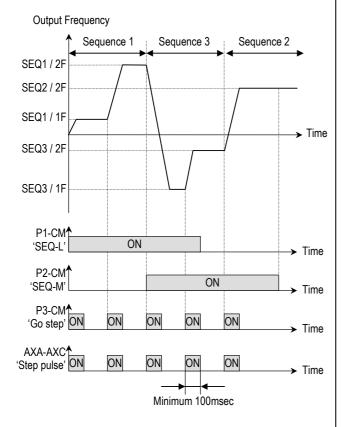
[Ssearch]

AXA-AXC is CLOSED during the inverter is speed searching.

[Step pulse]

When Auto (Sequence) operation is selected in I/O-50, AXA-AXC outputs pulse signals on every step.

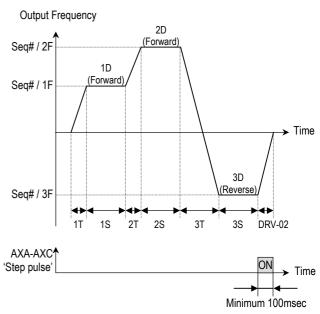
Related Functions: I/O-50 ~ I/O-84 [Auto Operation]



[AXA-AXC configured as 'Step pulse']

[Seq pulse]

When Auto (Sequence) operation is selected in I/O-50, AXA-AXC outputs pulse signals on the last step.



[AXA-AXC configured as 'Step pulse']

[Ready]

AXA-AXC is CLOED when the inverter is ready to run.

[Trv. ACC]

CLOSED when output frequency reaches Accel frequency.

[Trv. DEC]

CLOSED when output frequency reaches Decel frequency.

[MMC]

Automatically set to 'MMC' when 'MMC' is selected in APP-01.

[Zspd Dect]

0 rpm detection signal in Vector Control

[Torq Dect]

Torque detection signal in Vector and Sensorless Vector Control.

I/O-45: Fault Output Relay (30A, 30B, 30C)

I/O▶ Relay mode 45 010 **45 010 Gradult:** 010 **Gradult:** 010

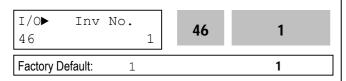
This function is used to allow the fault output relay to operate when a fault occurs. The output relay terminal is 30A, 30B, 30C where 30A-30C is a normally open contact and 30B-30C is a normally closed contact.

Bit	Setting	Display	Description
	0	000	Fault output relay does not
Bit 0			operate at 'Low voltage' trip.
(LV)	1	001	Fault output relay operates at
	'	0	'Low voltage' trip.
	0	000	Fault output relay does not
D:t 4	U	000	operate at any fault.
Bit 1 (Trip)		010	Fault output relay operates at
(TTIP)	1		any fault except 'Low voltage'
			and 'BX' (inverter disable) fault.
			Fault output relay does not
	0	000	operate regardless of the retry
Bit 2			number.
(Retry)			Fault output relay operates when
	1	100	the retry number set in FU2-26
			decreases to 0 by faults.

When several faults occurred at the same time, Bit 0 has the first priority.

Related Functions: DRV-12 [Fault Display] FU2-26 [Retry number]

I/O-46: Inverter Number I/O-47: Baud Rate



This code sets the inverter number. This number is used in communication between inverter and communication board.

I/O► 47	Baud 9600		47	9600
Factory	Default:	9600		9600

This code sets the communication speed. This is used in communication between inverter and communication board.

I/O-48: Operating at Loss of Freq. Reference I/O-49: Waiting Time after Loss of Freq. Reference

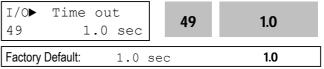
I/O▶Lost co	mmand	48	0
48 None		40	U
Factory Default:	None		0

There are two kinds of loss of frequency reference. One is the loss of digital frequency reference and the other is of analog frequency reference.

Loss of digital frequency reference is applied when DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] is set to 'Keypad-1' or 'Kepad-2'. At this time, the 'Loss' means the communication error between inverter and keypad or communication board during the time set in I/O-49.

Loss of analog frequency reference is applied when DRV-04 [Frequency Mode] is set to other than 'Keypad-1' or 'Kepad-2'. At this time, the 'Loss' is determined by the criteria set in I/O-11 [Criteria for Analog Input Signal Loss].

Setting Rar	nge	Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
None	0	Inverter keeps on operating at the previous frequency.
FreeRun (Coast to stop)	1	Inverter cuts off its output.
Stop	2	Inverter stops with Decel time (DRV-02) and Decel pattern (FU1-26).



This is the time inverter determines whether there is a frequency reference or not. If there is no frequency

reference satisfying I/O-11 during this time, inverter determines that it has lost of frequency reference.

Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]

I/O-11 [Criteria for Analog Signal Loss]

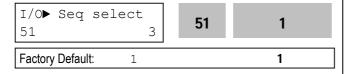
I/O-50: Auto (Sequence) Operation

I/O-51: Sequence Number Selection (Seq #)

I/O-52: The Number of Steps of Sequence #



There are two modes of 'Auto-A' and 'Auto-B' in Auto mode. Auto operation is activated by the multi-function input terminals set to [SEQ-L], [SEQ-M], [SEQ-H] and [Go step] in I/O-12 ~ I/O-14.



This code selects the sequence to set frequency, transient time, steady speed time and motor direction the steps.

I/O▶ Step number 52 2	52	2
Factory Default: 2		2

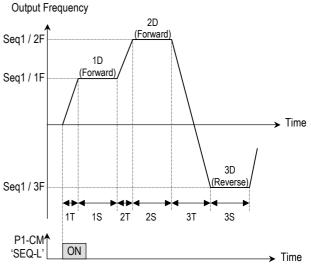
This code sets the number of steps to use for the sequence number selected in I/O-51.

[Auto-A]

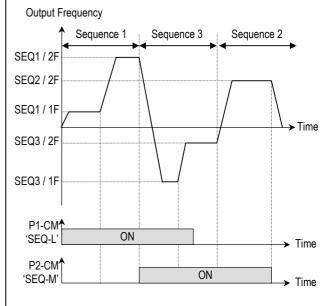
This mode will allow the inverter to operate automatically followed by its pre-programmed sequence. According to this sequence, eight different steps of Frequency, Transient Time, Steady Speed time and Motor Direction can be initiated with only a single multi-function input contact closure (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14). The sequence and steps are set in I/O-51 ~ I/O-84.

Step Frequency	Parameter Code	Speed-H (P3)	Speed-M (P2)	Speed-L (P1)
Sequence 1	I/O-50 ~ I/O-84	0	0	1
Sequence 2		0	1	0
Sequence 3		1	0	0
Sequence 4		0	1	1
Sequence 5		1	0	1

0: OFF, 1: ON



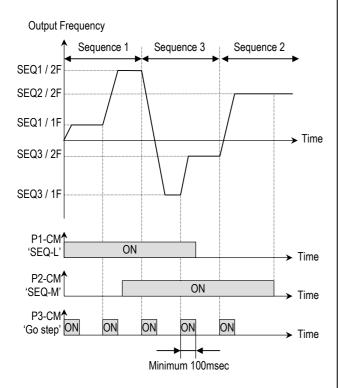
[Example 1 of 'Auto-A' operation]



[Example 2 of 'Auto-A' operation]

[AUTO B]

This mode can be also used to program up to 8 different steps as Auto A. However, to switch from one step to another, an external contact closure set to 'Go step' is required.



[Example of 'Auto-B' operation]

Note: When a new sequence is selected during a sequence operating, the new sequence starts after the current sequence is finished.

I/O-53 ~ I/O-84: Frequency, Transient Time, Steady Speed Time, Motor Direction setting of each Step and Sequence

These parameter codes set the frequency, transient time, steady speed time, and motor direction. These codes are displayed according to the sequence number and steps.

I/O-85~ I/O 97: Step frequecy 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, Multi-function input terminal RST, BX, JOG. FX, RX Define

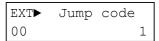
See the description pages of I/O 21~39 for more details.

6.5 External Group [EXT]

EXT group appears only when an optional Sub-Board is installed.

EXT-00: Jump to Desired Code

1



Factory Default:

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

EXT-01: Sub-Board Display

EXT► 01	Sub B/D None		01	0
Factory D	Default:	None		0

This code automatically displays the kind of Sub-Board installed.

Setting Range		Decembries	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
Sub-A	1	This board provides three multi-function input terminals (P4, P5, P6), three multi-function output terminals (Q1, Q2, Q3), Load meter output (LM) and second input frequency reference (V2).	
Sub-B	2	This board provides encoder input terminals (AOC, BOC / A+, A-, B+, B-), encoder output terminals (FBA, FBB) and power terminals (+5V input, Vcc output).	
Sub-C	3	This board provides three multi-function input terminals (P4, P5, P6), one multi-function output terminal (Q1), isolated second input frequency reference (V2) and two analog meters (AM1, AM2).	

See 'Chapter 7 - Options' for more detail descriptions.

EXT-02 ~ EXT-04: Multi-Function Input Terminal Define (P4, P5, P6) – Sub-A, Sub-C



An optional Sub-Board is needed if an application requires more than three multi-function input terminals.

'Sub-A' and 'Sub-C' boards provide additional three multifunction terminals. These terminals are used in conjunction with P1, P2 and P3 terminals. Refer to I/O-12 ~ I/O-14 for use. The following table shows the terminal definitions.

ITerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use			ows the terminal definitions.
Speed-L 0 Multi-Step Speed - Low Speed-M 1 Multi-Step Speed - Mid Speed-H 2 Multi-Step Speed - High XCEL-L 3 Multi-Accel/Decel - Low XCEL-M 4 Multi-Accel/Decel - Mid XCEL-H 5 Multi-Accel/Decel - High Dc-brake 6 DC injection braking during stop 2nd Func 7 Exchange to 2nd functions Exchange 8 Exchange to commercial power line iTerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use Up 10 Up drive Down 11 Down drive 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Triggering Sequence operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	Setting Ran		Description
Speed-M Speed-H gh Speed-H Speed-H Speed-H Speed-High Speed-H Speed-H Speed-High Speed-H Speed-Bild Speed-H Sp	LCD	7-Seg	Description
Speed-H XCEL-L 3 Multi-Step Speed - High XCEL-B XCEL-M 4 Multi-Accel/Decel - Low XCEL-H 5 Multi-Accel/Decel - High Dc-brake 6 DC injection braking during stop 2nd Func 7 Exchange to 2nd functions Exchange 8 Exchange to commercial power line iTerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use Up 10 Up drive Down 11 Down drive 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation		0	
XCEL-L XCEL-M XCEL-M XCEL-H 5 Multi-Accel/Decel - Mid XCEL-H 5 Multi-Accel/Decel - High Dc-brake 6 DC injection braking during stop 2nd Func 7 Exchange to 2nd functions Exchange 8 Exchange to commercial power line iTerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use Up 10 Up drive Down 11 Down drive 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Triggering Sequence operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation Try Off.Lo 27 Try Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	Speed-M		
XCEL-M XCEL-H 5 Multi-Accel/Decel - Mid XCEL-H 5 Multi-Accel/Decel - High Dc-brake 6 DC injection braking during stop 2nd Func 7 Exchange to 2nd functions Exchange 8 Exchange to commercial power line iTerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use Up 10 Up drive Down 11 Down drive 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Copen-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for MMC operation			Multi-Step Speed - High
XCEL-H Dc-brake 6 DC injection braking during stop 2nd Func 7 Exchange to 2nd functions Exchange 8 Exchange to commercial power line iTerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use Up 10 Up drive Down 11 Down drive 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	XCEL-L		
Dc-brake 6 DC injection braking during stop 2nd Func 7 Exchange to 2nd functions Exchange 8 Exchange to commercial power line iTerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use Up 10 Up drive Down 11 Down drive 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation			Multi-Accel/Decel - Mid
2nd Func7Exchange to commercial power lineExchange8Exchange to commercial power lineiTerm Clear9Reserved for future useUp10Up driveDown11Down drive3-Wire123 wire operationExt Trip-A13External trip AExt Trip-B14External trip BiTerm Clear15Used for PID controlOpen-loop16Exchange between PID mode and V/F modeMain-drive17Exchange between Option and InverterAnalog hold18Hold the analog input signalXCEL stop19Disable accel and decelP Gain220Used for PID controlSEQ-L21Sequence operation - LowSEQ-M22Sequence operation - HighSEQ-H23Sequence operation - HighExchange between Sequence operationExchange between Sequence operation and Manual operationGo step25Triggering Sequence operationHold step26Hold last step (Auto-A)Trv Off.Lo27Used for Traverse OperationInterlock129Used for MMC operationInterlock230	XCEL-H	5	
Exchange 8 Exchange to commercial power line iTerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use Up 10 Up drive Down 11 Down drive 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for MMC operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation		6	DC injection braking during stop
ITerm Clear 9 Reserved for future use	2nd Func	7	Exchange to 2 nd functions
Up 10 Up drive Down 11 Down drive 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	Exchange	8	Exchange to commercial power line
Down 3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	iTerm Clear	9	Reserved for future use
3-Wire 12 3 wire operation Ext Trip-A 13 External trip A Ext Trip-B 14 External trip B iTerm Clear 15 Used for PID control Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for MMC operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	Up	10	Up drive
Ext Trip-A Ext Trip-B iTerm Clear Open-loop Main-drive Analog hold XCEL stop P Gain2 SEQ-L SEQ-H SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual Go step Hold step Try Off.Lo Try Off.Lo Try Off.Hi External trip A External trip B Iterm Clear Iterm Cle	Down	11	Down drive
Ext Trip-B iTerm Clear Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold XCEL stop P Gain2 20 Used for PID control Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold XCEL stop P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step Trv Off.Lo Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 Used for MMC operation	3-Wire	12	3 wire operation
iTerm Clear Open-loop 16	Ext Trip-A	13	External trip A
Open-loop 16 Exchange between PID mode and V/F mode Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold XCEL stop P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 45 Exchange between Sequence operation Triggering Sequence operation Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal VCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for Traverse Operation Interlock1 10 Used for MMC operation	Ext Trip-B	14	External trip B
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Main-drive 17 Exchange between Option and Inverter Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	Open leep	16	Exchange between PID mode and
Analog hold Analog hold XCEL stop P Gain2 Used for PID control SEQ-L SEQ-M SEQ-H Manual Analog hold 18 Hold the analog input signal Used for PID control Sequence operation - Low Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H Sequence operation - High Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step Trv Off.Lo Trv Off.Hi Sequence operation Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Used for Traverse Operation Used for MMC operation	Ореп-юор		
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XCEL stop 19 Disable accel and decel P Gain2 20 Used for PID control SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - High SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for Traverse Operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	Main-unve		
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SEQ-L 21 Sequence operation - Low SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Used for Traverse Operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation Interlock2 30			
SEQ-M 22 Sequence operation - Mid SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Used for Traverse Operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation Interlock2 30			Used for PID control
SEQ-H 23 Sequence operation - High Manual 24 Exchange between Sequence operation and Manual operation Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for Traverse Operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation			
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Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for Traverse Operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation	SEQ-H	23	
Go step 25 Triggering Sequence operation (Auto-B) Hold step 26 Hold last step (Auto-A) Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for Traverse Operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation Interlock2 30	Manual	2/	
Country Coun	Iviariuai	24	operation and Manual operation
(Auto-B)	Go ston	25	Triggering Sequence operation
Trv Off.Lo 27 Trv Off.Hi 28 Interlock1 29 Interlock2 30 Used for Traverse Operation Used for MMC operation	GO Step	20	
Trv Off.Hi 28 Used for Traverse Operation Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation Interlock2 30	Hold step	26	Hold last step (Auto-A)
Interlock1 29 Used for MMC operation Interlock2 30			Llead for Traverse Operation
Interlock2 30			
	Interlock1		Used for MMC operation
Interlock3 31	Interlock3	31	

Setting Ran	ge	Description
LCD	7-Seg	Description
Interlock4	32	
Speed-X	33	Additional Step frequency selection
Reset	34	Reset
BX	35	Emergency Stop
JOG	36	Jog
FX	37	Forward Run/Stop
RX	38	Reverse Run/Stop
Ana Change	39	Analog input Switch-over
Pre excite	40	Pre excitation.
Spd/Torque	41	Speed/Torque Switch-over
ASR P/PI	42	ASR P/PI control select

EXT-05: V2 Mode Selection - Sub-A, Sub-C



'V2' signal can be used as the frequency reference and override function.

[None]

V2 signal is not used.

[Override]

'V2' signal override the frequency reference signal (V1, I, V1+I) selected in DRV-04.

[Reference]

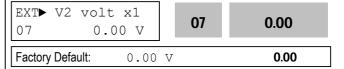
'V2' signal is used as the frequency reference. At this time, the frequency reference selected in DRV-04 is ignored.

EXT-06 ~ EXT-10: Analog Voltage Input (V2) Signal Adjustment – Sub-A, Sub-C

This is used to adjust the analog voltage input signal when the frequency is referenced or overridden by the 'V2' control terminal. This function is applied when EXT-05 is set to 'Override' or 'Reference'. Reference Frequency versus Analog Voltage Input Curve can be made by four parameters of EXT-07 ~ EXT-10.



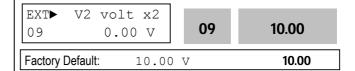
This is the filtering time constant for 'V2' signal input. If the 'V2' signal is affected by noise causing unstable operation of the inverter, increase this value. Increasing this value may make response time slower.



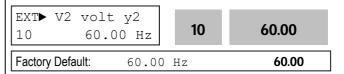
This is the minimum voltage of the 'V2' input at which the inverter outputs minimum frequency.



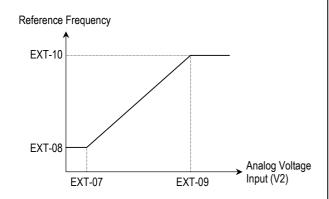
This is the minimum frequency the inverter outputs when there is the minimum voltage (EXT-07) on the 'V2' terminal.



This is the maximum voltage of the 'V2' input at which the inverter outputs maximum frequency.



This is the maximum frequency the inverter outputs when there is the maximum voltage (EXT-09) on the 'V2' terminal.



[Reference Frequency vs. Analog Voltage Input, V2 (0 to 10V)]

Related Functions: DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
| I/O-01 ~ I/O-05 [V1 Adjustment]

EXT-12: Usage of Pulse Input Signal - Sub-B

EXT►	F mode		12	0
Factory		None		0

This function is to select the usage of encoder pulse signal of 'Sub-B' board. The pulse signal from encoder can be used as the motor speed feedback or frequency reference. When 'Sub-B' board is installed, FU2-40 must be set to 'V/F'.

[None]

The encoder pulse signal is not used.

[Feed-back]

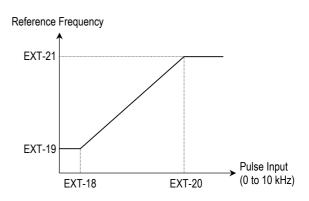
The encoder pulse signal is used as the motor speed feedback. The inverter can maintain the motor speed constantly, regardless of the load fluctuation, by using the encoder feedback. The encoder pulse related functions must be set correctly for better performance in EXT-15 \sim EXT-24.

Code	LCD Display	Setting in Feed back
EXT-12	F mode	Feed-back
EXT-15	F pulse set	A+B
EXT-16	F pulse num	360 ~ 4096
EXT-22	PG P-gain	0 ~ 30000
EXT-23	PG I-gain	0 ~ 30000
EXT-24	PG Slip Freq	0 ~ 200[%]
EXT-25	ASR P-Gain	10 ~ 500[%]
EXT-26	ASR I-Gain	10 ~ 9999[mSec]
EXT-27	Trq + Limit	0 ~ 200[%]
EXT-28	Trq – Limit	0 ~ 200[%]

[Reference]

The encoder pulse signal is used as the frequency reference. When this function is selected, the frequency reference selected in DRV-04 is ignored. Reference Frequency versus Pulse Input Curve can be made by four parameters of EXT-18 ~ EXT-20.

Code	LCD Display	Setting in Reference
EXT-12	F mode	Reference
EXT-15	F pulse set	A
EXT-17	F filter	0 ~ 10000[msec]
EXT-18	F pulse x1	0 ~ 10 [kHz]
EXT-19	F freq y1	0 ~ Max Freq [Hz]
EXT-20	F pulse x2	0 ~ 10 [kHz]
EXT-21	F freq y2	0 ~ Max Freq [Hz]



[Reference Frequency vs. Pulse Input]

EXT-13: Real Speed Direction - Sub-B

EXT Reals	SpdDir X	13	0
Factory Default:	Rever	se	0

It displays actual motor rotation direction regardless of control mode selected, when Sub-B board is installed and EXT-12 is set to Feed-back.

EXT-14: Encoder Feedback Frequency - Sub-B

EXT► ENC FeedBac 14 0.00 Hz	14	0.00
Factory Default:		N/A

It displays frequency regardless of control mode selected, when Sub-B board is installed and EXT-12 is set to Feedback.

EXT-15: Pulse Input Signal Selection – Sub-B

EXT F pulse set 15 A + B	15	0
Factory Default: A + 1	В	0

This code sets the encoder pulse to use. [A+B] uses two encoder signal lines of A and B, and [A] uses one encoder signal line of A or B.

EXT-16: Encoder Pulse Number - Sub-B

EXT► F pul:	se num 1024	16	1024
Factory Default:	1024		1024

This code sets the encoder pulse per rotation of encoder.

EXT-17: Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal – Sub-B

EXT► F fi 17	lter 10 ms	17	10
Factory Default:	10 ms		10

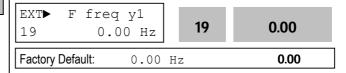
This is the filtering time constant of pulse input signal. This is used to make the inverter respond slowly to the pulse input signal when the EXT-14 is set to 'Reference'.

EXT-18 ~ EXT-21: Pulse Input Signal Adjustment – Sub-B

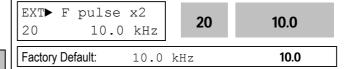
This is used to adjust the pulse input signal when the pulse input through Sub-B board references the frequency. This function is applied when EXT-14 is set to 'Reference'. Reference Frequency versus Analog Voltage Input Curve can be made by four parameters of EXT-18 ~ EXT-21.

EXT F pulse 18 0.0	18	0.0
Factory Default:	0.0 kHz	0.0

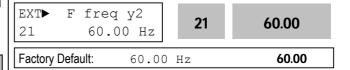
This is the minimum pulse frequency at which the inverter outputs minimum frequency.



This is the minimum frequency the inverter outputs when there is the minimum pulse frequency (EXT-18).



This is the maximum pulse frequency at which the inverter outputs maximum frequency.



This is the maximum frequency the inverter outputs when there is the maximum pulse frequency (EXT-20).

EXT-22 ~ EXT-23: Gains for 'Sub-B' Board

EXT► PG P-gain
22 3000

Factory Default: 3000

3000

This is the proportional gain when the EXT-14 is set to 'Feed-back'.

EXT► PG I-gain
23 50

Factory Default: 50 50

This is the integral gain when the EXT-14 is set to 'Feedback'.

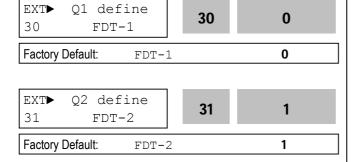
EXT-24: Slip Frequency for 'Sub-B' Board

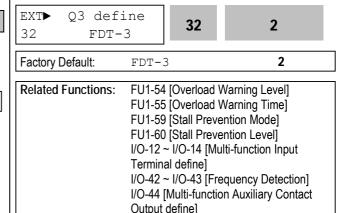


This is the limit frequency the inverter uses to compensate the motor speed drop due to load fluctuation. The set point value is the percentage of FUN-32 [Rated Motor Slip].

EXT-30 ~ EXT-32: Multi-Function Output Terminal (Q1, Q2, Q3) Define – Sub-A, Sub-C

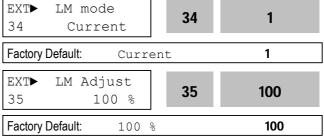
Q1, Q2, Q3 terminals are provided on Sub-A and Sub-C board as an open collector output. The functions of these terminals can be selected the same as I/O-44 [Multifunction Auxiliary Contact Output Define].





I/O-50 ~ I/O-56 [Auto Operation]

EXT-34: LM (Load Meter) Output – Sub-A EXT-35: LM Adjustment



Load meter displays the inverter output Frequency, Current, Voltage and DC link voltage with pulse signals on the LM terminal of Sub-A board. The average ranges from 0V to 10V. EXT-35 is used to adjust the LM value.

[Frequency]

LM terminal outputs inverter output frequency. The output value is determined by,

LM Output Voltage = (Output freq. / Max. freq.) \times 10V \times FM output gain (I/O-41) / 100

[Current]

LM terminal outputs inverter output current. The output value is determined by,

LM Output Voltage = (Output current / Rated current) × 10V × X FM output gain (I/O-41) / 150

[Voltage]

LM terminal output inverter output voltage. The output value is determined by,

LM Output Voltage = (Output voltage / Max. output

voltage) × 10V × FM output gain (I/O-41) / 100

[DC link vtg]

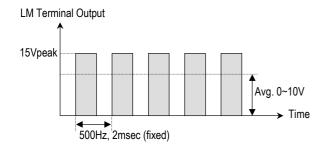
LM terminal outputs the DC link voltage of inverter. The output value is determined by,

LM Output Voltage = (DC link voltage / Max. DC link voltage) × 10V × FM output gain (I/O-41) / 100

[Torque]

FM terminal outputs the motor torque. The output value is determined by,

FM terminal output voltage= (Torque current/Rated torque current) X10V X FM output gain (I/O-41) / 150



[LM Output (LM-CM terminal)]

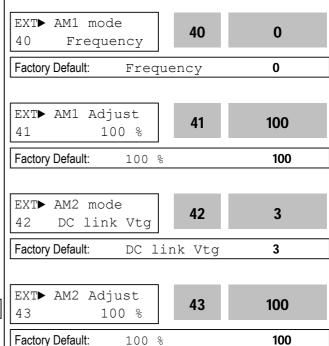
Related Functions: I/O-40 ~ I/O-41 [FM Output]

EXT-40: AM1 (Analog Meter 1) Output – Sub-C EXT-41: AM1 Adjustment

EXT-42: AM2 (Analog Meter 2) Output - Sub-C

EXT-43: AM2 Adjustment

These terminals are provided on Sub-C board.



Analog meter displays the inverter output Frequency, Current, Voltage, DC link voltage and Torque with analog voltage on the AM1 and AM2 terminals of Sub-C board. The output voltage ranges from 0V to 10V. EXT-41 and EXT-43 are used to adjust the AM output value.

[Frequency]

The AM terminal outputs inverter output frequency. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (Output freq. / Max. freq.) × 10V X AM Output Gain (EXT41~42)/ 100

[Current]

The AM terminal outputs inverter output current. The output value is determined by.

AM Output Voltage = (Output current / Rated current) × 10V X AM Output Gain (EXT41~42)/ 150

[Voltage]

The AM terminal outputs inverter output voltage. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (Output voltage / Max. output voltage) × 10V X AM Output Gain (EXT41~42)/ 100

[DC link vtg]

The AM terminal outputs the DC link voltage of inverter. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (DC link voltage / Max. DC link voltage) × 10V X AM Output Gain (EXT41~42)/ 100

[Torque]

The AM terminal outputs inverter output torque. The output value is determined by,

AM Output Voltage = (Output Torque / Rated Torque current) × 10V X AM Output Gain (EXT41~42)/ 150

EXT-50~53 [Speed limit for Torque mode operation]

Code	LCD display	Description	Factory setting	Setting range
EXT- 50	Speed Limit	Speed Limit Level	100[%]	0 – 100[%]
EXT- 51	Speed Bias	Speed Limit Bias	100[%]	0 – 200[%]
EXT- 52	Speed Gain	Speed Limit Gain	1	1 – 10
EXT- 53	Speed Dir	Speed Limit Direction	1 (Forward)	0 (Reverse) 1 (Forward)

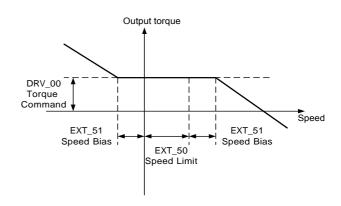
By setting speed limit, this parameter prevents the motor from rotating excessively high speed due to no-load or light load connection during Vector_TRQ in FU2-39 [Control mode].

Set as the percent of EXT-50 [Speed limit level] and EXT-51 [Speed Limit Bias] to FU1-20 [Max Freq].

If EXT-53 [Speed Limit Direction]= FWD, EXT-51 [Speed Limit Bias]

FWD Torque control is set, the FWD Torque control is

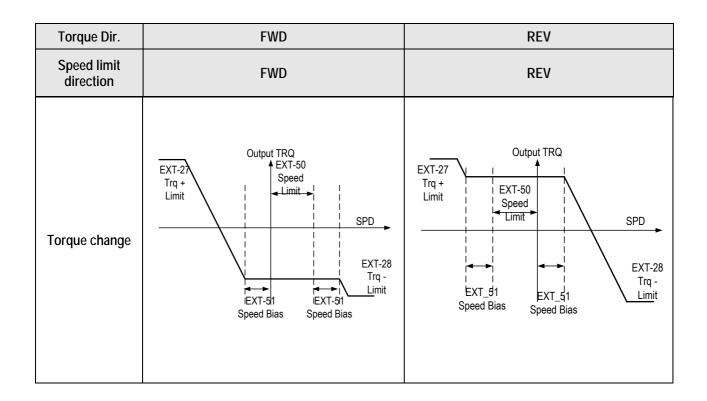
shown as below. In other words, when the motor rotates in Forward direction, FWD torque is kept controlled in the range of EXT-50 [Speed Limit Level] + EXT-51 [Speed bias]. When the motor rotates in Reverse direction, REV torque is controlled in EXT-51[Speed Limit Bias] and torque is controlled constant in the above speed range. EXT-52 [Speed limit gain] is the curve value to reduce the FWD torque or to increase to the constant torque in Reverse direction.



Related parameters: FU2-39 [Control mode selection]
FU1-20 [max Freq]
EXT-27[Trq + Limit] EXT-28[Trq - Limit]

The following illustrations show the relationship between torque, motor speed and speed limit direction.

Torque Dir.	FWD	REV	
Speed limit direction	FWD	REV	
Torque change	EXT-27 Trq + Limit SPD EXT-51 EXT-50EXT_51 Speed Speed Speed Bias Limit Bias	Output TRQ EXT-27 Trq + Limit EXT-50 Speed Limit EXT-28 Trq - Limit EXT-51 Speed Bias Bias	



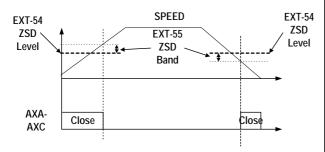
EXT-54: Zero Speed Detection Level EXT-55: Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth

Used to set the zero speed detection (SUB-B)

- Only valid when FU2-39 [Control mode selection] is set to Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ.
- Detect the zero speed using I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output selection]. Set Zspd Dect in I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output] to activate this function.
- Note: Sub-board is needed to use multi-function output terminal Q1, Q2, Q3.

Code	Keypad Display	Parameter Name	Factory setting	Setting range
EXT- 54	ZSD Level	Zero Speed Detection Level	2 [Hz]	0 – 120 [Hz]
EXT- 55	ZSD Band	Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth	1 [Hz]	0 – 5 [Hz]

Auxiliary contact relay activates as shown below if the following settings are applied to EXT-54 [Zero Speed Detection Level] and EXT-55 [Zero Speed Detection Bandwidth].



Related Functions: FU2-39 [Control mode selection] I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output]

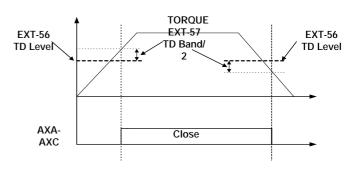
EXT-56: Torque Detection Level EXT-57: Torque Detection Bandwidth

Use to set output torque detection (SUB-B)

- Only valid when FU2-39 [Control mode selection] is set to Vector_SPD, Vector_TRQ.
- Detect Torque using I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output selection].
- Note: Sub-board should be mounted to use multifunction output terminal Q1, Q2, Q3.

Code	Keypad Display	Description	Factory setting	Setting range
EXT-56	TD Level	Torque Detection Level	100[%]	0 – 150 [%]
EXT-57	TD Band	Torque Detection Bandwidth	5[%]	0 – 10 [%]

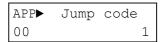
EXT-56 [Torque Detection Level] and EXT-57 [Torque Detection Bandwidth] are activated in the following conditions as shown below.



Related Functions: FU2-39 [Control mode select] I/O-44 [Multi-function auxiliary contact output selection]

6.6 Application Group [APP]

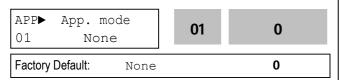
APP-00: Jump to desired code



Factory Default: 1

Jumping directly to any parameter code can be accomplished by entering the desired code number. This code is available only with LCD keypad.

APP-01: Application Mode Selection

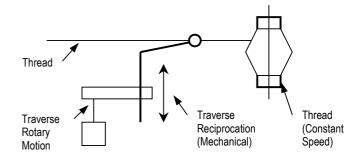


This code sets the application mode.

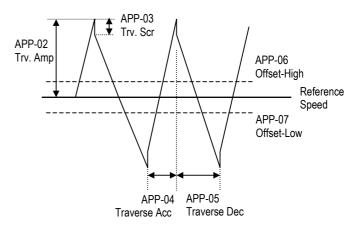
Setting R	ange	Description	
LCD	7-Seg	Description	
None	0	Application mode is not selected.	
Traverse	1	Traverse mode is selected in application group. Related functions (APP-02~07) are displayed.	
MMC	2	MMC (Multi-Motor Control) mode is selected in application group. Related functions (APP-08~31) are displayed.	
DRAW	3	DRAW mode is selected in application group. Related functions (APP-32~33) are displayed.	

[Traverse]: This is a mechanism to wind thread to an intended shape on a reel with a rotary motion and reciprocation. Adjusting the speed of mechanical reciprocation can make different shapes of thread reel. The following figure shows an example. The guide should move with low speed at the center of the reel and fast at the edge of the reel.

Related Functions:	APP-02 to APP-07 [Traverse Parameters]
	I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input]
	EXT-30 to EXT-32 [Multi-Function Output]



[An example of Traverse Operation]



[Traverse Operation Pattern]

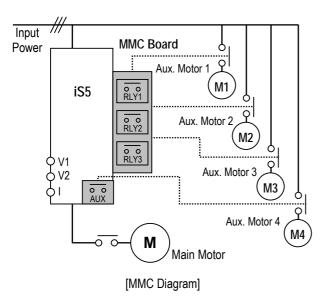
[MMC]: The 'PID' control should be selected in FU2-47 to use this function.

- ♦ One inverter can control multiple motors. This function is often used when controlling the amount and pressure of flow in fans or pumps. Built-in PI controller controls a main motor after receiving process control value and keeps the control value constant by connecting auxiliary motors to commercial line when needed.
- ♦ In case that flow amount or flow pressure is beyond or below the reference so the main drive cannot control by itself, auxiliary motors are automatically turned on/off. Maximum four (Q1~3 and Aux. output) auxiliary motors can be run. Each Starting and Stop Frequency should be set to four auxiliary motors.
- ◆ Auto Change can be selected to automatically switch the order of the running motors for keeping motor run-time constant. Set mode '1' for automatic changing of auxiliary motors only and set mode '2' for automatic changing of all

motors including main motor. For mode '2', external sequence (Refer to APP-26) should be configured.

- ♦ Abnormal motor can be skipped from running by using the multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3, and P4). If a multi-function terminal is opened, the inverter stops all running motors and restarts operation with only normal motors except the abnormal motor. (Refer to APP-29)
- ♦ Sleep function is initiated when flow demand is low. Inverter stops motor when the motor runs below Sleep Frequency (APP-24) during Sleep Delay Time (APP-23). While in the sleep state, inverter keeps monitoring and initiates Wake-Up function when the real value of the controlling amount has decreased below the Wake-Up level (APP-25).
- Note: Only one auxiliary motor can be connected with AUX terminal on control terminal strip without using MMC Option Board.

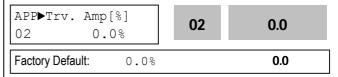
Related Functions: APP-08 to APP-31 [MMC Parameters]
DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
FU2-47 [PID Operation Selection]
I/O-01 to I/O-10 [Analog Signal Input]
EXT 15 to EXT21 [Pulse Input Signal]
I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input]
EXT-30 to EXT-32 [Multi-Function Output]



[Draw]: This is a kind of Open-Loop Tension Control. This is used to maintain constant tension of material with the speed difference between main motor and subordinate motor.

Related Functions: APP-32 to APP-33 [Draw Parameters]
DRV-04 [Frequency Mode]
I/O-01 to I/O-10 [Analog Signal Input]
EXT 06 to EXT-10 [Analog Input Setting]
I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input]
EXT-02 to EXT-04 [Multi-Function Input]

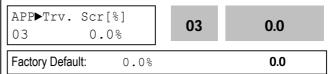
APP-02: Traverse Amplitude



This code sets the frequency amplitude of traverse operation. The value is the percentage of reference frequency. The output value is determined by,

Trv. Amp Frequency = (Reference Freq. * Trv. Amp)/100

APP-03: Traverse Scramble Amplitude



This code sets the frequency amplitude of scramble operation. The output value is determined by, Trv. Scr Frequency = (Trv. Amp Frequency * (100 - Trv. Scr))/100

APP-04: Traverse Accel Time APP-05: Traverse Decel Time



APP►Trv De	c Time 3.0 sec	05	3.0
Factory Default:	3.0 8	sec	3.0

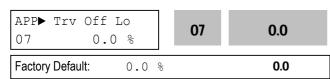
Sets the acceleration and deceleration time for traverse operation.

- The 'Trv Acc' terminal set in EXT-30 to EXT-32 is ON during traverse acceleration time. (Open Collector Output)
- The 'Trv Dec' terminal set in EXT-30 to EXT-32 is ON during traverse deceleration time. (Open Collector Output)
- APP-04 and APP-05 should be set to a value less than APP-03. If not, traverse control does not accomplished correctly.

APP-06: Traverse Offset (Hi) Setting APP-07: Traverse Offset (Lo) Setting

APP► Trv Off Hi 06 0.0 %		06	0.0
Factory Default: 0.0	જ		0.0

This code makes positive offset during traverse operation by multi-function input terminal. When the 'Trv Off Hi' terminal is ON, the offset frequency is added to the reference frequency. To use this function, set a terminal out of multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3) to 'Trv Off Hi' in I/O-12 \sim I/O-14. The offset value is determined by, Trv. Off Hi Frequency =(Reference Frequency * Trv. Off Hi)/100



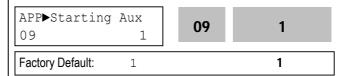
This code makes negative offset during traverse operation by multi-function input terminal. When the 'Trv Off Lo' terminal is ON, the offset frequency is subtracted from the reference frequency. To use this function, set a terminal out of multi-function input terminals (P1, P2, P3) to 'Trv Off Lo' in I/O-12 \sim I/O-14. The offset value is determined by, Trv. Off Lo Frequency =(Reference Frequency * Trv. Off Lo)/100

APP-08: Running Auxiliary Motor Number Display

APP►Aux Mot Run 08 0	08	0
Factory Default: 0		0

This code shows how many auxiliary motors are running by MMC control.

APP-09: Starting Auxiliary Motor Selection



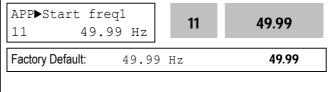
This code sets the starting auxiliary motor for MMC control.

APP-10: Operation Time Display on Auto Change

APP►Auto Op 10	Time 00:00	10	00:00
Factory Default:	00:00)	00:00

This code displays the operation time after Auto Change is accomplished.

APP-11: Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 1
APP-12: Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 2
APP-13: Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 3
APP-14: Start Frequency of Aux. Motor 4





Factory Default: 49.99 Hz **49.99**

APP►Start freq3 13 49.99 Hz **13 49.99** Factory Default: 49.99 Hz **49.99**

APP▶Start freq4 14 49.99 Hz 14 49.99 Factory Default: 49.99 Hz 49.99 The inverter turns on AUX, RLY1, RLY2, and RLY3 in order if the output frequency is over the frequencies set in APP-11 to APP-14, respectively, and the time is over APP-19.

APP-15: Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 1 APP-16: Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 2 APP-17: Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 3 APP-18: Stop Frequency of Aux. Motor 4

APP►Stop freq1 15 15.00 Hz 15.00 Hz 15.00

APP▶Stop freq2 16 15.00 Hz 16 15.00 Factory Default: 15.00 Hz 15.00

APP►Stop freq3 17 15.00 Hz 15.00 Factory Default: 15.00 Hz 15.00

APP▶Stop freq4 18 15.00 Hz **18 15.00**

Factory Default: 15.00 Hz **15.00**

The inverter turns off RLY3, RLY2, RLY1, and AUX in order if the output frequency is below the frequencies set in APP-15 to APP-18, respectively, and the time is over APP-20.

APP-19: Delay Time before Operating Aux. Motor APP-20: Delay Time before Stopping Aux. Motor

 APP►Aux Start DT
 19
 60.0

 19
 60.0 sec
 60.0

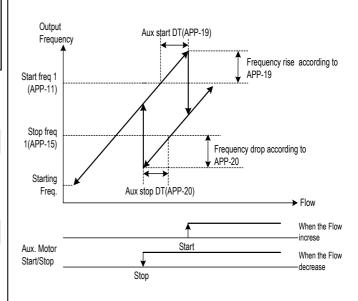
 Factory Default:
 60.0 sec
 60.0

Sets the time the inverter waits before starting the auxiliary motors.

APP►Aux Stop DT
20 60.0 sec

Factory Default: 60.0 sec 60.0

Sets the time the inverter waits before stopping the auxiliary motors.



[Aux. Motor Start/Stop with MMC]

APP-21: The Number of Aux. Motors

APP►Nbr Aux's
21 4

Factory Default: 4

4

Sets the number of auxiliary motors connected to the inverter.

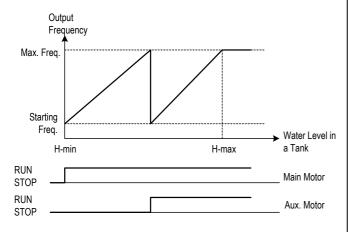
APP-22: PID Bypass Selection

 APP▶Regul Bypass
 22
 0

 Factory Default:
 No
 0

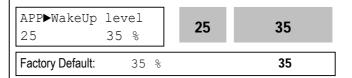
This is used to bypass the PID operation selected in FU2-47. Select this code to 'Yes' when using MMC function without PID control. The frequency is determined by real value of control amount instead PID controller output. The real value is also used as the Start/Stop reference of Aux. motors.

The following figure shows the running pattern with this function applied for controlling the flow rate of a tank. To control the flow rate according to the water level of a tank, divide the water level of the tank into the region to the number of Aux. motors plus one, and map each region from staring frequency to maximum frequency. The inverter increases output frequency to lower the water level in the tank when the water level in the tank rises. When reaching maximum frequency, inverter connects aux. motors connected directly to commercial line. After connecting aux. motor, inverter starts again from the starting frequency. By selecting APP-22 to 'Yes', PID operation is disabled and Control Mode (FU2-47) is changed to 'V/F'. PID Bypass is available only when Freq. Mode (DRV-04) is set to 'V1', '1' or 'V2'. The level in a tank can be checked in APP-30 [Actual Value] and APP-31 [Actual Percent].



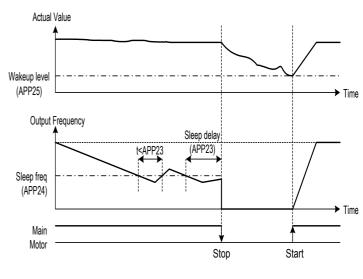
[Aux. Motor Start/Stop without PID Control]

APP-23: Sleep Delay Time APP-24: Sleep Frequency APP-25: Wake-Up Level		
APP►Sleep Delay 23 60.0 sec 23	60.0	
Factory Default: 60.0 sec	60.0	
APP►Sleep Freq 24 0.19 Hz	0.19	
Factory Default: 0.19 Hz	0.19	



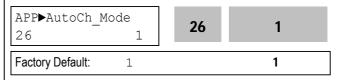
Sleep function is initiated when flow demand is low. Inverter stops motor when the motor runs below Sleep Frequency (APP-24) during Sleep Delay Time (APP-23). While in the sleep state, inverter keeps monitoring and initiates Wake-Up function when the real value of the controlling amount has decreased below the Wake-Up level (APP-25).

Note: Sleep function is not operated if the Sleep Delay Time (APP-23) is set to '0'.



[Sleep Operation]

APP-26: Auto Change Mode Selection

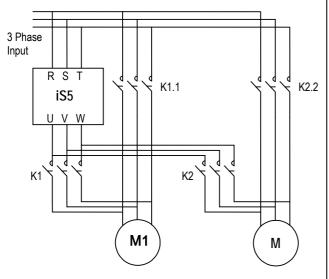


This function is used to change the running order of the motors to regulate their run-time when multiple motors are connected for MMC.

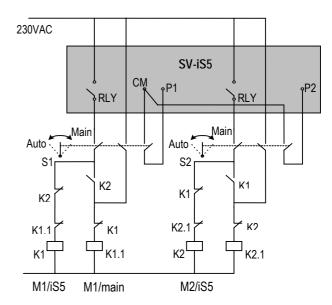
[0]: Not using Auto Change Function. The inverter keeps the order Main motor \Rightarrow RLY1 \Rightarrow RLY2 \Rightarrow RLY3 \Rightarrow AUX and do not change the running order of auxiliary motors.

[1]: Auto Change Function is applied only to aux. motors. The inverter changes the order of auxiliary motors except the main motor connected to the drive. Running order is Main Motor \Rightarrow RLY1 \Rightarrow RLY2 \Rightarrow RLY3 \Rightarrow AUX. And then it is changed to Main Motor \Rightarrow RLY2 \Rightarrow RLY3 \Rightarrow AUX \Rightarrow RLY1.

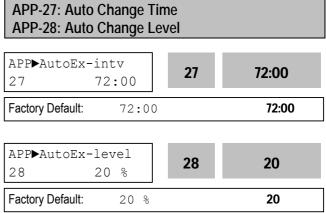
[2]: Auto Change Function is applied to all motors. The inverter changes the order of all motors. The inverter operates the initial motor and the others are directly powered by commercial line. It should be used with Interlock function after configuring external inter-lock sequence circuit as shown below.



[Wiring Diagram for Inter-Lock Configuration]



[Sequence Circuit for Inter-Lock Configuration]



This function is used to protect motor from running alone for a long time by changing operation to other motor.

Auto Change is accomplished when the following conditions are satisfied:

- 1) The time set in APP-27 is over.
- 2) The actual value of controlling amount is less than the value set in APP-28.
- 3) Only one motor is running.

When above three conditions are met, the inverter stops the running motor, and changes motor to run by the order set in APP-26. and then continues operation according to new order.

If Auto Change Level (APP-28) is set to '0', the function is initiated only when the motor is in Stop or Sleep state. The

count time for Auto Change is depend on Auto Change Mode (APP-26). In mode '0', inverter starts counting only when auxiliary motor is running. In mode '1' or '2', inverter starts counting when any motor is running including main motor.

APP-29: Inter-Lock Selection

APP▶Inter-lock 29 No	29	0
Factory Default: No		0

By setting this code to 'Yes', the multi-function input terminals (P1 ~ P4) are used as auxiliary motor operating condition of RLY1, RLY2, RLY3, and AUX. The multi-function input terminal should be turned on to run the corresponding auxiliary motor. If running with any multi-function input terminal open with this function, the inverter starts motors except the corresponding motor. If multi-function input happens to be turned off during motor running, the inverter stops all running motors and restarts running with only normal motors except the subject motor. By setting this parameter to 'Yes', the multi-function input terminals (P1~P4) are set to 'Interlock1' through 'Interlock4' automatically.

Note: P1 through P4 cannot be used for other purpose it this code is set to 'Yes'.

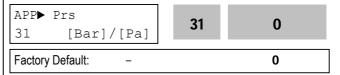
Related Functions: I/O-12 to I/O-14 [Multi-Function Input] EXT-02 to EXT-04 [Multi-Function Input]

APP-30: Feedback Freg. / Percentage Display

APP▶Fbk/PER	30	0.00
30 [Hz]/[%]	30	0.00
Factory Default: -		0.00

This code displays the feedback value using on PID controller in Hz or %.

APP-31: Actual Value Display in Percentage



This code displays the value using on PID controller in percentage.

APP-32: Pressure Display Scale

APP► Scale 32	Disp 1000	32	1000
Factory Default:	1000		1000

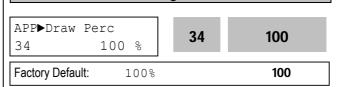
This parameter adjusts APP-31.

APP-33: Draw Mode Selection

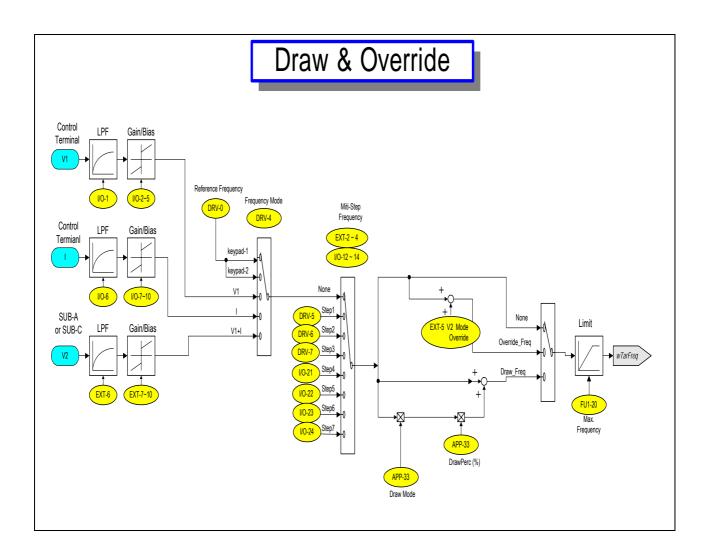
APP▶Draw Mode 33 None		33	0
Factory Default:	None		0

This code sets the signal input to use for Draw operation. The main reference frequency is set in DRV-04. This parameter should be set to a signal that is not selected in DRV-04.

APP-34: Draw Size Setting



This code sets the frequency bandwidth during Draw operation. For example, when Reference Frequency (DRV-00) is set to '30Hz', Draw Mode (APP-33) to 'V1_Draw' and Draw Size (APP-33) to '10%', the frequency difference during Draw operation is between 27 Hz and 33Hz. The following figure shows the block diagram for Draw and Override operation.



Code	LCD Display	Description	Factory Default	Setting Range
APP-33	Draw Mode	Draw Mode Select	0(None)	0(None) 1(V1_Draw) 2(I_Draw) 3(V2_Draw)*
APP-34	DrawPerc	Draw Size Setting	100.0%	0.0 – 150.0%

Note:

1. APP-33 Setting Guide: Ref. Frequency setting mode should not be duplicated:

Ref. Freq Setting: DRV-04 [V1] APP-33 [Draw Mode]: 1(V1_Draw) (X) Ref. Freq Setting: DRV-04 [V1] APP-33 [Draw Mode]: 2(I_Draw) (O)

2. APP-34 sets the freq limit scale during Draw Mode.

Ex) If Ref freq (Keypad-1)=30Hz, APP-33=1(V1_Draw), APP-34=10%, the ref freq for Draw mode will be issued from 27Hz to 33Hz.

CHAPTER 7 - OPTIONS

The iS5 series inverter provides many options for various applications. See the following option table and select the proper options according to your application.

	Option	Name		Description
				Extended I/O Module
		Out A Desaid		Three Multi-Function Inputs (P4, P5, P6)
		Sub-A Board		Three Multi-Function Outputs (Q1, Q2, Q3)
		(Extended I/O)		Auxiliary Analog Frequency Reference (V2)
				LM (Load Meter) Output (0 ~ 10V)
		Sub-B Board		Encoder Pulse Input – Speed Feedback (AOC, BOC / A+, A-, B+, B-)
		(Speed Feedback)		Encoder Pulse Output (FBA, FBB)
Internal Installation		(Speed Feedback)		Vector control (PG operation) and reference freq via pulse input
talla				Extended I/O Module
<u>su</u>	Sub Boards	Cub C Doord		Three Multi-Function Inputs (P4, P5, P6)
ırnal		Sub-C Board (Extended I/O)		One Multi-Function Outputs (Q1)
Inte				Isolated Auxiliary Analog Frequency Reference (V2)
				Two Isolated Analog Meter Output (AM1, AM2)
		PLC Communication (F-Net)		Connection with Fnet Communication Module for GLOFA PLC
				Inverter Connection: Max. 64
				Baud Rate: 1M bps
				RS-485 Communication
				Inverter Connection: Max. 32
				Baud Rate: Max. 19200 bps
_		LCD		32-Character Display
atior	Keypad	LCD		Download and Upload from the Keypad
External Installation		7-Segment		Six Digit 7-Sengment Display
	Remote	Remote Cable		2m, 3m, 5m long keypad cables for separate keypad installation
erna	Cable	Tremote Gable	Ľ	Zini, oin, oin long keypad dables for separate keypad installation
Ext	Dynamic	DB Resistor		Enables Inverter to decelerate rapidly.
	Braking DB Unit			DB units are provided as an option for 15 ~ 30 HP inverters.

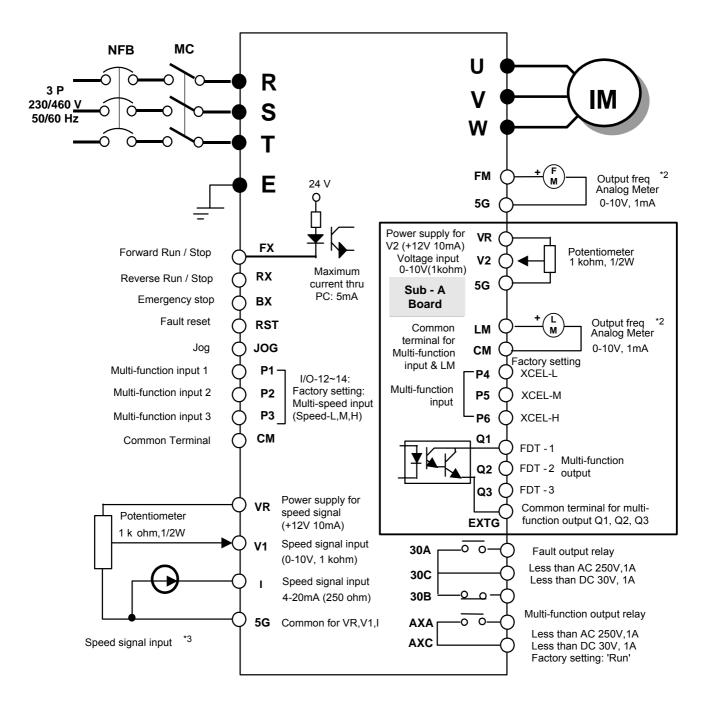
Note: Refer to option manual for more details.

The following table shows the Sub-Board Selection Guide according to Functions.

			Sub-Board Type			
Code	Function Description	SUB-A Board	SUB-B Board	SUB-C Board		
EXT-02	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P4'	√		√		
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P5'	√		√		
EXT-04	Multi-Function Input Terminal 'P6'	√		√		
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	√		√		
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	√		√		
EXT-07	V2 Input Minimum Voltage	√		√		
EXT-08	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Minimum Voltage	√		√		
EXT-09	V2 Input Maximum Voltage	√		√		
EXT-10	Frequency Corresponding to V2 Input Maximum Voltage	√		√		
EXT-14	Usage for Pulse Input Signal		√			
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection		√			
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Selection		√			
EXT-17	Filtering Time Constant for Pulse Input Signal		√			
EXT-18	Pulse Input Minimum Frequency		√			
EXT-19	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input Minimum Frequency		4			
EXT-20	Pulse Input Maximum Frequency		√			
EXT-21	Frequency Output corresponding to Pulse Input Maximum Frequency		V			
EXT-22	P-Gain for PG Option		V			
EXT-23	I-Gain for PG Option		V			
EXT-24	Slip Frequency for PG Option		1			
EXT-25	P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD					
EXT-26	I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD					
EXT-27	Forward Torque Limit					
EXT-28	Reverse Torque Limit					
EXT-30	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q1'	√		√		
EXT-31	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q2'	√				
EXT-32	Multi-function Output Terminal 'Q3'	√				
EXT-34	LM (Load Meter) Output Selection	√				
EXT-35	LM Output Adjustment	√				
EXT-40	AM1 (Analog Meter 1) Output Selection			√		
EXT-41	AM1 Output Adjustment			√		
EXT-42	AM2 (Analog Meter 2) Output Selection			√		
EXT-43	AM2 Output Adjustment			√		

7.1 Sub-A board

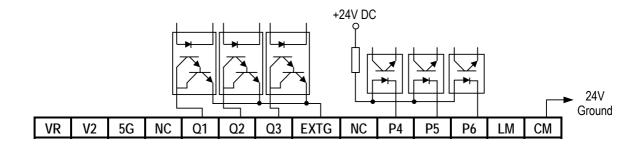
7.1.1 Board configuration



Note) 1. ● : Main circuit O : Control circuit

- 2. Output voltage is adjustable up to 12V.
- 3. Three types of External speed signal input available.
 (V, I, V+I, Refer to Parameter list and description for more details)

7.1.2 Terminal Configuration



7.1.3 Terminal Description

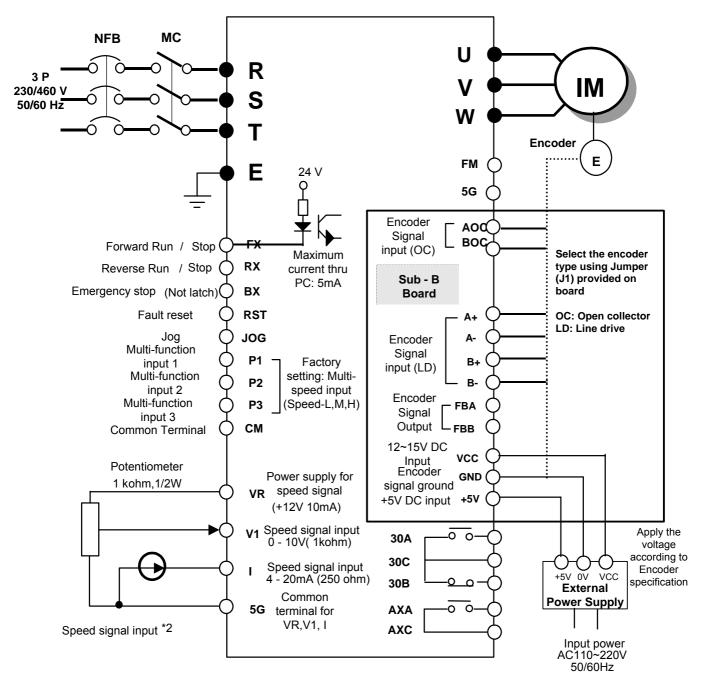
	Section	Terminal	Name	Description
	Contact Input	P4, P5, P6	Multi-Function Input	Used as the extended function of P1, P2, P3 (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14)
Input		CM	Common Terminal	Common terminal for P4, P5, P6
프	Analog	VR	Power Supply for V2	DC voltage output terminal for V2 (+12V, 10mA)
	Frequency	V2	Analog Voltage Input	Analog voltage input terminal for frequency reference or override.
	Reference	5G	Common Terminal	Common terminal for VR and V2
=	+15V Pulse Output	LM	Load Meter	Used to monitor one of Output Frequency, Output Current, Output Voltage, DC link Voltage. (+15V Pulse output, Average voltage: 0 ~ 10V DC)
Output		CM	Common Terminal	Common terminal for LM
0	Open Collector	Q1, Q2, Q3	Multi-Function Output (Open-Collector Output)	Used as the extended function of AXA, AXC (I/O-44)
	Output	EXTG	External Common Terminal	Common terminal for Q1, Q2, Q3
		NC	Not Used	

7.1.4 Parameters of Sub-A Board

Code	Parameter Description	Code	Parameter Description	
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	EXT-09	Analas Valtasa Innut Cianal (V/2) Adjustment	
EXT-02		EXT-10	Analog Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment	
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal (P4, P4, P6) Define	EXT-30	Multi-Function Output Terminal (Q1, Q2, Q3) Define	
EXT-04		EXT-31		
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	EXT-32		
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	EXT-34	I M Outrout Adicates and	
EXT-07	Analog Valtage Innest Cinnal (VA) Adirectorant	EXT-35	LM Output Adjustment	
EXT-08	Analog Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment			

7.2 Sub-B Board

7.2.1 Board configuration



Note) 1. ● : Main circuit O : Control circuit
2. Three types of External speed signal input available (V, I, V+I, Refer to Parameter list and description for more details)

7.2.2 Terminal Configuration (total 14 pins)

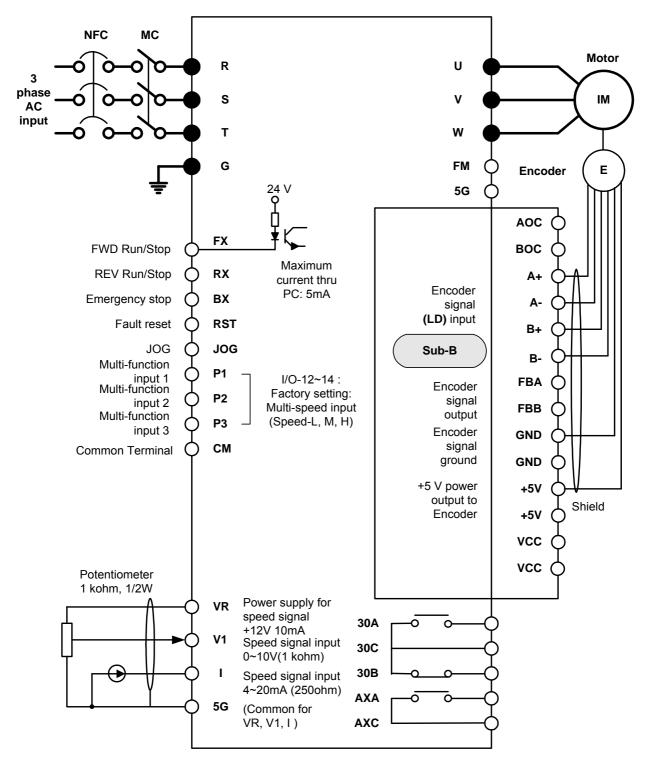
7.2.3 Terminal Description

Section		Terminal	Name	Description
	Open Collector	AOC	A Pulse Input Terminal	Connects A signal of Open Collector type encoder.
Encoder	Type	BOC	B Pulse Input Terminal	Connects B signal of Open Collector type encoder.
Signal		A+	A+ Pulse Input Terminal	Connects A+ signal of Line Drive type encoder.
Input	Line Drive	A-	A- Pulse Input Terminal	Connects A- signal of Line Drive type encoder.
	Туре	B+	B+ Pulse Input Terminal	Connects B+ signal of Line Drive type encoder.
		B-	B- Pulse Input Terminal	Connects B- signal of Line Drive type encoder.
Signal	Encoder Signal	FBA	Encoder A Pulse Output	Outputs A signal received from the encoder.
Output	Output	FBB	Encoder B Pulse Output	Outputs B signal received from the encoder.
	. 5\/	+5V	+5V DC Input Terminal	Provides +5V DC power output to encoder.
	+5		(For Line Drive type)	(5V DC, Minimum 0.5A)
Power Supply Input		Power Supply Input VCC +12 to 15 Terminal f Sup (For Op		Encoder supply voltage, Supply proper voltage according to the encoder specification. (+12 to 15V DC, Minimum 0.5A)
		GND	Ground Terminal	Ground for Power supply and encoder signal.

7.2.4 Parameters of Sub-B Board

Code	Parameter Description	Code	Parameter Description
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	EXT-21	Pulse Input Signal Adjustment
EXT-14	Usage for Pulse Input Signal	EXT-22	P-Gain
EXT-15	Pulse Input Signal Selection	EXT-23	I-Gain
EXT-16	Encoder Pulse Number	EXT-24	Slip Frequency
EXT-17	Filtering Time Constant	EXT-25	P-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD
EXT-18		EXT-26	I-Gain for (Sensored) Vector_SPD
EXT-19	Pulse Input Signal Adjustment	EXT-27	Forward Torque Limit
EXT-20		EXT-28	Reverse Torque Limit

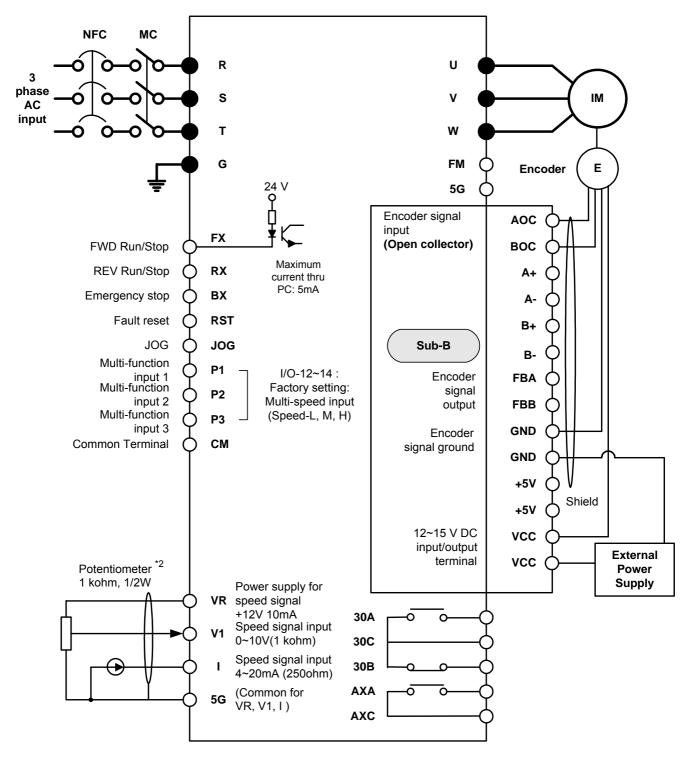
1. Sub-B board with <u>Line Drive type</u> encoder



Note) 1. ● : Main circuit, ○ : Control circuit.

2. External speed signal: V1, I, V1+I (Refer to Parameter list)

2. Sub-B board with Open collector type encoder

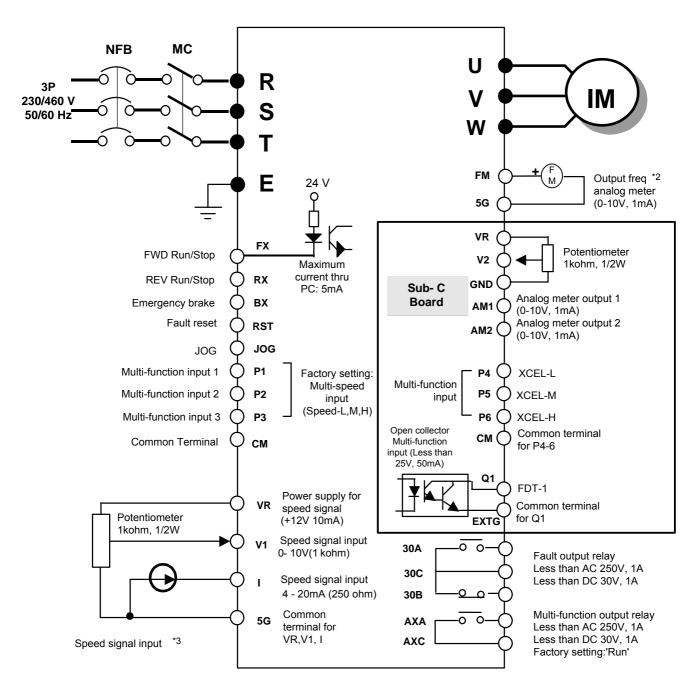


Note) 1. ● : Main circuit, ○ : Control circuit

2. External speed command: V1, I, and V1+I (Refer to Function list)

7.3 Sub-C Board (Isolated)

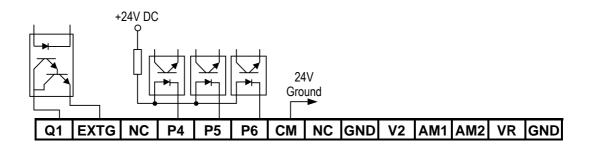
7.3.1 Board Configuration



Note) 1. ● : Main circuit O : Control circuit

- 2. Output voltage is adjustable up to 12V
- 3. Three types of External speed signal input available (V, I, V+I, Refer to Parameter list and description for more details)

7.3.2 Terminal Configuration



7.3.3 Terminal Description

	Section	Terminal	Name	Description
	Contact Input	P4, P5, P6	Multi-Function Input	Used as the extended function of P1, P2, P3 (I/O-12 ~ I/O-14).
		CM	Common Terminal	Common terminal for P4, P5, P6
Input		VR	Power supply for V2	DC voltage output terminal for V2 (+12V, 10mA)
<u>u</u>	Analog Frequency Reference	V2	Analog Voltage Input	Analog voltage or current input terminal for frequency reference or override. (0 ~ 10V DC, 4 ~ 20mA) Connecting jumper pin (J1) select current input.
	5G Common Terminal		Common Terminal	Common terminal for VR and V2
		AM1	Analog Meter 1	Used to monitor one of Output Frequency, Output Current, Output
Output	Analog Voltage	AM2	Analog Meter 2	Voltage, DC link Voltage (0 ~ 10V DC analog output, 1mA)
Onl		GND	Common Terminal	Common terminal for LM
	Open Collector	Q1	Multi-function Output	Used as the extended function of AXA, AXC (I/O-44)
	Output	EXTG	External Common Terminal	Common terminal for Q1
		NC	Not Used	

7.3.4 Parameters of Sub-C Board

Code	Parameter Description	Code	Parameter Description
EXT-01	Sub Board Type Display	EXT-09	Analog Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment
EXT-02		EXT-10	
EXT-03	Multi-Function Input Terminal (P4, P4, P6) define	EXT-30	Multi-function Output Terminal (Q1) define
EXT-04		EXT-40	
EXT-05	V2 Mode Selection	EXT-41	AMA AMO Adjustment
EXT-06	Filtering Time Constant for V2 Input Signal	EXT-43	AM1, AM2 Adjustment
EXT-07	Analog Valtage Input Cinnal (VA) Adirectored	EXT-43	
EXT-08	Analog Voltage Input Signal (V2) Adjustment		

7.4 Communication option boards

7.4.1 F-Net (Needed for Communication with LG GLOFA PLC)

Open network system protocol based on IEC/ISA FleldBus

♦ Specification

- Topology: Linear Bus Topology
- Band Method: Baseband
- Protocol: Fnet Protocol
- Media Access Method: Token
- Drive link: Fiber optics
- Number of nodes: up to 64 nodes/Bus
- Max. Data transmission size: 256byte
- Baud rate: 1Mbps
- Transmission distance: 750m Max.
- Error check: CRC-16
- Encoding method: Menchester Biphase-L
- Station: 0 63 (Setting via Keypad. Dip-swich not provided)

7.4.2 Device-Net (Field bus)

♦ Features

- Topology: Linear Bus Topology
- Band Method: Baseband
- Protocol: DeviceNet Protocol
- Media Access Method: CSMA/CD-NBA
- (Carrier Sense Multiple Access / Collision Detection Nondestructive Bitwise Arbitration)
- Drive link: 5-wire Cable (Twisted Pair)
- Number of nodes: 64 nodes/Bus Max
- Max. Data transmission size: max 8 bytes (64bits)
- Data rates and Max. Cable length (thick): 125kbps (500m/1640ft), 250kbps (250m/820ft), 500kbps (100m/328ft)

♦ Specification

- Device type: AC Drive
- Communication control method:
 - ① Explicit Peer to Peer Messaging
 - ② Master/Scanner (Predefined M/S Connection)
 - ③ I/O Slave Messaging: Polling Connection
- Baud rate: 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps
- Supply voltage: 11 25V
- Faulted Node Recovery
- Station: 0 63 (Setting via Keypad, Dip-swich not provided)
- Output Assembly Instance: 20, 21(100, 101 vendor specific)
- Input Assembly Instance: 70, 71(110, 111 vendor specific)
- Open Style Connector
- Interface: DPRAM
- Supports EDS files

^{*} Refer to communication option manuals for details.

7.4.3 RS485 & MODBUS-RTU Communication

[Performance Specification]

Category	Specification
Communication Method	RS485 (RS232-485 Converter)
Transmission Form	Bus method Multi-drop Link System
Applicable Inverter	SV-iS5 series
Converter	Converter equipped with RS232
Number of connectable Inverter	31, Max.
Transmission Distance	Max. 1200m (Within 700m is desired)

[Hardware Specification]

Category	•	Specification
Installation		Install on the Control Board of Inverter using option connector (CN2)
Power	Control Board	Powered by Inverter
Supply	Communication Board	Powered by Control Board Power (Isolated Power)

[Communication Specification]

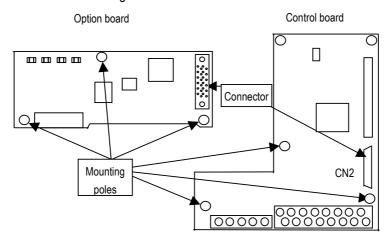
Category	Specification
Communication Speed	19200/9600/4800/2400/19200 bps User Selectable
Control Procedure	Asynchronous Communication System
Communication System	Half duplex system
Character System	ASCII (8 bit)
Stop Bit Length	1 bit
Error Check (CRC16)	2 byte
Parity check	None

7.4.4 12Bit Binary (DI) Input

	j	
Category		Specification
BIT		Digital 12Bit input
Commun	ication	Install on the Control Board of Inverter using option connector (CN2)
Power Control Board		Powered by Inverter
Supply 24V Power		Powered by Inverter 24V using connector

7.4.5 Installing Option Board

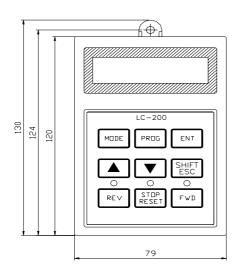
Connect the option board to Control board using Connector CN2. .



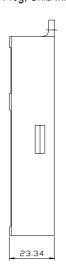
7.5 Keypad

The iS5 series has two kind of keypad for convenience.

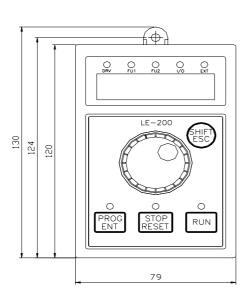
7.5.1 LCD Keypad



(Weight: 140g, Unit: mm)



7.5.2 7-Segment Keypad



(Weight: 110g, Unit: mm)



7.5.3 RS485 Communication

The serial interface supports operation, configuration and monitoring of inverter functions through RS485 connection.

1) Terminal block configuration

D	N	G	ς	T1	T2
Р	IV	G	ა	- 11	12

2) Terminal Description

Terminal Name	Description
T4 T2	Short the terminal to connect the termination resistor on
T1,T2	board
S	SHEILD
G	Power grounding terminal for RS485
В	Connect the RS485 signal - High
P	Signal input/output terminal for RS 485
N	Connect the RS485 signal - Low
	Reference terminal for RS 485

7.5.4 Remote cable

Ordering Number	Description
051050025	Remote cable - 2m
051050026	Remote cable - 3m
051050027	Remote cable - 5m

7.6 DB Resistors

1) Internal DB Resistor

SV-iS5 inverters up to 3.7kW have built-in DB resistor on Power stack as factory installation. Installing the external DB resistor (Optional) kit is strongly recommended when the unit is used for continuous operation or motor rating is above 3.7kW.

Voltage Applied motor capacity (kW/HP)		Operating rate (%ED/Continuous Braking Time)	Built in DB resistor (Braking Torque: 100%)		
	0.75 / 1	3%/ 5Sec	200 ohm, 100W		
200\/ Class	1.5 / 2	3% / 5 Sec	100 ohm, 100W		
200V Class	2.2 / 3	2% / 5 Sec	60 ohm, 100W		
	3.7 / 5	2% / 5 Sec	40 ohm, 100W		
400V Class	0.75 / 1	3% / 5 Sec	900 ohm, 100W		
	1.5 / 2	3% / 5 Sec	450 ohm, 100W		
	2.2 / 3	2% / 5 Sec	300 ohm, 100W		
	3.7 / 5	2% / 5 Sec	200 ohm, 100W		

2) DB Resistor (For External Installation, Optional)

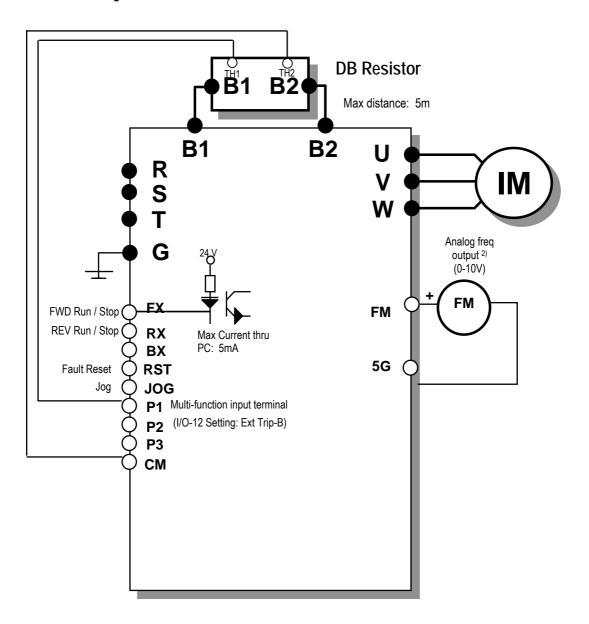
DB transistor is integrated for ratings below 7.5kW. Install the external DB resistor if necessary. However, DB transistor is not provided for the ratings above 11kW, installing both external DB unit and DB resistor are required. See the following table for more details (ED: 5%, Continuous Braking Time: 15 sec). If Enable duty (%ED) is increased to 10%, use the external DB resistor having twice Wattage rating.

	Applied motor	Operating rate	100 % Braking Torque			150% Braking Torque			
	capacity	(ED/Continuous	[ohm]	[W]	Туре	[ohm]	[W]	Typo	
	(kW / HP)	Braking Time)	[ohm]			[ohm]		Туре	
	0.75 / 1	5% / 15 Sec	200	100	TYPE 1	150	150	TYPE 1	
	1.5 / 2	5% / 15 Sec	100	200	TYPE 1	60	300	TYPE 1	
	2.2 / 3	5% / 15 Sec	60	300	TYPE 1	50	400	TYPE 1	
	3.7 / 5	5% / 15 Sec	40	500	TYPE 2	33	600	TYPE 2	
2	5.5 / 7.5	5% / 15 Sec	30	700	TYPE 3	20	800	TYPE 3	
0	7.5 / 10	5% / 15 Sec	20	1000	TYPE 3	15	1200	TYPE 3	
0	11 / 15	5% / 15 Sec	15	1400	TYPE 3	10	2400	TYPE 3	
V	15 / 20	5% / 15 Sec	11	2000	TYPE 3	8	2400	TYPE 3	
\ \	18.5 / 25	5% / 15 Sec	9	2400	TYPE 3	5	3600	TYPE 3	
	22 / 30	5% / 15 Sec	8	2800	TYPE 3	5	3600	TYPE 3	
	30 / 40	10% / 6 Sec	4.2	6400	-	-	-	-	
	37 / 50	10% / 6 Sec	4.2	6400	-	-	-	-	
	45 / 60	10% / 6 Sec	2.8	9600	-	-	-	-	
	55 / 75	10% / 6 Sec	2.8	9600	-	ı	-	-	
	0.75 / 1	5% / 15 Sec	900	100	TYPE 1	600	150	TYPE 1	
	1.5 / 2	5% / 15 Sec	450	200	TYPE 1	300	300	TYPE 1	
	2.2 / 3	5% / 15 Sec	300	300	TYPE 1	200	400	TYPE 1	
	3.7 / 5	5% / 15 Sec	200	500	TYPE 2	130	600	TYPE 2	
	5.5 / 7.5	5% / 15 Sec	120	700	TYPE 3	85	1000	TYPE 3	
	7.5 / 10	5% / 15 Sec	90	1000	TYPE 3	60	1200	TYPE 3	
4	11 / 15	5% / 15 Sec	60	1400	TYPE 3	40	2000	TYPE 3	
0	15 / 20	5% / 15 Sec	45	2000	TYPE 3	30	2400	TYPE 3	
0 V	18.5 / 25	5% / 15 Sec	35	2400	TYPE 3	20	3600	TYPE 3	
V	22 / 30	5% / 15 Sec	30	2800	TYPE 3	20	3600	TYPE 3	
	30 / 40	10% / 6 Sec	16.9	6400	-	-	-	-	
	37 / 50	10% / 6 Sec	16.9	6400	-	-	-	-	
	45 / 60	10% / 6 Sec	11.4	9600	-	-	-	-	
	55 / 75	10% / 6 Sec	11.4	9600	-	-	-	-	
	75 / 100	10% / 6 Sec	8.4	12800	-	-	-	-	

3) DB Resistor Wiring

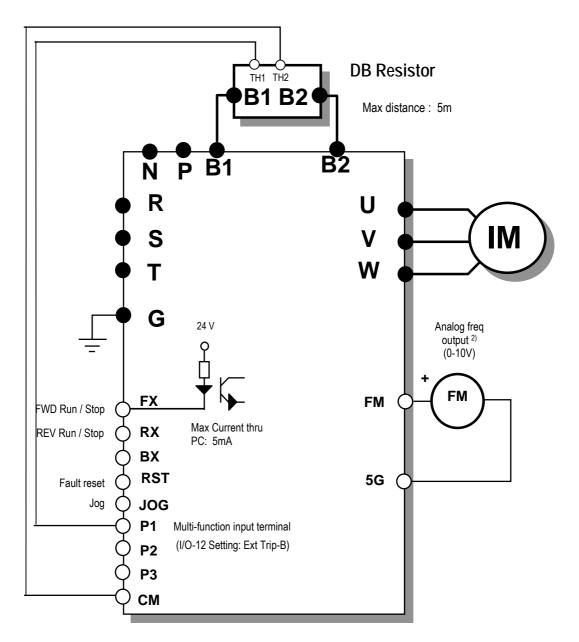
When wiring, connect the DB Resistor as SHORT as possible.

• DB resistor wiring for 1 − 5 HP Inverter



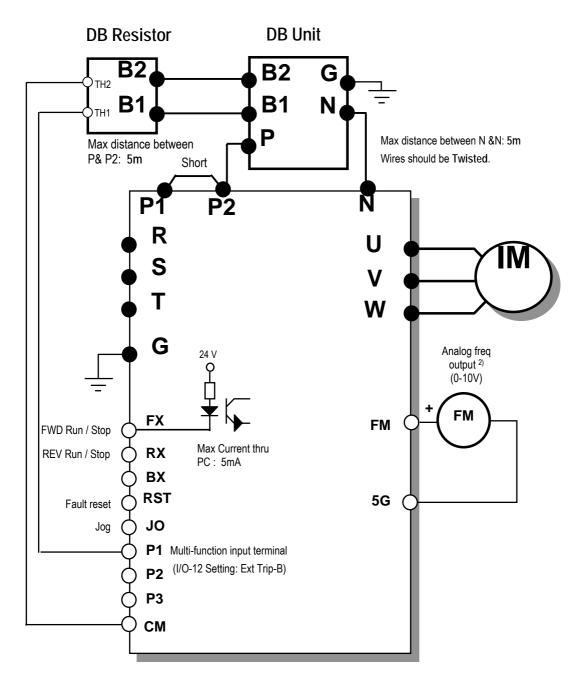
DB resistor terminal	stor terminal Terminal description			
B1, B2	Connect the DB Resistor to Inverter terminal B1,B2.			
	Thermal sensors provided with the DB resistor.			
THA THO	P1 is ON (TH1-TH2 Shorted) at normal (ambient temp) and P1 is OFF (TH1-TH2			
TH1, TH2	Open) at overheated status. Connect the thermal sensor to one of the multi-function			
	input (P1, P2 or P3, I/O 12-14 setting: Ext Trip-B).			

• DB resistor wiring for 7.5 - 10HP Inverter



DB resistor terminal	Terminal description
B1, B2	Connect the DB Resistor to Inverter terminal B1,B2.
	Thermal sensors provided with the DB resistor.
THA THO	P1 is ON (TH1-TH2 Shorted) at normal (ambient temp) and P1 is OFF (TH1-TH2
TH1, TH2	Open) at overheated status. Connect the thermal sensor to one of the multi-function
	input (P1, P2 or P3, I/O 12-14 setting: Ext Trip-B).

• DB Resistor/Unit wiring for 15-100 HP Inverter



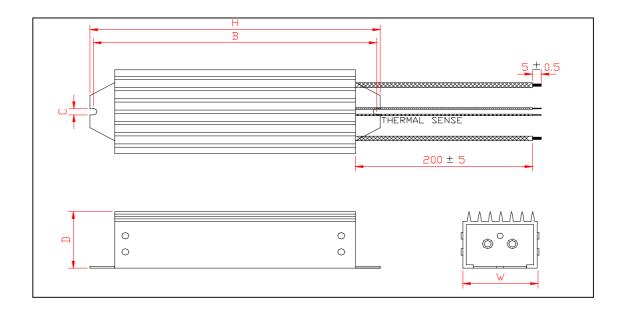
DB resistor terminal	Terminal description				
B1, B2	Connect the DB Resistor to Inverter terminal B1, B2.				
	Thermal sensors provided with the DB resistor.				
THA THO	P1 is ON (TH1-TH2 Shorted) at normal (ambient temp) and P1 is OFF (TH1-TH2				
TH1, TH2	Open) at overheated status. Connect the thermal sensor to one of the multi-function				
	input (P1, P2 or P3, I/O 12-14 setting: Ext Trip-B).				

^{*} For DBU, refer to 7.7 DB Unit.

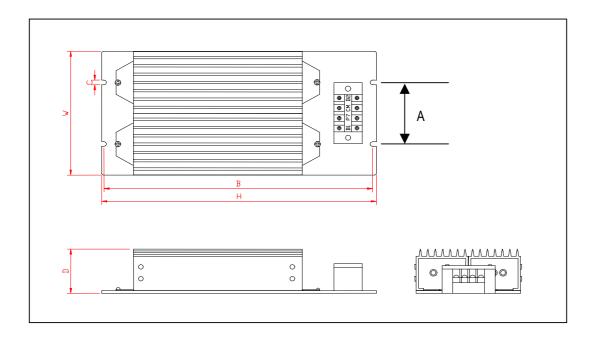
4) DB Reisistor Dimensions

DB Reisitor	Inverter Model	Tuno	Type Dimensions [mm]					
DD Keisiloi	inverter Model	Type	W	Н	D	Α	В	С
BR0400W150J	SV 008IS5-2	1	64	412	40	1	400	6.3
BR0400W060J	SV 015IS5-2	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0400W050J	SV 022IS5-2	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0600W033J	SV 037IS5-2	2	128	390	43	64	370	5
BR0800W020J	SV 055IS5-2	3	220	345	93	140	330	7.8
BR1200W015J	SV 075IS5-2	3	220	345	93	140	330	7.8
BR2400W010J	SV 110IS5-2	3	220	445	93	140	430	7.8
BR2400W008J	SV 150IS5-2	3	220	445	93	140	430	7.8
BR3600W005J	SV 185IS5-2	3	220	445	165	140	430	7.8
BR3600W005J	SV 220IS5-2	3	220	445	165	140	430	7.8
BR0400W600J	SV 008IS5-4	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0400W300J	SV 015IS5-4	1	64	412	40	-	400	6.3
BR0400W200J	SV 022IS5-4	1	64	412	40	ı	400	6.3
BR0600W130J	SV 037IS5-4	2	128	390	43	64	370	5
BR1000W085J	SV 055IS5-4	3	220	345	93	140	330	7.8
BR1200W060J	SV 075IS5-4	3	220	345	93	140	330	7.8
BR2000W040J	SV 110IS5-4	3	220	445	93	140	430	7.8
BR2400W030J	SV 150IS5-4	3	220	445	93	140	430	7.8
BR3600W020J	SV 185IS5-4	3	220	445	165	140	430	7.8
BR3600W020J	SV 220IS5-4	3	220	445	165	140	430	7.8

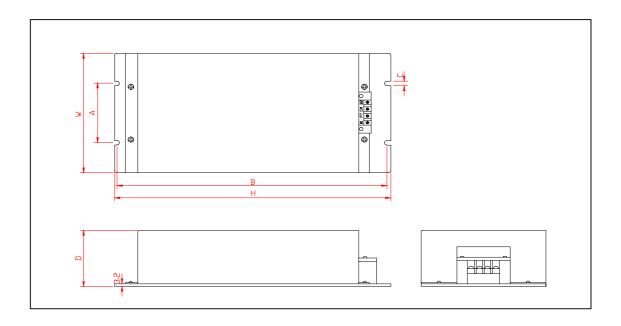
^{*} Type 1 (Max. 400 Watt)



* Type 2 (Max. 600 Watt)



* Type 3



7.7 DB (Dynamic Brake) Unit

1) DBU models

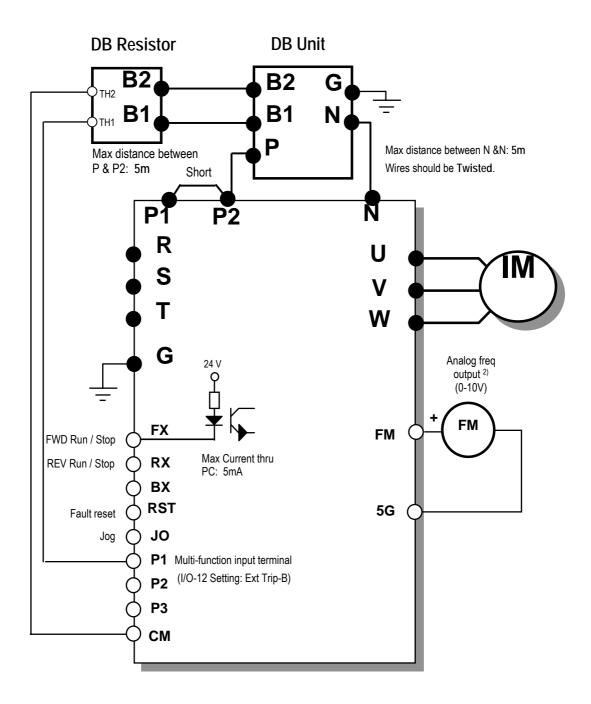
UL	Inverter	Applicable motor rating	DB Unit	Dimension
	200V	11 ~ 15 kW	SV150DBU-2	Group 1. See 4)
	200V	18.5 ~ 22 kW	SV220DBU-2	Dimensions
	200V	30 ~ 37 kW	SV370DBU-2	Group 2. See 4)
Nam III	200V	45 ~ 55 kW	SV550DBU-2	Dimensions
Non UL	400V	11 ~ 15 kW	SV150DBU-4	Group 1. See 4)
type	400V	18.5 ~ 22 kW	SV220DBU-4	Dimensions
	400V	30 ~ 37 kW	SV370DBU-4	O 2
	400V	45 ~ 55 kW	SV550DBU-4	Group 2. See 4) Dimensions
	400V	75 kW	SV750DBU-4	Dimensions
	200V	11 ~ 15 kW	SV150DBU-2U	
	200V	18.5 ~ 22 kW	SV220DBU-2 U	
	200V	30 ~ 37 kW	SV370DBU-2 U	
UL Type	200V	45 ~ 55 kW	SV550DBU-2 U	O 2
	400V	11 ~ 15 kW	SV150DBU-4 U	Group 3. See 4) Dimensions
	400V	18.5 ~ 22 kW	SV220DBU-4 U	Dimensions
	400V	30 ~ 37 kW	SV370DBU-4 U	
	400V	45 ~ 55 kW	SV550DBU-4 U	
	400V	75 kW	SV750DBU-4 U	

2) Terminal configuration

- Group 1: G B2 B1 N Р CM OH -Group 2: N P/B1 B2 G Р B1 B2 -Group 3: N G

Terminal	Description
G	Grounding terminal
B2	Connect it to DB Resistor terminal B2
B1	Connect it to DB Resistor terminal B1
N	Connect it to Inverter terminal N
Р	Connect it to Inverter terminal P
CM	Common for Terminal OH
OH*	Overheat Trip Output Terminal (Open Collector output: 20mA, 27V DC)

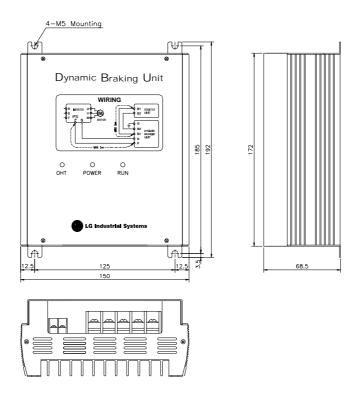
3) DB Resistor/Unit wiring for 15-100 HP Inverter



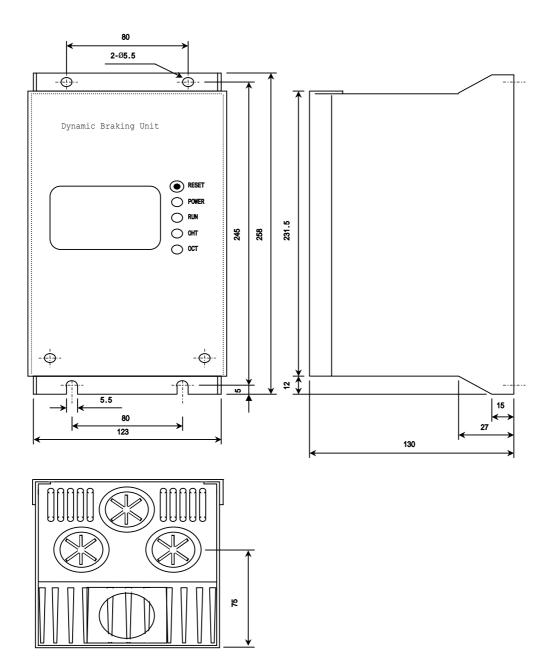
4) Dimensions

• Group 1

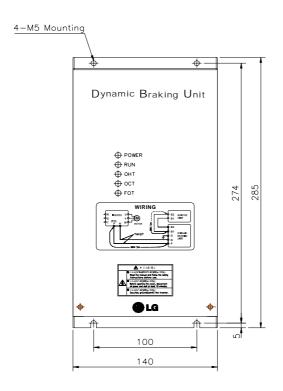
(Unit: mm)

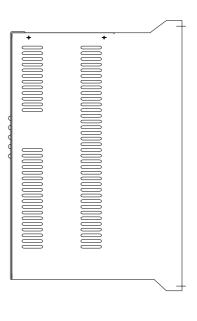


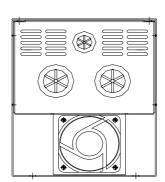
• Group 2



• Group 3:

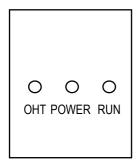






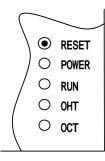
(5) Monitoring LEDs

* Group 1



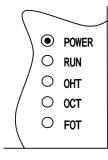
LED	Description
OHT (GREEN, LEFT)	When heat sink is overheated and the level exceeds its setting limit, overheat protection is activated and OHT LED is turned ON after DBU's signal is shut off.
POWER (RED)	POWER LED is turned ON upon inverter Power ON because normally it is connected to the inverter.
RUN (GREEN, RIGHT)	RUN LED is blinking while DBU is operating normally by motor regenerating energy.

* Group 2



LED	Description
RESET	Press this switch to release OCT FAULT status. Pressing this turns the OCT LED off.
POWER (GREEN)	POWER LED is turned ON upon inverter Power ON because normally it is connected to the inverter.
RUN (GREEN)	RUN LED is blinking while DBU is operating normally by motor regenerating energy.
OHT (RED)	When heat sink is overheated and the level exceeds its setting limit, overheat protection is activated and OHT LED is turned ON after DBU's signal is shut off.
OCT (RED)	Over current trip signal. When overcurrent is flowed to the iGBT, protection function shuts off the operating signal and OCT LED is tured ON.

* Group 3



LED	Description
POWER	POWER LED is turned ON upon inverter Power ON because
(RED)	normally it is connected to the inverter.
RUN	RUN LED is blinking while DBU is operating normally by motor
(GREEN)	regenerating energy.
OHT (RED)	When heat sink is overheated and the level exceeds its setting limit, overheat protection is activated and OHT LED is turned ON after DBU's signal is shut off.
OCT (RED)	Over current trip signal. When overcurrent is flowed to the iGBT, protection function shuts off the operating signal and OCT LED is tured ON.
FOT (RED)	FOT LED is turned ON when fuse is opened to shut the overcurrent during braking.

CHAPTER 8 - TROUBLESHOOTING & MAINTENANCE

8.1 Fault Display

When a fault occurs, the inverter turns off its output and displays the fault status in DRV-07. The last 5 faults are saved in FU2-01 through FU2-05 with the operation status at the instance of fault.

Keypad Display		Protective	Description
LCD	7-Segment	Function	Description
Over Current 1	OC1	Over Current Protection	The inverter turns off its output when the output current of the inverter flows more than 200% of the inverter rated current.
Ground Fault	GF	Ground Fault Protection	The inverter turns off its output when a ground fault occurs and the ground fault current is more than the internal setting value of the inverter. Over current trip function may protect the inverter when a ground fault occurs due to a low ground fault resistance.
Over Voltage	OV	Over voltage protection	The inverter turns off its output if the DC voltage of the main circuit increases higher than the rated value when the motor decelerates or when regenerative energy flows back to the inverter due to a regenerative load. This fault can also occur due to a surge voltage generated at the power supply system.
Over Load	OLT	Current Limit Protection (Overload Protection)	The inverter turns off its output if the output current of the inverter flows at 180% of the inverter rated current for more than the current limit time (S/W).
Fuse Open	FUSE	Fuse Open	The inverter turns off its output by opening the fuse when something is wrong with the main circuit IGBT to protect the wiring from being damaged from short currents.
Over Heat	ОН	Heat Sink Over Heat	The inverter turns off its output if the heat sink over heats due to a damaged cooling fan or an alien substance in the cooling fan by detecting the temperature of the heat sink.
E-Thermal	ETH	Electronic Thermal	The internal electronic thermal of the inverter determines the over heating of the motor. If the motor is overloaded the inverter turns off the output. The inverter cannot protect the motor when driving a multi-pole motor or when driving multiple motors, so consider thermal relays or other thermal protective devices for each motor. Overload capacity: 150% for 1 min
External-A	EXTA	External fault A	Use this function if the user needs to turn off the output by an external fault signal. (Normal Open Contact)
External-B	EXTB	External fault B	Use this function if the user needs to turn off the output by an external fault signal. (Normal Close Contact)
Low Voltage	LV	Low Voltage Protection	The inverter turns off its output if the DC voltage is below the detection level because insufficient torque or over heating of the motor can occurs when the input voltage of the inverter drops.
Over Current 2	OC2	IGBT Short	The inverter turns off the output if an IGBT short through or an output short occurs.
Phase Open	РО	Output Phase open	The inverter turns off its output when the one or more of the output (U, V, W) phase is open. The inverter detects the output current to check the phase open of the output.
ВХ	ВХ	BX Protection (Instant Cut Off)	Used for the emergency stop of the inverter. The inverter instantly turns off the output when the BX terminal is turned ON, and returns to regular operation when the BX terminal is turned OFF. Take caution when using this function.
Option (**)	OPT	Option Fault	Fault at the internal option of the inverter.

Chapter 8 - Troubleshooting & Maintenance

Keypad Display		Protective	Description
LCD	7-Segment	Function	Description
HW-Diag	HW	Inverter H/W Fault	A fault signal is output when an error occurs to the control circuitry of the inverter. There are the Wdog error, the EEP error, and the ADC Offset for this fault
COM Error CPU Error	Err	Communication Error	This fault is displayed when the inverter cannot communicate with the keypad.
LOP LOR LOV LOI LOX	LP LR LV LI LX	Operating Method when the Frequency Reference is Lost	According to the I/O-48 [Operating Method when the Frequency Reference is Lost] setting, there are three modes: continue operation, decelerate and stop, and free run, LOP: Displayed when option frequency reference is lost (DPRAM time out) LOR: Displayed when option frequency reference is lost (Communication network fault) LOV: Displayed when 'V1' analog frequency reference is lost. LOI: Displayed when sun-board (V2, ENC) analog frequency reference is lost.
Inv. OLT	IOLT	Inverter Overload	The inverter turns off its output when the output current of the inverter flows more than the rated level (150% for 1 minute, 200% for 0.5 seconds).
NTC open	NTC	Thermal Sensor Opened	Inverter uses NC thermal sensor for detecting heat sink temperature. If this message is displayed, the thermal sensor wire may be cut. (Inverter keeps operating)

To reset fault, Press RESET key, Close RST-CM terminals or connect input power. If a problem persists, please contact the factory or your local distributor.]

8.2 Fault Remedy

Protective	0	Dama da
Function	Cause	Remedy
Over Current Protection	 Acceleration/Deceleration time is too short compared to the GD² of the load. Load is larger than the inverter rating. Inverter turns output on when the motor is free running. Output short or ground fault has occurred. Mechanical brake of the motor is operating too fast. Components of the main circuit have overheated due to a faulty cooling fan. 	1) Increase Accel/Decel time. 2) Increase inverter capacity. 3) Operate after motor has stopped. 4) Check output wiring. 5) Check mechanical brake operation. 6) Check cooling fan. (Caution) Operating inverter prior to correcting fault may damage the IGBT.
Ground Current	1) Ground fault has occurred at the output wiring of inverter.	Investigate the output wiring of inverter.
Protection	2) The insulation of the motor is damaged due to heat.	2) Exchange motor.
Over Voltage Protection	 Acceleration time is too short compared to the GD² of load. Regenerative load at the output Line voltage high 	Increase deceleration time. Use regenerative resistor option. Check line voltage.
Current Limit	1) Load is larger than the inverter rating.	1) Increase capacity of motor and inverter.
Protection	2) Incorrect inverter capacity selected.	2) Select correct inverter capacity.
(Overload Protection)	3) Set incorrect V/F pattern.	3) Select correct V/F pattern.
Fuse Damage	Damaged due to over use of over current protection. Damaged due to instant deceleration when motor is at an excessive excitation status.	Exchange the fuse. (Caution) The IGBT receives damages on many occasions when Fuse Open Trip occurs.
Heat Sink Overheat	Cooling fan damaged or an alien substance inserted. Cooling system has faults. Ambient temperature high.	 Exchange cooling fans and/or eliminate alien substance. Check for alien substances in the heat sink. Keep ambient temperature under 40 ℃.
Electronic Thermal	 Motor has overheated. Load is larger than inverter rating. ETH level too low. Incorrect inverter capacity selected. Set incorrect V/F pattern. Operated too long at low speeds. 	 Reduce load and/or running duty. Increase inverter capacity. Adjust ETH level to an appropriate level. Select correct inverter capacity. Select correct V/F pattern. Install a cooling fan with a separate power supply.
External fault A	External fault has occurred.	Eliminate fault at circuit connected to external fault terminal or cause of external fault input.
External fault B	External fault has occurred.	Eliminate fault at circuit connected to external fault terminal or cause of external fault input.
Low Voltage Protection	Line voltage low. Load larger than line capacity is connected to line. (welding machine, motor with high starting current connected to the commercial line) Faulty magnetic switch at the input side of the inverter	Check line voltage. Increase line capacity. Exchange magnetic switch.
Over Current 2	 Short has occurred between the upper and lower IGBT. Short has occurred at the output of the inverter. Acceleration/Deceleration time is too short compared to the GD² of load. 	Check IGBT. Check output wiring of inverter. Increase acceleration time.
Output Phase	Faulty contact of magnetic switch at output	1) Check magnetic switch at output of inverter.
Open	2) Faulty output wiring	2) Check output wiring.
Option Fault	Faulty option connector connection	Check option connection.

Chapter 8 - Troubleshooting & Maintenance

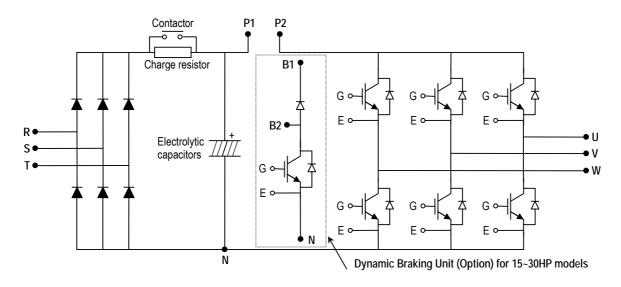
Protective Function	Cause	Remedy	
H/W Fault	Wdog error (CPU fault) EEP error (memory fault)	Exchange inverter.	
	ADC Offset (current feedback circuit fault)		
Communication	Faulty connection between inverter and keypad	1) Check connector.	
Fault	2) Inverter CPU malfunction	2) Exchange inverter.	
Operating	LOP (Loss of reference from the Option),	Eliminate cause of fault.	
Method when the	LOR (Remote)		
Speed	LOV (V1),		
Reference is	LOI (I),		
Lost	LOX (Sub-V2, ENC)		
Inverter	1) Load is larger than inverter rating.	1) Increase motor and/or inverter capacity.	
Overload	Incorrect inverter capacity selected.	2) Select correct inverter capacity.	

8.3 Troubleshooting

Condition	Check Point
The Motor Does Not Rotate.	1) Main circuit inspection: Is the input (line) voltage normal? (Is the LED in the inverter is lit?) Is the motor connected correctly? 2) Input signal inspection: Check the operating signal input to the inverter. Check the forward and the reverse signal input simultaneously to the inverter? Check the command frequency signal input to the inverter. 3) Parameter setting inspection: Is the reverse prevention (FU1-03) function set? Is the operation mode (FU1-01) set correctly? Is the command frequency set to 0? 4) Load inspection: Is the load too large or is the motor jammed? (Mechanical brake) 5) Other: Is the alarm displayed on the keypad or is the alarm LED lit? (STOP LED blinks)
The Motor Rotates in Opposite Directions.	Is the phase sequence of the output terminal U, V, W correct? Is the starting signal (forward/reverse) connected correctly?
The Difference Between the Rotating Speed and the Reference is Too Large.	Is the frequency reference signal correct? (Check the level of the input signal) Is the following parameter setting is correct? Lower Limit Frequency (FU1-24), Upper Limit Frequency (FU1-25), Analog Frequency Gain (I/O-1~10) Is the input signal line influenced by external noise? (Use a shielded wire)
The Inverter Does Not Accelerate or Decelerate Smoothly.	Is the acceleration/deceleration time is set too short a period of time? Is the load too large? Is the Torque Boost (FU1-27, 28) value is too high that the current limit function and the stall prevention function do not operate?
The Motor Current is Too High.	Is the load too large? Is the Torque Boost Value (manual) too high? Is the Upper Limit Frequency (FU1-25) value correct?
The Rotating Speed Does Not Increase.	Is the load too large? Is the Torque Boost (FU1-27, 28) value too high that the stall prevention function (FU1-59, 60) does not operate?
The Rotating Speed Oscillates When the Inverter is Operating.	 Load inspection: Is the load oscillating? Input signal inspection: Is the frequency reference signal oscillating? Other: Is the wiring too long when the inverter is using V/F control? (over 500m)

8.4 How to Check Power Components

Before checking the power components, be sure to disconnect AC Input supply and wait until the Main Electrolytic Capacitors (DCP-DCN) discharge.



■ Diode Module Check

Check point	Resistance to be Good
R, S, T – P1	50 k ohms or more
R, S, T – N	50 k ohms or more

■ Charge Resistor Check

Check point	Resistance to be Good
Contactor terminals	Depending on model

■ DB (Dynamic Braking) IGBT (Option)

Check point	Resistance to be Good
B2 - N	50 k ohms or more
G - N	A few kilo ohms

■ IGBT Module Check

Check point	Resistance to be Good
B2 - N	50 k ohms or more
G - N	A few kilo ohms

8.5 Maintenance

The iS5 series is an industrial electronic product with advanced semiconductor elements. However, temperature, humidity, vibration and aging parts may still affect it. To avoid this, it is recommended to perform routine inspections.

8.5.1 Precautions

- Be sure to remove the drive power input while performing maintenance.
- Be sure to perform maintenance only after checking that the bus has discharged. The bus capacitors in the electronic circuit can still be charged even after the power is turned off.
- The correct output voltage can only be measured by using a rectifier voltage meter. Other voltage meters, including digital voltage meters, are likely to display incorrect values caused by the high frequency PWM output voltage of the drive.

8.5.2 Routine Inspection

Be sure to check the following before operation:

- The conditions of the installation location
- The conditions of the drive cooling
- Abnormal vibration
- Abnormal heating

8.5.3 Periodical Inspection

- Are there any loose bolt, nut or rust caused by surrounding conditions? If so, tighten them up or replace them.
- Are there any deposits inside the drive-cooling fan? If so, remove using air.
- Are there any deposits on the drive's PCB (Printed Circuit Boards)? If so, remove using air.
- Are there any abnormalities in the various connectors of the drive's PCB? If so, check the condition of the connector in question.
- Check the rotating condition of the cooling fan, the size and condition of the capacitors and the connections with the magnetic contactor. Replace them if there are any abnormalities.

8.5.4 Internal Fuse Replacement

When the internal fuse is opened the IGBT's should be checked thoroughly before replacing the fuse. Contact the factory for replacement fuse information.

8.6 Daily and Periodic Inspection Items

_			Period					
Inspection Location	Inspection Item	Inspection	Daily	1 year	2 year	Inspection Method	Criterion	Measuring Instrument
All	Ambient Environ- ment	Is there any dust? Is the ambient temperature and humidity adequate?				Refer to the precautions.	Temperature: -10~+40 no freezing. Humidity: Under 50% no dew	Thermometer, Hygrometer, Recorder
	Equipment	Is there any abnormal oscillation or noise?	О			Use sight and hearing.	No abnormality	
	Input Voltage	Is the input voltage of the main circuit normal?	О			Measure the voltage between the terminals R, S, T.		Digital Multi- Meter/Tester
	All	Megger check (between the main circuit and the ground) Are any fixed parts removed? Are there any traces of overheating at each component's cleaning?		0 0 0	О	Undo the inverter connections short the terminals R, S, T, U, V, W and measure between these parts and the ground. Tighten the screws. Visual check.	Over 5M Ω No fault	DC 500V class Megger
	Conductor/ Wire	Is the conductor rusty? Is the wire coating damaged?		0		Visual check	No fault	
	Terminal	Is there any damage?		0		Visual check	No fault	
Main Circuit	IGBT Module /Diode Module	Check the resistance between each of the terminals.			О	Undo the inverter connection and measure the resistance between R, S, T \Leftrightarrow P, N and U, V, W \Leftrightarrow P, N with a tester.	(Refer 'How to Check Power Components")	Digital Multi- Meter/Analog Tester
Main	Smoothing Capacitor	Is there any liquid coming out? Is the safety pin out, and is there any swelling? Measure the capacitance.	0	О		Visual check Measure with a capacitance- measuring device.	No fault Over 85% of the rated capacity	Capacitance Measuring Device
	Relay	Is there any chattering noise during operation? Is there any damage to the contact		0		Auditory check Visual check	No fault	
	Resistor	Is there any damage to the contact Is there any damage to the resistor insulation? Is the wiring in the resistor damaged (open)?		0 0		Visual check Disconnect one of the connections and measure with a tester.	No fault Error must be within ± 10% the displayed resistance.	Digital Multi- Meter/Analog Tester
Control Circuit Protective Circuit	Is there any unbalance between each phases of the output voltage? Operation Check Operati		Measure the voltage between the output terminals U, V and W. Short and open the inverter protective circuit output.	The voltage balance between the phases for 200V (800V) class is under 4V (8V). The fault circuit operates according to the sequence.	Digital Multi- Meter/Rectifying Voltmeter			
Cooling System	Cooling Fan	Is there any abnormal oscillation or noise? Is the connection area loose?	О	О		Turn OFF the power and turn the fan by hand. Tighten the connections.	Must rotate smoothly. No fault	
Display	Meter	Is the displayed value correct?	О	О		Check the meter reading at the exterior of the panel.	Check the specified and management values.	Voltmeter/ Ammeter etc.
tor	All	Are there any abnormal vibrations or noise? Is there any unusual odor?	0			Auditory, sensory, visual check. Check for overheat and damage.	No fault	
Motor	Insulation Resistor	Megger check (between the output terminals and the ground terminal)			О	Undo the U, V and W connections and tie the motor wiring.	Over 5M Ω	500V class Megger

Note: Values in () is for the 400V class inverters.

APPENDIX A - FUNCTIONS BASED ON USE

Set the function properly according to the load and operating conditions. Application and related functions are listed in the following table.

Use	Related Parameter Code
Accel/Decel Time Dettern Adjustment	DRV-01 [Acceleration Time], DRV-02 [Deceleration Time],
Accel/Decel Time, Pattern Adjustment	FU1-05 [Acceleration Pattern], FU1-06 [Deceleration Pattern]
Reverse Rotation Prevention	FU1-03 [Forward, Reverse Prevention]
Minimum Accel/Decel Time	FU1-05 [Acceleration Pattern], FU1-06 [Deceleration Pattern]
Accel/Decel at Continuous Rating Range	FU1-05 [Acceleration Pattern], FU1-06 [Deceleration Pattern]
Draking Operation Adjustment	FU1-07 [Stop Method], FU1-08~11 [DC Braking],
Braking Operation Adjustment	FU1-12~13 [DC braking at start]
	FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency],
Operations for Frequencies Over 60 Hz	FU1-25 [Frequency Upper Limit],
Operations for Frequencies Over 60 Fiz	I/O-05 [Frequency Corresponding to Max. Voltage of V1],
	I/O-10 [Frequency Corresponding to Max. Current of I]
Selecting an Appropriate Output	FU1-20 [Maximum Frequency],
Characteristics for the Load	FU1-21 [Base Frequency]
	FU1-22 [Starting Frequency],
Motor Output Torque Adjustment	FU1-26~28 [Torque Boost],
Motor Gutput Forque Aujustment	FU1-59~60 [Stall Prevention],
	FU2-30 [Rated Motor]
Output Frequency Limit	FU1-23~25 [Frequency Upper/Lower Limit],
<u> </u>	I/O-01~10 [Analog Frequency Setting]
Motor Overheat Protection	FU1-50~53 [Electronic Thermal], FU2-30 [Rated Motor]
	I/O-12~14 [Define the Multi Function Input Terminals],
Multi Step Operation	I/O-20~27 [Jog, Multi Step Frequency],
	FU1-23~25 [Frequency Upper/Lower Limit]
Jog Operation	I/O-20 [Jog Frequency]
Frequency Jump Operation	FU2-10~16 [Frequency Jump]
Timing the Electronic Brake Operation	I/O-42~43 [Frequency Detection Level],
	I/O-44 [Multi Function Output]
Displaying the Rotating Speed	DRV-04 [Motor Speed],
	FU2-74 [Motor RPM Display Gain]
Function Alteration Prevention	FU2-94 [Parameter Lock]
Energy Saving	FU1-39 [Energy Saving]
Auto Restart Operation After Alarm Stop	FU2-27~28 [Auto Retry]
2 nd Motor Operation	FU2-81~90 [2 nd Function]
PID Feedback Operation	FU2-50~54 [PID Operation]
Frequency Reference Signal and Output	I/O-01~10 [Analog Frequency Setting]
Adjusting	
Define the Multi-Function Input Terminals	I/O-12~14 [Define the Multi-Function Input Terminals]
Define the Multi-Function Input Terminals	I/O-44 [Multi Function Auxiliary Contact Output Setting]
Commercial Line ⇔ inverter Switchover	I/O-12~14 [Define the Multi-Function Input Terminals],
Operation	I/O-44 [Multi-Function Auxiliary Contact Output Setting]
Frequency Meter Calibration	I/O-40~41 [FM Output]
	I/O-46 [Inverter No.],
Operate by Communicating with a Computer	I/O-47 [communication Speed],
	I/O-48~49 [Loss of Reference]

APPENDIX B - PARAMETERS BASED ON APPLICATION

Application	Parameter Code
DRV Group	
When you want to change the frequency setting	DRV-00
When you want to change the acceleration and deceleration time of the motor	DRV-01, DRV-02
When you want to change the run/stop method	DRV-03
When you want to change the frequency reference source	DRV-04
When you want to set the multi-function	DRV-005 ~ 07
When you want to see the output current, motor speed and the DC link voltage of inverter	DRV-08 ~ 10
When you want to see the output voltage, output power, output torque from the user display	DRV-11
When you want to check the fault of the inverter	DRV-12
FU1 Group	
When you want to use the Jump Code	FU1-00
When you want to prevent the motor from rotating at opposite directions	FU1-03
When you want to select the acceleration and deceleration pattern suitable for your application	FU1-05 ~ 06
When you want to change the stopping method	FU1-07
When you want to change the stopping accuracy for steady stop	FU1-08 ~ 11
When DC injection braking is required before starting	FU1-12 ~ 13
When you want to set the maximum frequency and the base frequency according to the rated torque of the	FU1-20 ~ 21
motor	
When you want to adjust the starting frequency	FU1-22
When you want to limit the mechanical rotating speed to a fixed value	FU1-23 ~ 25
When a large starting torque is needed for loads such as elevators (Manual/Auto Torque Boost)	FU1-26 ~ 28
When you want to select an appropriate output characteristic (V/F characteristic) according to loads	FU1-29
When you want to se up your own V/F pattern	FU1-30 ~ 37
When you want to adjust the output voltage of the inverter	FU1-38
When you want to use the energy saving function	FU1-39
When you want to protect the motor from overheating	FU1-50 ~ 53
When you want to output a signal when the overload condition lasts more than a fixed amount of time	FU1-54 ~ 55
When you want to cut off the output when the overload condition lasts more than a fixed amount of time	FU1-56 ~ 58
When you want to set the stall prevention function	FU1-59 ~ 60
FU2 Group	
When you want to check the fault history of the inverter	FU2-01 ~ 06
When you want to use dwell function	FU2-07 ~ 08
When you want to prevent the resonance from the oscillating characteristics of a machine	FU2-10 ~ 16
When you want to protect inverter from input/output phase loss	FU2-19
When you want to start the inverter as soon as the power is turned ON	FU2-20
When you want to restart the inverter by resetting the fault when a fault occur	FU2-21
When you want to use the instant power failure restart function (Speed Search)	FU2-22 ~ 25
When you want to use the retry function	FU2-26 ~ 27
When you want to enter the motor constants	FU2-30 ~ 37
When you want to reduce noise or leakage current by changing the PWM carrier frequency	FU2-39
When you want to change the control method (V/F, slip compensation, PID, or sensorless operation)	FU2-40

Application	Parameter Code
When you want to use the auto tuning function	FU2-41 ~ 44
When you want to operate using PID feedback	FU2-50 ~ 54
When you want to change the reference frequency for acceleration and deceleration	FU2-70
When you want to change the acceleration and deceleration time scale	FU2-71
When you want to set the initial keypad display that is displayed when the power is turned ON	FU2-72
When you want to set the user defined display	FU2-73
When you want to adjust the gain for the motor RPM display	FU2-74
When you want to set the dynamic braking (DB) resistor mode	FU2-75 ~ 76
When you want to verify the inverter software version	FU2-79
When you want to change the connection from one motor to the other motor which use difference parameters	FU2-81 ~ 90
When you want to copy the inverter parameter to another inverter	FU2-91 ~ 92
When you want to initialize the parameters	FU2-93
When you want to prevent the parameters from being changed	FU2-94
I/O Group	
When you want to set the analog voltage or current for the frequency reference	I/O-01 ~ 10
When you want to set the operating method when the frequency reference is lost	I/O-11
When you want to change the functions for the input terminals P1, P2, and P3	I/O-12 ~ 14
When you want to check the status of the input/output terminals	I/O-15 ~ 16
When you want to change the response time of the input terminals	I/O-17
When you want to use the JOG and multi step speed operation	I/O-20 ~ 24
When you want to change the 1st ~ 7th acceleration/deceleration time	I/O-25 ~ 38
When you want to use the FM meter terminal output	I/O-40 ~ 41
When you want to set the frequency detection level	I/O-42 ~ 43
When you want to change the functions of the multi function auxiliary contact output (AXA-AXC)	I/O-44
When you want to exchange the motor to commercial power line from inverter or the opposite	I/O-44
When you want to use the fault relay (30A, 30B, 30C) functions	I/O-45
When you want to use RS232/485 communication	I/O-46 ~ 47
When you want to set the operating method when the frequency reference is lost	I/O-48 ~ 49
When you want to use the auto (sequence) operation	I/O-50 ~ 84
EXT Group (When a Sub-board and/or an option board is installed)	
When you want to define the functions for the input terminals P4, P5, P6 (SUB-A, SUB-C)	EXT-02 ~ 04
When you want to use the analog voltage (V2) input (SUB-A, SUB-C)	EXT-05 ~ 10
When you want to use the encoder pulse for feedback to control the motor speed, or use the pulse input for frequency reference (SUB-B)	EXT-14 ~ 24
When you want to change the functions of the output terminals Q1, Q2, Q3 (SUB-A, SUB-C)	EXT-30 ~ 32
When you want to use the LM meter terminal output (SUB-A, SUB-C)	EXT-34 ~ 35
When you want to use the analog outputs (AM1, AM2 terminals)	EXT-40 ~ 43

APPENDIX C- PERIPHERAL DEVICES

Inverter	Motor	MOOD ELD	Magnetic	Wire, mm ² (AWG)		AC Input	400	DO D 1	
Models	[HP]	MCCB, ELB	Contactor	R, S, T	U, V, W	Ground	Fuse	AC Reactor	DC Reactor
SV008iS5-2	1	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-12	2 (14)	2 (14)	3.5 (12)	10 A	2.13 mH, 5.7 A	7.00 mH, 5.4 A
SV015iS5-2	2	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-12	2 (14)	2 (14)	3.5 (12)	15 A	1.20 mH, 10 A	4.05 mH, 9.2 A
SV022iS5-2	3	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-18	2 (14)	2 (14)	3.5 (12)	25 A	0.88 mH, 14 A	2.92 mH, 13 A
SV037iS5-2	5	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-22	3.5 (12)	3.5 (12)	3.5 (12)	40 A	0.56 mH, 20 A	1.98 mH, 19 A
SV055iS5-2	7.5	ABS53b, EBS53	GMC-22	5.5 (10)	5.5 (10)	5.5 (10)	40 A	0.39 mH, 30 A	1.37 mH, 29 A
SV075iS5-2	10	ABS103b, EBS103	GMC-32	8 (8)	8 (8)	5.5 (10)	50 A	0.28 mH, 40 A	1.05 mH, 38 A
SV110iS5-2	15	ABS103b, EBS103	GMC-50	14 (6)	14 (6)	14 (6)	70 A	0.20 mH, 59 A	0.74 mH, 56 A
SV150iS5-2	20	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-65	22 (4)	22 (4)	14 (6)	100 A	0.15 mH, 75 A	0.57 mH, 71 A
SV185iS5-2	25	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-85	30 (3)	30 (3)	22 (4)	100 A	0.12 mH, 96 A	0.49 mH, 91 A
SV220iS5-2	30	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-100	38(2)	30 (3)	22 (4)	125 A	0.10 mH, 112 A	0.42 mH, 107 A
SV300iS5-2	40	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-150	60(2/0)	60(2/0)	22 (4)	190 A	0.07 mH, 160 A	0.34 mH, 152 A
SV370iS5-2	50	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-150	60(2/0)	60(2/0)	22 (4)	220 A	0.06 mH, 191 A	0.29 mH, 181 A
SV450iS5-2	60	ABS403b, EBS403	GMC-180	100(4/0)	100(4/0)	38 (2)	270 A	0.05 mH, 223 A	0.29 mH, 233 A
SV550iS5-2	75	ABS403b, EBS403	GMC-180	100(4/0)	100(4/0)	38 (2)	330 A	0.04 mH, 285 A	0.25 mH, 270 A
SV008iS5-4	1	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-12	2 (14)	2 (14)	2 (14)	6 A	8.63 mH, 2.8 A	28.62 mH, 2.7 A
SV015iS5-4	2	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-12	2 (14)	2 (14)	2 (14)	10 A	4.81 mH, 4.8 A	16.14 mH, 4.6 A
SV022iS5-4	3	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-22	2 (14)	2 (14)	2 (14)	10 A	3.23 mH, 7.5 A	11.66 mH, 7.1 A
SV037iS5-4	5	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-22	2 (14)	2 (14)	2 (14)	20 A	2.34 mH, 10 A	7.83 mH, 10 A
SV055iS5-4	7.5	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-22	3.5 (12)	2 (14)	3.5 (12)	20 A	1.22 mH, 15 A	5.34 mH, 14 A
SV075iS5-4	10	ABS33b, EBS33	GMC-22	3.5 (12)	3.5 (12)	3.5 (12)	30 A	1.14 mH, 20 A	4.04 mH, 19 A
SV110iS5-4	15	ABS53b, EBS53	GMC-22	5.5 (10)	5.5 (10)	8 (8)	35 A	0.81 mH, 30 A	2.76 mH, 29 A
SV150iS5-4	20	ABS103b, EBS103	GMC-25	14 (6)	8 (8)	8 (8)	45 A	0.61 mH, 38 A	2.18 mH, 36 A
SV185iS5-4	25	ABS103b, EBS103	GMC-40	14 (6)	8 (8)	14 (6)	60 A	0.45 mH, 50 A	1.79 mH, 48 A
SV220iS5-4	30	ABS103b, EBS103	GMC-50	22 (4)	14 (6)	14 (6)	70 A	0.39 mH, 58 A	1.54 mH, 55 A
SV300iS5-4	40	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-65	22 (4)	22 (4)	14 (6)	90 A	0.287mH, 80A	1.191mH, 76A
SV370iS5-4	50	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-85	22 (4)	22 (4)	14 (6)	110 A	0.232mH, 98A	0.975mH, 93A
SV450iS5-4	60	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-100	38(2)	38(2)	22 (4)	140 A	0.195mH, 118A	0.886mH, 112A
SV550iS5-4	75	ABS203b, EBS203	GMC-125	38(2)	38(2)	22 (4)	170 A	0.157mH, 142A	0.753mH, 135A
SV750iS5-4	100	ABS403a, EBS403	GMC-150	60(2/0)	60(2/0)	22 (4)	230 A	0.122mH, 196A	0.436mH, 187A

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Council Directive(s) to which conformity is declared:

CD 73/23/EEC and CD 89/336/EEC

Units are certified for compliance with:

EN50178 (1997) EN 50081-2 (1993) EN 55011 (1994) EN 50082-2 (1995) EN 61000-4-2 (1995)

ENV 50140 (1993) & ENV 50204 (1995)

EN 61000-4-4 (1995) ENV 50141 (1993) EN 61000-4-8 (1993)

Type of Equipment: Inverter (Power Conversion Equipment)

Model Name: SV - iS5 Series

Trade Mark: LG Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.

Representative: LG International (Deutschland) GmbH

Address: Lyoner Strasse 15,

Frankfurt am Main, 60528,

Germany

Manufacturer: LG Industrial Systems Co., Ltd.

Address: 181, Samsung-Ri, Mokchon-Eup,

Chonan, Chungnam, 330-845,

Korea

We, the undersigned, hereby declare that equipment specified above conforms to the Directives and Standards mentioned.

Place: Frankfurt am Main Chonan, Chungnam,

<u>Germany</u> <u>Korea</u>

Mr. Ik-Seong Yang / Dept. Manager

1. S. Yang 20/03/01

(Full name / Position)

Mr. Jin Goo Song / General Manager

2002/11/26

(Full name / Position)

TECHNICAL STANDARDS APPLIED

The standards applied in order to comply with the essential requirements of the Directives 73/23/CEE "Electrical material intended to be used with certain limits of voltage" and 89/336/CEE "Electromagnetic Compatibility" are the following ones:

• EN 50178 (1997)	"Safety of information technology equipment".
• EN 50081-2 (1993)	"Electromagnetic compatibility. Generic emission standard. Part 2: Industrial environment."
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Revisions

	Publishing date	Changeds to be made	S/W Version	Note
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3	March, 2001		1.05	
4	July, 2001		1.06	
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6	June, 2002		2.00	
7	Dec, 2002		2.01	
8	Jan, 2003	Chapter 7. DB Unit,		Models and description added.
		Appendix C		Peripheral devices added or changed.